

**Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Al Azem, Al Sudairy, Al Shaikh & Partners
CPA's & Consultants - Member Crowe Global

**Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**TO: THE UNITHOLDERS OF
AL-KHAIR CAPITAL MURABAHA FUND SAUDI RIYAL
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)**

Opinion:

We have audited the financial statements of **Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal** ("the fund") managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2021 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed in the kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncement issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants – "SOCPA", ("IFRSs as endorsed in KSA").

Basis of Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as endorsed in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with Professional code of conduct and ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed in the kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants – "SOCPA", and the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Board of the Capital Market Authority, the Fund's terms and conditions and Information Memorandum, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)
AL-KHAIR CAPITAL MURABAHA FUND SAUDI RIYAL
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as endorsed in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.


As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Al Azem, Al Sudairy, Al Shaikh & Partners
Certified Public Accountants



Salman B. Al Sudairy
License No. 283

25 Shaban 1443H (March 28, 2022)
Riyadh, Saudi Arabia

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2021

	<i>Notes</i>	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	807,062,735	77,053,302
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	186,901,108	119,371,582
Financial assets at amortised cost	9	1,196,098,035	65,689,982
Prepayments and other receivables		9,640,039	812,895
TOTAL ASSETS		2,199,701,917	262,927,761
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Management fees payable	13	1,299,053	62,774
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	10	230,508	64,719
Redemptions payable		880,000	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,409,561	127,493
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNIT HOLDERS		2,197,292,356	262,800,268
Units in issue		188,969,577	23,135,878
Net assets value attributable to each unit		11.6278	11.3590

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
<u>INVESTMENT INCOME</u>			
Income from financial asset at amortised costs (murabaha placements)		27,820,069	1,159,519
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11	1,603,567	341,875
		29,423,636	1,501,394
<u>EXPENSES</u>			
Management fees	13	(2,821,349)	(136,967)
Other expenses	12	(500,903)	(93,584)
		(3,322,252)	(230,551)
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		26,101,384	1,270,843
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		26,101,384	1,270,843

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	2021 SR	2020 SR
NET ASSETS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	262,800,268	28,116,182
CHANGES FROM OPERATIONS		
Total comprehensive income for the year	26,101,384	1,270,843
CHANGES FROM UNIT TRANSACTIONS		
Proceeds from units issued	2,833,349,234	394,791,304
Value of units redeemed	(924,958,530)	(161,378,061)
Net change from unit transactions	1,908,390,704	233,413,243
NET ASSETS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	2,197,292,356	262,800,268

UNIT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in units for the year ended 31 December are summarised as follows:

	2021 Units	2020 Units
UNITS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	23,135,878	2,537,973
Units issued	246,109,758	34,908,967
Units redeemed	(80,276,059)	(14,311,062)
Net changes in units	165,833,699	20,597,905
UNITS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	188,969,577	23,135,878

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	2021	2020
	SR	SR
<u>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>	26,101,384	1,270,843
Net income for the year		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:		
Movement in unrealised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(1,034,708)	(110,777)
	25,066,676	1,160,066
<i>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</i>		
Financial assets at amortised cost	(1,130,408,053)	(65,689,982)
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	(66,494,818)	(109,445,404)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	165,789	23,422
Management fees payable	1,236,279	45,569
Redemption payable	880,000	-
Prepayments and other receivables	(8,827,144)	(654,542)
Net used in operating activities	(1,178,381,271)	(174,560,871)
<u>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>		
Proceeds from units issued	2,833,349,234	394,791,304
Value of units redeemed	(924,958,530)	(161,378,061)
Net cash used in financing activities	1,908,390,704	233,413,243
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	730,009,433	58,852,372
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	77,053,302	18,200,930
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	807,062,735	77,053,302

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 31 December 2021

1 GENERAL

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal (the “Fund”) is an open-ended investment fund established and managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company (the “Fund Manager”) for the benefit of the Fund’s Unitholders (the “Unitholders”). The Fund commenced its operations on 27 Jumad Al Thani 1435H (corresponding to 27 April 2014). The address of the Fund Manager is as follows;

Al Khair Capital
P.O. Box. 69410
Riyadh 11547
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The objective of the Fund is to generate income and liquidity consistent with short-term money market rates and to preserve the value of the unitholders’ investment as approved by the Shari’ah Board of the Fund.

The Fund Manager is Al Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company and the Custodian of the Fund is Alinma investment. The terms and condition of the Fund has been approved by the Capital Market Authority (“CMA”) on 13 Rabi Al Awwal 1435H (corresponding to 14 January 2014) subsequently revised and approved on 16 Sha’ban 1439H (corresponding to 2 May 2018) and on 27 Sha’ban 1440H (corresponding to 2 May 2019) and on 10 Ramadan 1442H (corresponding to 22 April 2021).

2 REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the “Regulations”) issued by the CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) and effective from 6 Safar 1438H (corresponding to 6 November 2016) by the New Investment Fund Regulations (“Amended Regulations”) published by the Capital Market Authority on 16 Sha’aban 1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016), in addition to the new amendment no.2-22-2021 issued on 30 Jumada Al-Akhirah, 1442H (Corresponding to February 24, 2021), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”), as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (“SOCPA”) (collectively referred to as “IFRS as endorsed in KSA”),

Assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position are presented in the order of liquidity.

An analysis in respect of recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 15.

3.2 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are measured at fair value and financial assets measured at amortised cost.

3.3 FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals (SR) which is the fund’s functional and operational currency.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used and disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 which are explained below:

Financial instruments

Initial recognition

The Fund records a financial asset or a financial liability in the statement of financial position when, and only when, it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

At initial recognition, financial assets or financial liabilities are measured at their fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss. In the case of financial assets or financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss, its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability is the initial recognition amount.

Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets under the following categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); and
- Amortised cost.

These classifications are on the basis of the business model of the Fund for managing the financial assets, and contractual cash flow characteristics.

The Fund measures financial assets at amortised cost when it is within the business model to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in either profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Fund has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Fund classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method except for financial liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund designates a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistency or where a group of financial liabilities is managed, and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Fund's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Fund continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement. In that case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition of financial instruments (continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Fund could be required to repay.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward looking basis the Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") associated with its financial assets, carried at amortised cost, the ECL is based on a 12-month ECL and life time ECL. The 12-month ECL is the portion of lifetime ECLs that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

Redeemable Units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the Unit Holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the Unit Holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument

In addition to the redeemable shares having all of the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable shareholders

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features, or meet all the conditions set out, to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognised in net assets attributable to the Unit Holders. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions.

No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are items which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of assets and liabilities comprise balances in murabaha placements with an original maturity of less than three months and balances in bank accounts.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date on which the right to receive the payment for the dividend is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. For unquoted equity securities, this is usually the date on which the shareholders approve the payment of a dividend. Dividend income from equity securities designated as at FVTPL is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in a separate line item.

Income from short term murabaha placements

Special commission income is recognised on an effective yield basis.

Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL")

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude commission and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of the prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments, which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and can be measured reliably. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received, and the amount of the receivable can be measured.

Accrued expenses

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the suppliers or not. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Management fees

Fund management fees are recognised on an accruals basis and charged to the statement of comprehensive income. Fund management fees are charged at agreed rates with the Fund Manager and as stated in the Terms and Conditions of the Fund.

Expenses

Expenses are measured and recognized as expenses on an accruals basis in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Zakat

Zakat at the Fund level is the obligation of the Unit Holders and is not provided for in these financial statements.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Riyal at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated at the rates of exchange ruling at that date, and resulting exchange gains and losses are taken to the statement of comprehensive income.

Net assets value

The net assets value per unit as disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units outstanding at year end.

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS as endorsed in KSA requires the use of certain critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Funds' accounting policies. Such judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including obtaining professional advices and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively. Significant areas where management has used estimates, assumptions or exercised judgement are as follows:

Going concern

The Fund's management has made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

Fair value Measurement

The Fund measures its investments in financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs.

The Fund measures financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair values of those financial instruments are disclosed in note 14.

6 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

There are several standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. In the opinion of the Board, these standards will have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The Fund intends to adopt these standards, if applicable.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<i>Note</i>	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
Cash at bank		1,459,533	147,010
Cash with the custodian		1,076,969	-
Murabaha placements with less than ninety days maturity	7.1	804,526,233	76,906,292
		807,062,735	77,053,302

7.1 This comprises of murabaha placements which are carried at a interest rate ranging from 0.75% - 2.5% 31 December 2021 (0.6% – 5.0% :31 December 2020) with original maturity of less than three months.

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise of the investments in mutual funds and are measured at fair value. The fair value is determined by reference to the stock exchange quoted closing prices.

Mutual fund investments	Cost SR	Market value SR	Market value %
31 December 2021			
Alpha Murabaha Fund	18,008,780	18,094,425	10%
Falcom Fund	167,668,583	168,806,683	90%
	185,677,363	186,901,108	100%
31 December 2020			
Alinma Liquidity Fund	26,926,588	26,986,881	23%
Alpha Murabaha Fund	29,680,000	29,685,034	25%
Falcom Fund	62,575,956	62,699,667	53%
	119,182,544	119,371,582	100%

9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

This comprises of murabaha placements which are carried at a interest rate 2.3% to 5% 31 December 2021 with original maturity of more than three months.

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST-(CONTINUED)

The composition of murabaha placements by maturity as at each year end is set out below:

Remaining maturity	% of Value	Cost SR	% of Value	Cost SR
	2021	2021	2020	2020
3-6 months	82	978,577,586	100	65,689,982
6-9 months	18	217,520,449	-	-
	100	1,196,098,035	100	65,689,982

10 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
Audit fee	16,000	16,800
Board members fee (note 13)	-	5,000
Custodian fee	15,000	30,024
VAT Payable	199,508	12,895
	230,508	64,719

11 NET GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
Unrealised gain	1,034,708	110,777
Realised gain	568,859	231,098
	1,603,567	341,875

12 OTHER EXPENSES

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Audit fees	32,000	35,200
Board member fees (note 13)	10,000	10,000
Custodian fees	14,976	15,000
Regulator fees	7,500	7,500
Tadawul fees	5,750	5,250
VAT Expenses	430,248	20,595
Others	429	39
	500,903	93,584

Al-Khair Capital Murabaha Fund Saudi Riyal
(Managed by Al-Khair Capital Saudi Arabia Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

13 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Fund include the Unitholders, the Fund Manager, the Shareholder of the Fund Manager (Al-Khair capital) and other funds managed by the Fund Manager.

The Fund Manager, effective from 7 January 2015, charges the Fund on every dealing day a management fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of the Fund's net assets value. This is accrued daily and paid on a quarterly basis.

As per the terms and conditions, the Fund Manager recovers from the Fund any other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund such as audit fees, regulatory, legal, brokerage, consultation services and other similar charges. There is no subscription / redemption fee to be paid to the Fund Manager.

In the ordinary course of its activities, the Fund transacts business with its related parties. All the related party transactions are carried out based on mutually agreed prices under formal agreements, which are approved by the Fund Board.

Related party	Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transactions		Balance Debit/(Credit)	
		31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
The Fund Manager	Management fees	2,821,349	(136,967)	(1,299,053)	(62,774)
	Proceeds from subscription of units	23,430,000	-	-	-
	Payment for redemption of units	-	(12,260,000)	-	-
	Value of units held	-	-	23,431,541	-
Al- Khair Real estate Fund Company	Value of units held	-	450,032	460,652	450,032
Al-Khair Capital (Dubai) Ltd	Payment for redemption of units	(20,422,200)	-	-	-
	Value of units held	-	-	-	20,083,808
Other Funds managed by the Fund Manager	Proceeds from subscription of units	11,330,545	7,076,000	-	-
	Payment against redemption of units	(10,249,617)	(8,94,190)	-	-
	Value of units held	-	-	6,981,435	4,241,318
The Fund's Board members	Board members' fee	10,000	10,000	-	5,000

Related party transactions and year end balances are as follows:

No. of unites held by Alkhair Capital Saudi Arabia as at 31st December 2021 2,015,259 units representing 1.07% (31 December 2020: Nil) whereas 600,447 units (31 December 2020: 2,181,104 units) held by other funds managed, subsidiary and associates of the Fund Manager which represents a 0.32% (31 December 2020: 9.43%) of holding in the fund.

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14 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair values of financial instruments are not significantly different from the carrying values included in the financial statements due to the short duration of such financial instruments.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair values of financial assets, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value as the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value. During the year ended 31 December 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of level 3 fair value measurements.

SR	Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2021					
<u>Financial assets measured at fair value</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	186,901,108	186,901,108	-	-	186,901,108
Total	186,901,108	186,901,108	-	-	186,901,108
SR	Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2020					
<u>Financial assets measured at fair value</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	119,371,582	119,371,582	-	-	119,371,582
Total	119,371,582	119,371,582	-	-	119,371,582

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15 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled respectively:

As at 31 December 2021	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	807,062,735	-	807,062,735
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	186,901,108	-	186,901,108
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,196,098,035	-	1,196,098,035
Prepayments and other receivables	9,640,039	-	9,640,039
TOTAL ASSETS	2,199,701,917	-	2,199,701,917
LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable	1,299,053	-	1,299,053
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	230,508	-	230,508
Redemptions payable	880,000	-	880,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,409,561	-	2,409,561
 As at 31 December 2020	 <i>Within 12 months</i>	 <i>After 12 months</i>	 <i>Total</i>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	77,053,302	-	77,053,302
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	119,371,582	-	119,371,582
Financial assets at amortised cost	65,689,982	-	65,689,982
Prepayments and other receivables	812,895	-	812,895
TOTAL ASSETS	262,927,761	-	262,927,761
LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable	62,774	-	62,774
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	64,719	-	64,719
TOTAL LIABILITIES	127,493	-	127,493

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16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Fund does not have a formal internal grading mechanism. Credit risk is managed and controlled by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. The Fund Manager seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring credit exposure and by dealing with reputed counterparties.

The following table shows the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk for components of the statement of financial position.

	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
Cash and cash equivalents	807,062,735	77,053,302
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	186,901,108	119,371,582
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,196,098,035	65,689,982
	<u>2,190,061,878</u>	<u>262,114,866</u>

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in releasing funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for the terms of subscriptions and redemptions of units and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions. However, the Fund is allowed to borrow in order to satisfy redemptions. The Fund's securities are considered to be readily realizable as they are all listed on stock markets. The Fund Manager monitors the liquidity requirements on a regular basis and seeks to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise.

The undiscounted value of all financial liabilities of the Fund at the reporting date approximate to their carrying values and all are to be settled within one year from the reporting date.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument may fluctuate due to change in foreign exchange rates. The financial instruments of the Fund i.e. cash, investments held at amortised cost, investments at fair value through profit or loss and payables are denominated in Saudi Arabian Riyals. Accordingly, the Fund is not exposed to any currency risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in the market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, equity prices and interest rates, will affect the Company's income or cash flows. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing the return.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments or its future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The time deposit placed by the Company is a short term fixed interest rate deposit. Apart from that the Company is not subject to any interest rate risk as all other financial assets and liabilities are non-commission bearing.

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16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The Fund's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices. The Fund Manager manages this risk through diversification of its investment portfolio in terms of industry concentration.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below sets out the effect on profit or loss of a reasonably possible weakening / strengthening in the individual equity market prices of 5% at reporting date. The estimates are made on an individual investment basis. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest and foreign currency rates, remain constant.

	31 December 2021 SR	31 December 2020 SR
Strengthening of 5%	9,345,055	5,968,579
Weakening of 5%	(9,345,055)	(5,968,579)

17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No events have occurred subsequent to the reporting date and before the issuance of these financial statements which requires adjustment to, or disclosure, in these financial statements.

18 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day of the year was 30 December 2021 (2020: 31 December 2020).

19 APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by the Fund Board on 28 March 2021 (corresponding to Sha'ban 25, 1443 AH).