BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Khaleeji Company)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BMK Saudi Freestyle Equity Fund Sharia Compliant (the "Fund"), managed by Bait Al Mal Khaleeji Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unit holders and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with this code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Fund Manager and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA and the Fund's terms and conditions and for such internal control as Fund manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Fund manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, i.e. the Board of Directors, are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Khaleeji Company)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Fund Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Fund Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Baker Tilly Professional Services Co. Al-Khobar – Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Bader Hatim Al Tamimi License No. 489 5 Sha'ban 14**4**6H

4 February 2025

للاستشارات المهنوة د.ت.: 1010428101 BAKER TILLY

Professional Services

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>Note</u>	2024 SR	2023 SR
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments at fair value through profit or loss Prepayments and other assets TOTAL ASSETS	4 5	112,166 6,921,677 29,812 7,063,655	923,580 6,545,484 19,983 7,489,047
LIABILITIES Accrued expenses NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	6 ₋	100,718 6,962,937	82,677 7,406,370
Units in issue (number of units)		443,080	443,080
Net assets attributable to each unit (SR)	-	15.71	16.72

BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company) STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		SR	SR
Income (Loss) / gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss	4	(242,568) 112,733	1,149,961 164,790
Dividend income	-	(129,835)	1,314,751
	•	<u> </u>	1,011,7,01
Expenses			
Fund management fees	3, 8	(129,656)	(132,500)
Custody fees		(12,000)	(11,579)
Shariah Committee fees		(26,439)	(26,779)
Board of Director fees	8	(12,000)	(12,000)
Brokerage commission		(8,083)	(314)
Others		(125,420)	(107,721)
	•	(313,598)	(290,893)
(Loss) / profit for the year	_	(443,433)	1,023,858
Other comprehensive income			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME FOR THE YEAR	:	(443,433)	1,023,858

The accompanying notes from 1 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	2024 SR	2023 SR
Net assets attributable to unit holders at 1 January	7,406,370	6,125,502
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the year	(443,433)	1,023,858
Proceeds from units issued	-	257,010
Net assets attributable to unit holders at 31 December	6,962,937	7,406,370
Movement in the number of units	2024	2023
Units at the beginning of the year	443,080	427,939
Units issued during the year	-	15,141
Units at the end of the year	443,080	443,080

The accompanying notes from 1 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements

BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	2024	2023
	SR	SR
Operating activities (Loss) / profit for the year	(443,433)	1,023,858
Adjustments for changes in operating assets and liabilities: Net change in investments at fair value through profit or loss Prepayments and other assets Accrued expenses	(376,193) (9,829) 18,041	(2,055,040) 574,158 (10,654)
Net cash used in operating activities	(811,414)	(467,678)
Financing activities Proceeds from units issued	<u>-</u>	257,010
Net cash generated from financing activities	-	257,010
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(811,414) 923,580	(210,668) 1,134,248
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	112,166	923,580

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 - THE FUND AND ITS ACTIVITIES

BMK Saudi Freestyle Equity Fund Sharia Compliant (the "Fund") is an open-ended investment Fund, established and managed by the Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company (the "Fund Manager"). The terms and conditions of the Fund were approved by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA") on 11 Jumada I 1440H (corresponding to 17 January 2019) and the Fund commenced its activities on 14 Ramadan 1440H (corresponding to 19 May 2019) pursuant to such approval and after concluding the subscription procedures.

During 2023, the Fund Manager updated the Fund's terms and conditions, however, the changes do not have any direct material effect on these financial statements. The summary of such changes in the terms and conditions is that the Fund Manager undertakes to register the Fund with Zakat, Tax, and Customs Authority ("ZATCA") within the regulatory period and submit the information and data declarations requested by the ZATCA for the purposes of examining and reviewing the declarations within the regulatory period.

The Fund's objective is to achieve long-term capital growth through investment in Saudi equities listed on the Saudi Stock Market that comply with Shariah Committee's regulations.

The Fund Manager is licensed and regulated by the CMA, through license no. 08123-37, to engage in dealing as a principle, managing mutual funds and providing consultation and safekeeping services for securities business.

The Fund is governed by Investment Fund Regulations ("the Regulations") published by CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006), thereafter amended on 16 Sha'ban1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016), detailing requirements of all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

In dealing with the unit holders, the Fund Manager considers the Fund as an independent entity. Accordingly, the Fund prepares its own financial statements. Furthermore, unit holders are considered as owners of the assets of the Fund and distributions are made in relation to their respective ownership in the total number of outstanding units.

2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 31 December 2024 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (IFRS) and the fund's terms and condition. Details of the Fund's material accounting policies are disclosed in note 2.2.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments at fair value through profit or loss that have been measured at fair value. The Funds' financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals (SR), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

Going concern

The Fund Manager has made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

2.2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with a maturity ofthree months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. As at 31 December 2024, cash and cash equivalent consist of bank balances only.

Cash and cash equivalents are subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Revenue recognition

Dividends

Dividend revenue from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized on the date when the Fund's right to receive the payment is established. Refer to the accounting policy of the financial assets through profit or loss.

Fair value measurement

The Fund measures its investments in equity instruments at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This is described, as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Net assets value per unit

The net assets value (NAV) per unit as disclosed on the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units outstanding at the year end.

Taxation / Zakat

Zakat and income tax are the unit holders obligations and are not provided for in these financial statements.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Expenses

All expenses are recognized on an accrual basis, and all expenses are classified as general and administrative expenses.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of assets not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as described below:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing them in the near term. The Fund designated its holding in a local quoted securities portfolio as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such investments are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value presented in the statement of profit or loss. Equity investments designated at fair value through profit or loss are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Derecognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Fund continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Fund could be required to repay.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, which is the date on which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Fund shall recognise a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated.

A financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition issue.

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset with the net amount reported in the statement of financial position only if there is a current enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and an intent to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Redeemable units

The Fund is open for subscriptions/ redemptions of units on every Monday and Wednesday. The net assets value of the Fund is determined every Monday and Wednesday (each a "Valuation Day"). The net asset value of the Fund for the purpose of purchase or sale of units is determined by dividing the value of net assets (fair value of Fund assets minus Fund liabilities) by the total number of outstanding units on the relevant Valuation Day.

2.3 USE OF JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements requires Fund manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next accounting period. The Fund based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Fund. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

2.4 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRSs)

New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the financial statements

The following new and amended IFRSs, which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024, have been adopted in these financial statements. The application of these revised IFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 - Supplier finance arrangements. These amendments require disclosures to enhance the transparency and their effects on an entity's liabilities, cashflows and exposure to liquidity risk.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRSs) (Continued)

New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the financial statements (continued)

- Amendments to IFRS 16 Leases on sale and leaseback. These amendments require sale and leaseback transactions to explain how an entity accounts for sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. Where some or all the lease payments are variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are most likely to be impacted.
- Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current liabilities with convenants and classification of liabilities as current
 or non-current amendments. These amendments clarify how conditions must comply with twelve
 months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. The amendments also aim to
 improve information an entity provides related to liabilities subject to these conditions.

New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted

The Fund has not yet early applied the following new standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective:

New and revised IFRSs	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures relating to the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from an investor to its associate or joint venture.	Effective date deferred indefinitely
Amendments to IAS 21 The Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates regarding the lack of exchangeability.	1 January 2025
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments, Financial Instruments; Disclosures regarding the amendment addresses the matters identified during the post-implementation review of the classification, measurement and certain disclosures requirements.	1 January 2026
IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability; New standard that addresses the disclosures required for subsidiaries that do not have public accountability.	1 January 2027
IFRS 18 Presentation and disclosures in Financial Statements; New standard on presentation and disclosure in financial statements, with a focus on updates to the statement of profit or loss.	1 January 2027

Management anticipates that these new standards, interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Fund's financial statements for the period of initial application and adoption of these new standards, interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

3 - MANAGEMENT FEE AND OTHER EXPENSES

The Fund is managed and administered by the Fund Manager. For these services, the Fund accrues a management fee, as set out in the Fund's terms and conditions, at an annual rate of 1.9% of the Funds net assets calculated on a daily basis.

The Fund is responsible for all expenses, fees, other costs and liabilities incurred in managing and operating the Fund. Such expenses include, but are not limited to, audit, remuneration of the Fund's Board, administration, dealing costs, custody, government and other professional fees.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

4 - INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

These investments at fair value through profit or loss represents investment in equity securities listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange ("Tadawui").

The investment portfolio is allocated among the various economic sectors, the fair values of these investments are as follows:

Sector	2024		2023	
	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>%</u>
	SR		SR	
Materials	1,760,689	25.44	1,809,445	27.64
Financials	1,301,905	18.81	-	-
Energy	981,750	14.18	1,350,179	20.63
Health Care Equipment				
and Services	975,615	14.10	366,615	5.60
Insurance	716,400	10.35	-	-
Utilities	383,600	5.54	1,054,037	16.10
Telecommunication				
Services	320,100	4.62	-	-
Consumer Staples	261,055	3.77	312,759	4.78
Commercial and				
Professional Services	220,563	3.19	-	-
Consumer Discretionary				
Distribution and Retail	-	-	342,356	5.23
Food and Beverages	-	-	726,533	11.10
Software and Services	-	-	583,560	8.92
Total	6,921,677	100	6,545,484	100
1 January Addition Disposal Change in fair value 31 December			6,545,484 5,771,306 (5,152,545) (242,568) 6,921,677	4,490,444 1,368,773 (463,694) 1,149,961 6,545,484
- PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER AS:	SETS	=	5,022,027	
			2024	2023
		•		SR
Prepaid expenses			20,212	19,983
Other receivables			9,600	-
			29,812	19,983
		•		
- ACCRUED EXPENSES				2022
		-	<u> 2024</u> _	2023 SR
A			<i>SR</i>	
Accrued management fees (note 8)			18,323	40,339
Others			82,395	42,338
			100,718	82,677

BMK SAUDI FREESTYLE EQUITY FUND SHARIA COMPLIANT (Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

FAIR VALUES

Fair value measurements of financial instruments 7.1

including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets, other than cash and cash equivalents, and financial liabilities, fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

				2024			
		Carrying amount			Fair value	ılne	
	Fair value	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets							
Investments at FVTPL	6,921,677	•	6,921,677	6,921,677		•	6,921,677
Other receivables		20,212	20,212	•	•		•
Cash and cash equivalents	•	112,166	112,166		1	ı	ı
	6,921,677	132,378	7,054,055	6,921,677		E	6,921,677
Financial liabilities		!	,				
Accrued expenses		100,718	100,718			t	1
				2023			
		Carrying amount			Fair value	lue	
	Fair value	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	SS	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets				1			1 1
Investments at FVTPL	6,545,484	ı	6,545,484	6,545,484	•	•	6,545,484
Cash and cash equivalents		923,580	923,580		•	•	1
•	6,545,484	923,580	7,469,064	6,545,484			6,545,484
Financial liabilities Accrued expenses	1	82,677	82,677	ı		ı	1

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

8 - RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Related parties of the Fund include "Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company" being the Fund Manager and other funds managed by the same Fund Manager.

In the ordinary course of its activities, the Fund transacts business with related parties. The related parties transactions are governed by limits set by the regulations issued by the CMA. All related party transactions are approved by the Fund's Board of Directors.

The following table provides the significant transactions and the related approximate amounts that have been entered into with related parties during the year and their related accruals as at:

		Transactions for	or the year	Balanc	es
Related party	Nature of transaction	2024	2023	2024	2023
		SR	SR	SR	SR
Fund Manager	Management fee	129,656	132,500	18,323	40,339
Fund Board	Board of				
runu poaru	directors fees	12,000	12,000	30,000	18,000
				48,323	58,339

As at 31 December 2024 the Elite House GCC Equity Fund (managed by same Fund Manager) holds 283,318 units in this Fund (31 December 2023: 283,318 units).

Basis and term of payment for fee payable to related parties as per terms and conditions of the Fund approved by CMA are as follows:

Type of fee	Basis and rate	Basis for calculation
Management fees	1.9 % of net asset value.	Annually, calculated on a daily basis.
Board of Directors remunerations	SR 3,000 per meeting only payable to the independent members, maximum up to SR 12.000 per annum.	•

9 - VALUATION DAY

The Fund's units are valued at every Monday and Wednesday and unit price is announced on the following business day. The last valuation day for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements was 31 December 2024.

10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: commission rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and equity price risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below:

Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to the changes in the market commission rates. The Fund is not subject to commission rate risk.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to discharge an obligation and will cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Fund seeks to manage its credit risk with respect to the banks by only dealing with reputable banks having sound credit ratings.

	2024	2023
	SR	SR
Cash and cash equivalents	112,166	923,580
Other receivables	20,212	19,983
	132,378	943,563

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on Monday and Wednesday, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions on these days. The Fund's financial liabilities primarily consist of payables which are expected to be settled within one month from the statement of financial position date.

The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions or liquidation of the investment portfolio.

The expected maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Fund is less than 12 months.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted amounts at the reporting period:

		31 Decemb		
	Carrying	Less than 1	1 year to 5	More than 5
	amount	year	years	years
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial Liabilities				
Accrued expenses	100,718	100,718	-	L
				-
		31 Decemb	er 2023	
	Carrying	Less than 1	1 year to 5	More than 5
	amount	year	years	years
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial Liabilities				
Accrued expenses	82,677	82,677		-

Market risk

Market price risk is the risk that value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, and will affect the Fund's profit or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

(Managed by Bait Al Mal Al Khaleeji Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Equity price risk

The Fund listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about its future values of the investment securities. The Fund manages the equity price risk through diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments sectors (refer note 4). The exposure to equity securities and its impact on equity is detailed in the table below with a % change in equity prices:

	31 December - 2024	Sensitivity Gain/loss	
Markets			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	SR	SR	%
Saudi Arabia	6,921,677	+ -69,217	+ - 1%
	31 December	Sensitivity	
Markets	2023	Gain/loss	
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	SR	SR	%
Saudi Arabia	6,545,484	+ -65,455	+ - 1%

11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no significant events between the end of the reporting period and the date when financial statements are approved which require adjustments or disclosure in these financial statements.

12 - APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by the Fund Manager on 4 February 2025.