

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
TOGETHER WITH THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Unitholders
Al Rajhi Freestyle Saudi Equity Fund
(An Open-Ended Mutual Fund)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Al Rajhi Freestyle Saudi Equity Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in (net assets) equity attributable to the Unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA") (collectively referred to as "IFRSs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Code"), that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with that code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 31 December 2024 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those statements on 26 Ramadan 1446H (corresponding to 26 March 2025).

Other Information

The Management is responsible for the other information. The other information consists of the information included in the Fund's 2025 Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Unitholders
Al Rajhi Freestyle Saudi Equity Fund (continued)**

Other Information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Fund's Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, in accordance with IFRSs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the SOCPA, and to comply with the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA"), the Fund's Terms and Conditions, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal controls.

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Unitholders
Al Rajhi Freestyle Saudi Equity Fund (continued)**

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, then we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Deloitte and Touche & Co.
Chartered Accountants



Mazen A. Al-Omari
Certified Public Accountant
License number 480



(12 Shawwal 1447H)
(31 March 2026)

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

	Notes	<u>31 December 2025</u>	<u>31 December 2024</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	31,868,102	167,647,613
Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	6	2,822,244,009	2,651,950,169
Advance against allotment of shares	7	-	31,112,754
Total assets		<u>2,854,112,111</u>	<u>2,850,710,536</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Payable to custodian	8	-	9,125,782
Management fee payable	9, 12	15,573,931	4,597,559
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption		324,204	3,803,517
Accrued expenses	10	3,107,063	1,242,524
Total liabilities		<u>19,005,198</u>	<u>18,769,382</u>
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders		<u>2,835,106,913</u>	<u>2,831,941,154</u>
Units in issue (numbers)		<u>173,452,906</u>	<u>150,457,711</u>
Net assets value attributable to each unit (ﷲ) – IFRS	18	<u>16.35</u>	<u>18.82</u>
Net assets value attributable to each unit (ﷲ) - Dealing	18	<u>16.35</u>	<u>18.82</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

	Notes	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
<u>INCOME</u>			
Net unrealized (loss)/gain on investments at FVTPL	6.2	(368,553,426)	127,064,930
Net realized (loss)/gain on investments at FVTPL		(85,080,295)	154,152,182
Dividend income		56,120,672	19,801,885
Special commission income		5,437,523	1,127,644
Foreign exchange loss		(466,364)	(626,810)
Other Income		19,355	-
		<u>(392,522,535)</u>	<u>301,519,831</u>
<u>EXPENSES</u>			
Management fee	9, 12	(63,876,594)	(29,850,958)
Purification charges	10.1	(2,708,375)	(1,366,603)
Other expenses	11	(1,343,278)	(686,067)
Total expenses		<u>(67,928,247)</u>	<u>(31,903,628)</u>
Net (loss)/income for the year		(460,450,782)	269,616,203
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		<u>(460,450,782)</u>	<u>269,616,203</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

	<u>31 December 2025</u>	<u>31 December 2024</u>
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at beginning of the year	2,831,941,154	554,345,986
Net (loss)/income for the year	(460,450,782)	269,616,203
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	(460,450,782)	269,616,203
Proceeds from issuance of units during the year	1,131,199,498	2,260,450,505
Payments on redemption of units during the year	(667,582,957)	(252,471,540)
Net contribution by the Unitholders	463,616,541	2,007,978,965
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at end of the year	<u>2,835,106,913</u>	<u>2,831,941,154</u>

Unit transactions (numbers)

Transactions in units for the year are summarised as follows:

	<u>31 December 2025</u>	<u>31 December 2024</u>
	(In units)	(In units)
Units in issuance at beginning of the year	150,457,711	38,776,670
Issuance of units during the year	61,156,906	126,070,792
Redemption of units during the year	(38,161,711)	(14,389,751)
Net increase in units	22,995,195	111,681,041
Units in issuance at end of the year	<u>173,452,906</u>	<u>150,457,711</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

	Notes	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net (loss)/income for the year		(460,450,782)	269,616,203
Adjustments for:			
Net unrealised loss/(gain) from investments measured at FVTPL	6.2	368,553,426	(127,064,930)
Net realised loss/(gain) from investments measured at FVTPL		85,080,295	(154,152,182)
Dividend income		(56,120,672)	(19,801,885)
Special commission income		(5,437,523)	(1,127,644)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Purchase of investments		(27,813,073,777)	(7,879,053,334)
Proceeds from sale of investments		27,189,146,217	6,078,869,874
Decrease in advance against allotment of shares		31,112,754	(31,112,754)
Decrease in payable to custodian		(9,125,782)	(7,120,842)
Increase in management fee payable		10,976,372	597,331
(Decrease)/ increase in payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption		(3,479,313)	3,692,905
Increase in accrued expenses		1,864,539	924,019
Cash used in operations		(660,954,246)	(1,865,733,239)
Dividend received		56,120,672	20,116,821
Special commission received		5,437,523	1,127,644
Net cash used in operating activities		(599,396,051)	(1,844,488,774)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of units		1,131,199,498	2,260,450,505
Payments on redemption of units		(667,582,958)	(252,471,540)
Net cash generated from financing activities		463,616,540	2,007,978,965
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		(135,779,511)	163,490,191
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	5	167,647,613	4,157,422
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5	31,868,102	167,647,613

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
(AN OPEN-ENDED MUTUAL FUND)
MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

1. LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Al Rajhi Freestyle Saudi Equity Fund, (the "Fund") is an open-ended investment fund created by an agreement between Al Rajhi Capital Company (the "Fund Manager"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Al Rajhi Banking and Investment Corporation (the "Bank") and investors (the "Unitholders") in the Fund. The address of the Fund Manager is as follows:

Al Rajhi Capital, Head Office
8467 King Fahad Road, Al Muruj District
P.O. Box 2743
Riyadh 11263
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The Fund is an open-ended public investment fund which aims to achieve high capital growth over the medium to long term by actively managing a concentrated portfolio of selected stocks listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange, IPOs, rights issue and Real Estate Investment Trusts REITs in accordance with the Funds Shariah guidelines.

The Fund was established on 19 Dhul Hijjah 1442H (corresponding to 29 July 2021) as per notification to the Capital Market Authority (CMA) and commenced its operations on 08 Safar 1443H (corresponding to 15 September 2021).

The Fund Manager is responsible for the overall management of the Fund's activities. The Fund Manager can also enter into arrangements with other institutions for the provision of investment, custody or other administrative services on behalf of the Fund.

The Fund has appointed Al Bilad Investment Company (the "Custodian") to act as its custodian.

2. REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") published by Capital Market Authority ("CMA") on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427 H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) thereafter amended (the "Amended Regulations") on 16 Sha'ban 1437 H (corresponding to 23 May 2016). The Regulation was again amended (the "Amended Regulations") on 17 Rajab 1442 H (corresponding to 1 March 2021), detailing requirements for all Funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Regulation was further amended through Resolution of the Board of the Capital Market Authority Number 1-54-2025 Dated 23/11/1446H (Corresponding to 21 May 2025). These amended regulations were effective from 09 July 2025.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA, and to comply with the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA") and the Fund's Terms and Conditions.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

3.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis (except for investments measured at FVTPL which are stated at their fair value) using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Fund Manager has made an assessment of the Fund’s ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the Fund Manager is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Fund’s ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and non-current assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in order of their liquidity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyal (“ﷲ”), which is also the functional currency of the Fund. All financial information presented has been rounded to the nearest ﷲ.

3.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. It also requires the Fund Manager to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund’s accounting policies. Such judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including obtaining professional advice and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

3.5 New standards and regulations

Amendments to existing standards

The following new standards, amendments and revisions to existing standards, which were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) have been effective from 1 January 2025 and accordingly adopted by the Fund, as applicable:

Standard, interpretation, amendments	Description	Effective Date
Amendment to IAS 21 – Lack of exchangeability	IASB amended IAS 21 to add requirements to help in determining whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency, and the spot exchange rate to use when it is not exchangeable. Amendment set out a framework under which the spot exchange rate at the measurement date could be determined using an observable exchange rate without adjustment or another estimation technique.	1 January 2025

The adoption of the new and amended standards and interpretations applicable to the Fund did not have any significant impact on these financial statements.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

New standards not yet effective

Standard, interpretation, amendments	Description	Effective Date
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Partial gain or loss recognition for transactions between an investor and its associate or joint venture only apply to the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that do not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations and the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution to an associate or a joint venture of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 is recognized in full.	Effective date deferred indefinitely
Amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures	Under the amendments, certain financial assets including those with ESG-linked features could now meet the SPPI criterion, provided that their cash flows are not significantly different from an identical financial asset without such a feature. The IASB has amended IFRS 9 to clarify when a financial asset or a financial liability is recognized and derecognized and to provide an exception for certain financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system.	1 January 2026
Contracts referencing Nature dependent Electricity Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity amends IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to more faithfully reflect the effects of contracts referencing nature-dependent electricity on an entity's financial statements.	1 January 2026
Annual improvements to IFRS – Volume 11	Annual improvements are limited to changes that either clarify the wording in an Accounting Standard or correct relatively minor unintended consequences, oversights or conflicts between the requirements in the Accounting Standards. The 2024 amendments are to the following standards: IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards; IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and its accompanying Guidance on implementing IFRS 7; IFRS 9 Financial Instruments; IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements; and IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.	1 January 2026
IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	IFRS 18 provides guidance on items in statement of profit or loss classified into five categories: operating; investing; financing; income taxes and discontinued operations It defines a subset of measures related to an entity's financial performance as 'management-defined performance measures' ('MPMs'). The totals, subtotals and line items presented in the primary financial statements and items disclosed in the notes need to be described in a way that represents the characteristics of the item. It requires foreign exchange differences to be classified in the same category as the income and expenses from the items that resulted in the foreign exchange differences.	1 January 2027
IFRS 19, Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	IFRS 19 allows eligible subsidiaries to apply IFRS Accounting Standards with the reduced disclosure requirements of IFRS 19. A subsidiary may choose to apply the new standard in its consolidated, separate or individual financial statements provided that, at the reporting date it does not have public accountability and its parent produces consolidated financial statements under IFRS Accounting Standards.	1 January 2027

The Fund Manager anticipates that the application of these new standards and amendments in the future will not have any significant impact on the amounts reported.

**AL RAJHI FREESTYLE SAUDI EQUITY FUND
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MANAGED BY AL RAJHI CAPITAL COMPANY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025
(AMOUNTS IN ﷲ)**

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the material accounting policies applied by the Fund in preparing its financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits with banks, cash held with broker in trading account and with custodian in investment account.

B. Financial assets and liabilities

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at Fair value through Profit and loss ("FVTPL") are initially recognised at trade date, which is the date on which the Fund becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date on which they are originated.

Financial assets at FVTPL are initially recognised at fair value, with transaction costs recognised in profit or loss. Financial assets not at FVTPL are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue.

Classification of financial assets

On initial recognition, the Fund classifies financial assets as measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or FVTPL.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt instrument is measured at FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in FVOCI. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

As at 31 December 2025, the Fund's financial assets are cash and cash equivalent, investments measured at FVTPL.

Business model assessment

The Fund makes an assessment of the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed, and the information is provided to the Fund Manager.

Financial assets that are held for trading or managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL because neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Profit' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit, the Fund considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition.

Reclassification

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Fund changes its business model for managing the financial assets.

Classification of financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

Derecognition

The Fund derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.

Transactions in which the Fund transfers assets recognized on its statement of financial position but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets or portion of them, the transferred assets are not derecognized. Transfer of assets with retention of all or substantially all of the risk and rewards include sale and repurchase transactions.

Transactions in which the Fund neither retains nor transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset and it retains control over the asset, the Fund continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are either discharged or cancelled or expired.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Fund's trading activity.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an on-going basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market at a mid price, because this price provides a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Fund uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The Fund recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above. Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed are discussed in Note 13.

C. Subscription and redemption on units

Units subscribed and redeemed are recorded at net asset (equity) value per unit on the Valuation Day for which the subscription request and redemption applications are received.

Redeemable units

Redeemable units are as equity instruments as they meet certain criteria. Those criteria include:

- the redeemable units must entitle the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets;
- the redeemable units must be the most subordinated class and class features must be identical;
- there must be no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the issuer to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the redeemable units over its life must be based substantially on the profit or loss of the issuer.

No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Net assets value per unit

The net asset value per unit as disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units outstanding at year end.

E. Revenue recognition

Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude profit and dividend income.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of the prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments, which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

Special commission income

Special commission income including special commission income from non-derivative financial assets measured at amortised cost, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, using the effective profit method. The effective profit rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of financial instrument (or, when appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial instrument on initial recognition. When calculating the effective profit rate, the Fund estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the date on which the right to receive the payment for dividend is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. For unquoted equity securities, this is usually the date on which the shareholders approve the payment of a dividend. Dividend income from equity securities designated as at FVTPL is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in a separate line item.

F. Fee and other expenses

Management fee

Management fee is calculated at rate mentioned in terms and conditions of the Fund and is payable in arrears.

Other expenses

Other expenses are charged at rates/ amounts within the limits mentioned in terms and conditions of the Fund.

G. Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into ﷲ at the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in profit or loss. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into ﷲ at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Foreign currency (continued)

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as net foreign exchange losses, except for those arising on financial instruments at FVTPL, which are recognised as a component of net gain from financial instruments at FVTPL.

H. Provisions

Provisions are recognized whenever there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

I. Zakat

The Minister of Finance via Ministerial Resolution No. (29791) dated 9 Jumada-al-Awwal 1444 H (corresponding to 3 December 2022) approved the Zakat Rules for Investment Fund permitted by the CMA.

The Rules require the Investment Funds to register with Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority (ZATCA) and submit a zakat information declaration to ZATCA within 120 days from the end of their fiscal year, including audited financial statements, records of related party transactions and any other data requested by ZATCA. Under the Rules, Investment Funds are not subject to Zakat provided they do not engage in unstipulated economic or investment activities as per their CMA approved Terms and Conditions. Zakat collection will be applied on the Fund's Unitholders.

During the current year, the Fund Manager will be submitting zakat information declaration in due course.

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5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of bank balances with Al Rajhi Banking and Investment Corporation (the "Bank"), the parent entity of the Fund Manager. In addition, these balances also comprise of cash placed with Al Bilad Investment Company (the "Custodian") for buying and selling of investment securities.

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
<u>Cash with bank – current account</u>		
Saudi Riyal (ﷲ)	30,260,640	52,498,351
Short-term Murabaha placements	-	115,015,653
<u>Cash with custodian</u>		
Bahrain Dinar (BHD)	1,600,518	133,609
Arab Emirates Dirham (AED)	6,944	-
Total	<u>31,868,102</u>	<u>167,647,613</u>

6. INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL")

Investments at fair value through profit or loss consist of following:

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Equity securities (6.1)	2,822,242,178	2,651,950,169
Units of mutual funds (6.3)	1,831	-
	<u>2,822,244,009</u>	<u>2,651,950,169</u>

6.1. The composition of the Fund's sector-wise investment in equity securities is as follows:

	31 December 2025			Unrealised gain /(loss) (ﷲ)
	Cost (ﷲ)	Fair value (ﷲ)	% of Fair value	
<u>Investments (by sector)</u>				
Financials	977,512,090	879,812,681	31.17	(97,699,409)
Energy	373,672,551	431,514,421	15.29	57,841,870
Utilities	408,538,790	346,544,123	12.28	(61,994,667)
Materials	312,966,555	281,019,890	9.96	(31,946,665)
Industrials	277,035,209	250,919,121	8.89	(26,116,088)
Telecommunication Services	184,436,873	207,251,527	7.34	22,814,655
Information Technology	209,194,818	190,008,707	6.73	(19,186,111)
Consumer Discretionary	156,411,339	142,645,115	5.05	(13,766,224)
Real Estate	86,020,518	92,528,424	3.29	6,507,905
Total	<u>2,985,788,743</u>	<u>2,822,244,009</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>(163,544,734)</u>

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6. INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (“FVTPL”) (CONTINUED)

	31 December 2024			
	Cost (ﷲ)	Fair value (ﷲ)	% of Fair Value	Unrealised gain / (loss) (ﷲ)
<u>Investments (by sector)</u>				
Financial	799,804,965	876,355,659	33.05	76,550,694
Material	354,594,771	345,689,177	13.04	(8,905,594)
Industrial	269,140,170	293,374,524	11.06	24,234,354
Real Estate	266,189,125	283,686,952	10.70	17,497,827
Information Technology	129,124,155	203,591,281	7.68	74,467,126
Utilities	160,880,933	174,336,800	6.57	13,455,867
Consumer Discretionary	138,221,069	149,252,926	5.63	11,031,857
Energy	145,615,586	138,160,389	5.21	(7,455,197)
Telecommunication Service	79,891,313	83,659,003	3.15	3,767,690
Health Care	53,253,106	52,483,870	1.98	(769,236)
Capital goods	50,226,284	51,359,588	1.93	1,133,304
Total	2,446,941,477	2,651,950,169	100.00	205,008,692

The above equity investments are listed on the leading stock exchanges around the world. The Fund Manager seeks to limit risk of the Fund by monitoring exposures in each investment sector and individual securities.

6.2. Movement of unrealized gain / (loss) on re-measurement of investment at FVTPL:

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Fair value as at 31 December	2,822,244,009	2,651,950,169
Cost as at 31 December	(2,985,788,743)	(2,446,941,477)
Unrealized (loss)/ gain as at 31 December	(163,544,734)	205,008,692
Unrealized gain as at 1 January	(205,008,692)	(77,943,762)
Unrealized (loss)/ gain for the year	(368,553,426)	127,064,930

6.3. Detail of investment in mutual funds is as follows:

	31 December 2025			
	Cost (ﷲ)	Fair value (ﷲ)	% of Fair Value	Unrealised gain (ﷲ)
<u>Fund name</u>				
Al Rajhi Awaheed Fund*	1,775	1,831	100.00	56
Total	1,775	1,831	100.00	56

*A fund managed by fund manager

7. ADVANCE AGAINST ALLOTMENT OF SECURITIES

This represents investment in IPO subscription of companies engaged in health care equipment and consumer discretionary distribution sector within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The shares were allotted to subscribers on 07 January 2025 and 08 January 2025 respectively.

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8. PAYABLE TO CUSTODIAN

This represents balance against unsettled cash transactions that are expected to be settled within a standard settlement period, typically within two business days (T+2). This temporary balance arises due to a timing difference between trade execution and trade settlement dates. This was cleared in January 2025.

9. MANAGEMENT FEE

The Fund pays management fee calculated at an annual rate of 1.75 % per annum of the Fund's net assets value at each valuation date along with VAT charges at 15% of the transaction. The fee is intended to compensate the Fund Manager for administration of the Fund.

10. ACCRUED EXPENSES

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Purification fee (note 10.1)	2,856,715	1,009,710
Custody fee	50,002	61,708
Eadaa fee	59,556	31,866
Benchmark fees	30,475	30,475
Fund Board fee	30,000	30,000
Professional fee	28,750	20,700
Zakat advisory fee	16,100	16,100
Others	35,465	41,965
	<u>3,107,063</u>	<u>1,242,524</u>

10.1 PURIFICATION CHARGES

These represent charges incurred in respect of purification of the income generated from the investee companies in order to achieve a Sharia compliant return. These charges are calculated based on the Fund's Sharia Board approved formula and paid to charities recommended by the Fund's Sharia Board through the Fund Manager. The movement in purification fee are as following:

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
At the beginning of the year	1,009,710	142,903
Charge for the year	2,708,375	1,366,603
Payments made during the year	(861,370)	(499,796)
At the end of the year	<u>2,856,715</u>	<u>1,009,710</u>

11. OTHER EXPENSES

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Custody fee	718,785	330,303
Eadaa fee	336,329	142,000
Transaction fee	158,552	106,429
Professional fee	37,375	34,500
Benchmark fee	30,474	30,475
Zakat advisory fee	18,513	16,100
Others	43,250	26,260
	<u>1,343,278</u>	<u>686,067</u>

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12. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties of the Fund include the Bank, the Fund Manager, the Fund Board and other funds managed by the Fund Manager. In the ordinary course of its activities, the Fund transacts business with the related parties.

In addition to transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, transactions with related parties for the years ended 31 December and related balances as at 31 December are as follows:

Related party	Nature of transaction/ balance	Transactions for the year ended 31 December		Balance as at 31 December	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
Al Rajhi Capital Company – The Fund Manager	Management fee	63,876,594	29,850,958	15,573,931	4,597,559
The Fund Board	Fund Board fee	30,000	14,612	30,000	30,000

Units of the Fund held with other funds managed by the Fund manager:

Funds	Subscriptions during the year		Redemptions during the year		Balance as at 31 December	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Al Rajhi Growth Fund	19,210,561	56,818,891	12,769,000	-	77,069,207	70,627,646
Al Rajhi Balanced Fund	1,090,024	678,587	639,416	478,979	1,212,622	762,014
Al Rajhi Ajyal Private Fund	-	57,135	28,417	28,718	-	28,417
Al Rajhi Conservative Fund	570,572	-	67,647	-	502,925	-

13. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

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13. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Valuation models

The fair values of financial instruments that are traded in active markets are based on prices obtained directly from an exchange on which the instruments are traded or obtained from a broker that provides an unadjusted quoted price from an active market for identical instruments.

For financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value is less objective and requires varying degrees of judgment depending on liquidity, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument.

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments but for which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

The Fund values equity securities that are traded on a stock exchange at their last reported prices. To the extent that equity securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, hence the Fund's investment recorded at fair value have been categorized based on fair value hierarchy Level 1.

Fair value hierarchy – Financial instruments measured at fair value

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the statement of financial position. All below fair value measurements are recurring.

	31 December 2025				
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments measured at FVTPL	2,822,244,009	2,822,242,178	1,831	-	2,822,244,009
Total	2,822,244,009	2,822,242,178	1,831	-	2,822,244,009
	31 December 2024				
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments measured at FVTPL	2,651,950,169	2,651,950,169	-	-	2,651,950,169
Total	2,651,950,169	2,651,950,169	-	-	2,651,950,169

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13. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy – Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

During the year, there were no transfer between the fair value hierarchy.

Other financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, advance against allotment of securities, dividend receivable, payable to custodian, management fee payable, payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption and accrued expenses are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts are approximate to their fair value, because of the short-term nature and high credit quality of counterparties. Cash and cash equivalents except short-term Murabaha placements are classified under level 1, while the remaining financial assets and liabilities including Murabaha placements are classified under level 3.

14. CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The table below sets out the classification of the carrying amounts of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities into categories of financial instruments:

31 December 2025	Amortized cost	FVTPL
<u>Financial assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	31,868,102	-
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	2,822,244,009
Total assets	31,868,102	2,822,244,009
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
Management fee payable	15,573,931	-
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption	324,204	-
Accrued expenses	3,107,063	-
Total liabilities	19,005,198	-
31 December 2024	Amortized cost	FVTPL
<u>Financial assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	167,647,613	-
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	2,651,950,169
Advance against allotment of securities	31,112,754	-
Total assets	198,760,367	2,651,950,169
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
Payable to custodian	9,125,782	-
Management fee payable	4,597,559	-
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption	3,803,517	-
Accrued expenses	1,242,524	-
Total liabilities	18,769,382	-

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15. MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITY

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liability according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled respectively:

	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
As at 31 December 2025			
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	31,868,102	-	31,868,102
Investments measured at FVTPL	2,822,244,009	-	2,822,244,009
TOTAL ASSETS	2,854,112,111	-	2,854,112,111

	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
LIABILITIES			
Payable to custodian	-	-	-
Management fee payable	15,573,931	-	15,573,931
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption	324,204	-	324,204
Accrued expenses	3,107,063	-	3,107,063
TOTAL LIABILITIES	19,005,198	-	19,005,198

	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
As at 31 December 2024			
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	167,647,613	-	167,647,613
Investments measured at FVTPL	2,651,950,169	-	2,651,950,169
Advance against allotment of securities	31,112,754	-	31,112,754
TOTAL ASSETS	2,850,710,536	-	2,850,710,536

LIABILITIES			
Payable to custodian	9,125,782	-	9,125,782
Management fee payable	4,597,559	-	4,597,559
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption	3,803,517	-	3,803,517
Accrued expenses	1,242,524	-	1,242,524
TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,769,382	-	18,769,382

16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Fund has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- credit risk;
- liquidity risk;
- market risks; and
- operational risk

This note presents information about the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Fund's management of capital.

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16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Risk management framework

The Fund maintains positions in non-derivative financial instruments in accordance with its investment management strategy. The Fund's investment portfolio comprises of equity shares of listed companies.

The Fund's investment manager has been given discretionary authority to manage the assets in line with the Fund's investment objectives. Compliance with the target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio are monitored by the Fund's Board.

In instances where the portfolio has diverged from target asset allocations, the Fund's investment manager is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the established targets, within the prescribed time limits.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are further explained below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Fund is exposed to credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents, advance against allotment of securities and dividend receivable. The Fund Manager seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring credit exposures and by dealing with only reputable counterparties

The Fund's policy over credit risk is to minimize its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties that meet the certain credit standards.

Credit risk is monitored on a regular basis by the Fund Manager to ensure it is in line with the investment guidelines of the Fund Board.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position.

	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	31,868,102	167,647,613
Advance against allotment of securities	-	31,112,754
Total exposure to credit risk	31,868,102	198,760,367

The Fund does not have a formal internal grading mechanism. Credit risk is managed and controlled by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. Credit risk are generally managed on the basis of external credit ratings of the counterparties.

Allowance for impairment

The Fund has investments in only equity securities classified as FVTPL, therefore, no impairment allowance is recorded in these financial statements related to these investments. Moreover, cash and cash equivalents, advance against allotment of securities and dividend receivable are mainly with counterparties having "A" credit rating, thus, impact of ECL is not material to the financial statements. Hence, no impairment allowance is recorded in these financial statements.

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16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in releasing funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities.

The Fund's Terms and Conditions provide for the subscriptions and redemptions of units throughout the week and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholders redemptions at any time. As at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Fund's cash and cash equivalents, investments measured at FVTPL, advance against allotment of securities and dividend receivable are considered to be short-term in nature and realisable. The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements on a regular basis and seek to ensure that funds are available to meet commitments as they arise.

The contractual maturity profile of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund is as follows:

	Within 12 months	After 12 months	No fixed maturity	Total
As at 31 December 2025				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	31,868,102	31,868,102
Investments measured at FVTPL	-	-	2,822,244,009	2,822,244,009
Total financial assets	-	-	2,854,112,111	2,854,112,111
Payable to custodian	-	-	-	-
Management fee payable	15,573,931	-	-	15,573,931
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption	324,204	-	-	324,204
Accrued expenses	3,107,063	-	-	3,107,063
Total financial liabilities	19,005,198	-	-	19,005,198
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	No fixed maturity	Total
As at 31 December 2024				
Cash and cash equivalents	115,015,653	-	52,631,960	167,647,613
Investments measured at FVTPL	-	-	2,651,950,169	2,651,950,169
Advance against allotment of securities	31,112,754	-	-	31,112,754
Total financial assets	146,128,407	-	2,704,582,129	2,850,710,536
Payable to custodian	9,125,782	-	-	9,125,782
Management fee payable	4,597,559	-	-	4,597,559
Payable to the Unitholders on account of redemption	3,803,517	-	-	3,803,517
Accrued expenses	1,242,524	-	-	1,242,524
Total financial liabilities	18,769,382	-	-	18,769,382

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign currency risk, special commission rate risk and equity price risk – will affect the Fund's income or the fair value of its holdings in financial instruments.

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16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

The Fund's strategy for the management of market risk is driven by the Fund's investment objective as per the Fund's Terms and Conditions. The Fund's market risk is managed on a timely basis by the investment manager in accordance with the policies and procedures in place. The Fund's market positions are monitored on a timely basis by the Fund Manager.

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The Fund is susceptible to equity price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices. The Fund Manager manages this risk through diversification of its investment portfolio in terms of geographical distribution.

The table below sets out the effect on net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders of a reasonably possible weakening / strengthening in the individual equity market prices of 5% at reporting date. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular commission, remain constant.

	31 December 2025		31 December 2024	
<i>Effect on net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders</i>	+4.98%	141,112,109	+ 4.68%	132,597,508
	-4.98%	(141,112,109)	- 4.68%	(132,597,508)

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the change in foreign exchange rates. The Fund views the ﷲ as its functional currency. The Fund is subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates of its underlying trading investments in the normal course of its business.

The table below indicates the Fund's foreign currency exposure as a result of its monetary assets and liabilities. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the Fund's major currency exposures against the ﷲ with all other variables held constant, on net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders.

<u>Currency</u>	Increase / decrease in currency rate	Effect on net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders	
		2025	2024
		ﷲ	ﷲ
Bahrain Dinar (BHD)	5%	80,026	2,574,660
Arab Emirates Dirham (AED)	5%	347	-

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities with financial instruments, either internally within the Fund or externally at the Fund's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behavior.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to the Unitholders.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Operational risk (continued)

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of control over operational risks rests with the Risk Management team of the Fund Manager. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standard for the management of operational risk, which encompasses the controls and processes at the service providers and the establishment of service levels with the service providers, in the following areas:

- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for:
 - appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
 - reconciliation and monitoring of transactions; and
 - periodic assessment of operational risks faced
- the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- development of contingency plans;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards; and
- risk mitigation, including insurance if this is effective

17. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER REPORTING DATE

There are no events subsequent to the reporting date which require adjustments of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.

18. LAST VALUATION DAY

The Capital Market Authority (CMA), through its circular dated 10 Rabi Al Thani 1439H (corresponding to 28 December 2017), has approved the Dual NAV approach for investment funds. In accordance with the circular, IFRS 9 will be applied for accounting and reporting purposes and dealing NAV will remain unaffected until further notice.

The last valuation day of the year was 31 December 2025 and in lieu of the above circular from CMA, the dealing net assets (equity) value on this day was ﷲ 327.82 per unit (31 December 2024: ﷲ 363.02 per unit). The IFRS net assets (equity) value per unit on 31 December 2025 was ﷲ 327.82 per unit (31 December 2024: ﷲ 363.02 per unit). Net assets (equity) per unit as per IFRS and dealing net assets (equity) value per unit remained the same.

19. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board of Directors on 16 March 2026.