

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND
Open-Ended Mutual Fund
(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)
Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2023
Together with the
Independent Auditor's Report

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND
Open-Ended Mutual Fund
(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND
[MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL COMPANY]

(1 /3)

RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the AlJazira Global Emerging Markets Fund (the "Fund") managed by AlJazira capital company (the "Fund Manager") as at 31 December 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA).

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise of the following:

- The statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023;
- The statement of comprehensive income / (loss) for the year then ended;
- The statement of Changes in net assets (Equity) attributable to the unitsholders for the year then ended;
- The statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and;
- The notes to the financial statements, comprising summary of material accounting policies.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the code of professional conduct and ethics that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that are relevant to our audit of the Fund's financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA and the Fund's Term's and conditions and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND
[MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL COMPANY]

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RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures by the management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists, related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that the material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND
[MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL COMPANY]

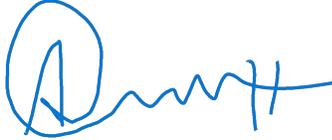
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RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

For Al-Bassam & Co.



Ahmed A. Mohandis
Certified Public Accountant
License No. 477
Riyadh: 14 Ramadan 1445 H
Corresponding to: 24 March 2024 G

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ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

	Notes	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	222,527	408,040
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	6	5,844,418	5,964,160
Dividend receivable		13,418	3,685
Prepayments and other receivables		1,804	8,290
TOTAL ASSETS		6,082,167	6,384,175
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Management fee payable	7	32,566	65,974
Redemption payable		10,084	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		139,899	110,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES		182,549	175,986
NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS		5,899,618	6,208,189
Units in issue (in numbers)	8	46,848	50,448
Net Asset (Equity) Value per unit		125.93	123.06

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

	<u>Note</u>	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
<u>Income / (loss)</u>			
Net gain / (loss) from investments carried at FVTPL	9	201,999	(3,560,011)
Dividend income		131,495	183,428
Other income		-	32,726
		<u>333,494</u>	<u>(3,343,857)</u>
<u>Expenses</u>			
Management fees	7	134,257	202,409
Custody fees		13,249	62,422
Other expenses		49,759	93,738
		<u>197,265</u>	<u>358,569</u>
Net income / (loss) for the year		136,229	(3,702,426)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		<u>136,229</u>	<u>(3,702,426)</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

	<u>31 December 2023</u>	<u>31 December 2022</u>
Net assets (Equity) attributable to the Unitholders at beginning of the year	6,208,189	21,464,563
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	136,229	(3,702,426)
Contributions and redemptions by the Unitholders		
Issuance of units	138,774	1,398,806
Redemption of units	<u>(583,574)</u>	<u>(12,952,754)</u>
Net changes from unit transactions	(444,800)	(11,553,948)
Net assets (Equity) attributable to the Unitholders at end of the year	<u>5,899,618</u>	<u>6,208,189</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

	Note	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
<u>Cash flows from operating activities:</u>			
Net income / (loss) for the year		136,229	(3,702,426)
Adjustments for:			
- Unrealized (gain) / loss from investments carried at FVTPL	9	(576,963)	3,202,840
		(440,734)	(499,586)
<u>Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:</u>			
Investments carried at FVTPL		696,705	11,847,684
Dividend receivable		(9,733)	46,281
Prepayments and other receivables		6,486	37,767
Management fee payable		(33,408)	(55,712)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		29,887	(51,347)
Net cash generated from operating activities		249,203	11,325,087
<u>Cash flows from financing activities:</u>			
Proceeds from issuance of units		138,774	1,398,806
Redemption of units, net off redemption payable *		(573,490)	(12,952,754)
Net cash used in financing activities		(434,716)	(11,553,948)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(185,513)	(228,861)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		408,040	636,901
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5	222,527	408,040

* Supplementary information

Redemption payable **10,084**

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

1 LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Aljazira Global Emerging Markets Fund (the “Fund”) is an open-ended, Saudi investment fund established and managed through an agreement between Aljazira Capital Company – a Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (the “Fund Manager”) and the investors (the “Unitholders”). The Fund Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bank Aljazira (the “Bank”). The Capital Market Authority (“CMA”) approval to continue issuing units to public was granted through its letter no 5578/5 dated 8 Safar 1432H (corresponding to 13 January 2011). The Fund commenced its operations on 01 January 2013.

The Fund operates under the terms and conditions contained in its prospectus with the prime objective of providing the investors with the opportunities to invest in Shariah compliant investments securities in emerging economies to achieve long-term capital growth. The Fund’s net income is re-invested in the Fund, which is reflected in the net assets attributable to each unit.

The Fund is administered by Northern Trust (the “Administrator”). The Fund’s assets are held in the custody of Northern Trust Securities (the “Custodian”). Lazard Asset Management Limited acts as a Fund Sub Manager to the Fund. Fee paid to the Fund Sub Manager is borne by the Fund Manager except for performance fee which is borne by the Fund and paid to Fund Manager for onward settlement.

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the “Regulations”) published by CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) thereafter amended on 16 Sha’ban 1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016). The regulation was further amended (the “Amended Regulations”) on 17 Rajab 1442H (corresponding to 1 March 2021) detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Amended Regulations have effective dates starting from 19 Ramadan 1442H (corresponding to 1 May 2021).

SUBSCRIPTION / REDEMPTION

Subscription / redemption requests are accepted on all days on which Tadawul is open. The value of the Fund’s portfolio is determined on each business day in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The net asset value of the Fund for the purpose of purchase or sale of units is determined by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the total number of outstanding Fund units.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

2.1. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (“SOCPA”).

2.2. Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments that are measured at fair value.

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and non-current assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in the order of liquidity.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

2.3. Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in United States Dollar (USD) which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into USD using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into USD using the exchange rates prevailing at date of the statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses, if any, arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss).

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to these financial statements:

A. Judgment

3.1. Going concern

The Fund's management has made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used and disclosed in the annual financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 31 December 2022. There are new standards, amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2023, but do not have an impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

There are several other amendments and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. In the opinion of the Fund's Board, these will have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The Fund intends to adopt those amendments and interpretations, if applicable.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments (continued)

4.1.1 New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations

Amendments

A number of new amendments to standards, enlisted below, are effective this year but they do not have a material effect on the Fund's financial statements, except for where referenced below.

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023	This is comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, IFRS 17 (along with its subsequent amendments) will replace IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (IFRS 4) that was issued in 2005.
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023	The amendment has clarified what is meant by a right to defer settlement, that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period, that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right and that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument the terms of a liability would not impact its classification.
IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of accounting policies	1 January 2023	This amendment deals with assisting entities to decide which accounting policies to disclose in their financial statements
IAS 8	Amendment to definition of accounting estimate	1 January 2023	This amendments regarding the definition of accounting estimates to help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates.
IAS 12	Income taxes	1 January 2023	This amendment deals with clarification regarding accounting of deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1 New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations (continued)

4.1.2 New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IAS 1	Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 1, 2024	The amendment has clarified what is meant by a right to defer settlement, that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period, that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right, and that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument the terms of liability would not impact its classification..
IFRS 16	Leases on sale and leaseback	January 1, 2024	These amendments include requirements for sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16 to explain how an entity accounts for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. Sale and leaseback transactions where some or all the lease payments are variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are most likely to be impacted.
IAS 7 and IFRS 7	Supplier finance arrangements	January 1, 2024	These amendments require to add disclosure requirements to enhance transparency of supplier finance arrangements, and ‘signposts’ within existing disclosure requirements, that ask entities to provide qualitative and quantitative information about supplier finance arrangements.
IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Deferred indefinitely	The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses result from the loss of control of a subsidiary.
IAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability	January 1, 2025	The amendments contain guidance to specify when a currency is exchangeable and how to determine the exchange rate when it is not.

Management anticipates that these new standards interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Fund’s financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of their initial application.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents of the Fund comprise balances held with the Bank and Custodian.

4.3 Financial instruments

4.3.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability, such as fees and commissions. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at FVTPL are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss).

4.3.2 Classification and measurement of financial assets

Classification of financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or at FVTPL.

Financial asset at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund Manager may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.3 Financial instruments (continued)

4.3.2 Classification and measurement of financial assets (continued)

Financial asset at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL.

The Fund classifies its financial assets either as subsequently measured at amortized cost or measured at FVTPL.

The classification requirements for debt instruments are described below.

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit (SPPI), and that are not designated at FVTPL, are measured at amortized cost. The carrying amount of these assets is adjusted by any expected credit loss allowance recognized and measured. Profit earned from these financial assets is recognized in the statement of comprehensive (loss) / income using the effective profit rate method.

FVTPL: If a financial asset's cash flows do not represent solely SPPI or if it is not held within the held to collect or the held to collect and sell business model, then it is measured at FVTPL.

A gain or loss on a debt investment measured at FVTPL is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss), within "Net gain / (loss) in investments mandatorily measured at FVTPL", in the period in which it arises. A gain or loss from debt instruments that were designated at fair value or which are not held for trading are presented separately from debt investments that are mandatorily measured at FVTPL, within "Net gain / (loss) in investments designated at FVTPL". Profit earned from these financial assets is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss) using the effective profit rate method.

Business model: The business model reflects how the Fund manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g., financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a group of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is internally evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These assets are classified in 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL.

SPPI: Where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent Solely Payment of Principal and Profit (the "SPPI" test). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e., profit includes only consideration for the time value of resources, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at FVTPL.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.3 Financial instruments (continued)

4.3.2 Classification and measurement of financial assets (continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The Fund classifies its financial assets at FVTPL. The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at FVTPL, except where the Fund Manager has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at FVOCI. The Fund's policy is to designate equity investments as FVOCI when those investments are held for purposes other than to trade. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income / (loss), including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognized in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss) when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

4.3.3 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Fund has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement) and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Fund also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained. The Fund derecognizes a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

4.3.4 Financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortized cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

4.3.5 Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") associated with its financial instrument assets carried at amortized cost. The Fund recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of resources; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ALJAZIRA GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.3 Financial instruments (continued)

4.3.6 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

This is generally not the case with master netting agreements unless one party to the agreement defaults and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

4.3.7 Trade date accounting

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e., the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the assets). Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

4.4 Other receivables

Other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently at their amortized cost using effective commission method. Loss allowance for receivables is always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

4.5 Redeemable units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity) in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity).
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets (equity) or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets (equity) of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all of the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets (equity) or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets (equity) of the Fund.
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable Unitholders.

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features, or meet all the conditions set out, to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognized in equity. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions. No gain or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

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4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.6 Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective profit rate method.

4.7 Net gain or loss on financial assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (“FVTPL”)

Net gains or losses on financial assets at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude interest and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealized gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior period’s unrealized gains and losses for financial instruments which were realized in the reporting period. Realized gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument’s initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

4.8 Dividend income

Dividend income, if any is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss) on the date on which the right to receive the payment for dividend is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. Dividend income from equity securities designated as at FVTPL, is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income / (loss) in a separate line item.

4.9 Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at FVTPL. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognized in profit or loss as an expense.

4.10 Management fees

Management fee is calculated and payable on the basis as mentioned in terms and conditions of the Fund.

4.11 Other expenses

Other expenses are charged at rates / amounts within limits mentioned in terms and conditions of the Fund.

4.12 Zakat / taxation

According to the zakat regulations for investment funds, investment funds are not subject to the collection of zakat in accordance with the rules for zakat collection from investors in investment funds, provided that they do not carry out economic activities or investment activities that are not stipulated in the terms and conditions of those investment funds. Zakat will be collected from the fund’s unit holders.

The fund manager must submit an information declaration to the Authority within a period not exceeding 120 days from the end of the fiscal year. The fund manager has registered the fund and will submit the annual zakat information return to the Authority.

4.13 Net assets value

The net assets value per unit disclosed in the financial statements is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at the year-end.

4.14 Dividends distribution

Dividend distribution to the Fund’s unitholders is recognized as a liability in the Fund’s financial statements in the period in which the right to make the payment for dividend is established.

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4 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provision is not recognized for future operating loss.

5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Note	As at 31 December	
		31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Cash with Custodian	5.1	222,527	408,040
		<u>222,527</u>	<u>408,040</u>

5.1 Cash in investment account is held in investment accounts with Northern Trust. The Fund does not earn profit from these investment accounts.

6 INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL

Investments in equity instruments comprise of the following:

Industry sector	As at 31 December 2023		
	Cost	Fair value	%
Internet	1,465,354	1,063,388	18.19%
Semiconductors	626,016	1,014,197	17.35%
Telecommunication	348,610	377,818	6.46%
Computers	272,159	362,329	6.20%
Pharmaceuticals	235,714	271,823	4.65%
Auto manufacturing	207,039	209,215	3.58%
Oil and gas	196,882	208,000	3.56%
Electrical component and equipment	207,784	203,488	3.48%
Chemicals	186,150	172,607	2.95%
Iron/Steel	328,815	150,821	2.58%
Beverages	84,574	146,712	2.51%
Commercial services	143,880	129,641	2.22%
Banks	110,852	119,815	2.05%
Mining	113,927	113,844	1.95%
Others	1,282,765	1,300,720	22.26%
Total	5,810,521	5,844,418	100%

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6 INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL (CONTINUED)

Industry sector	As at 31 December 2022		
	Cost	Fair value	%
Internet	1,655,309	1,339,529	22.46%
Semiconductors	670,789	769,413	12.90%
Pharmaceuticals	293,535	305,790	5.13%
Computers	206,462	301,843	5.06%
Iron/Steel	427,865	269,069	4.51%
Oil and gas	271,263	257,606	4.32%
Chemicals	277,212	238,777	4.00%
Electrical component and equipment	212,086	209,771	3.52%
Telecommunication and technology	227,330	207,016	3.47%
Commercial services	173,352	182,114	3.05%
Auto manufacturing	297,604	161,588	2.71%
Healthcare services	165,053	159,087	2.67%
Electronics	198,415	148,962	2.50%
Mining	168,309	140,794	2.36%
Retail	141,036	138,755	2.33%
Food	86,308	128,557	2.16%
Others	1,035,238	1,005,489	16.86%
Total	6,507,166	5,964,160	100.00%

7 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Management fee and other expenses

For management services, the Fund pays quarterly, the management fees at an annual rate of 1.95% of the net assets (equity) of the Fund attributable to Unitholders, calculated on daily basis, as set out in the Fund's terms and conditions.

The Fund pays performance fees at a rate of 20% on the specified benchmark criteria as per the Fund's terms and conditions.

The Fund Manager recovers from the Fund any other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund such as board compensation, Shariah supervisory board compensation and other similar charges. These expenses are not expected to exceed an annual rate of 0.25% of the value of Fund's net assets (equity) calculated on a daily basis.

Transactions with related parties

During the year, the Fund entered into the following significant transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business. These transactions were carried out on the basis of approved terms and conditions of the Fund.

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2023	2022
Aljazira Capital Company	Fund Manager	Management fees	(134,257)	(202,409)
Bank Aljazira	Affiliate	Bank charges	-	(607)
Fund's Board	Key executive	Board remuneration	(5,365)	(5,319)

Certain units of the Fund are subscribed by an affiliate of the Fund Manager and other Funds managed and administered by the Fund Manager, the details of which are as follows:

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7 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Name of related parties	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022
	<i>(Unit in numbers)</i>	
Fund Manager		
Aljazira Capital Company	26,799	26,799

Balances with related parties

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	As at 31 December	
			2023	2022
Aljazira Capital Company	Fund Manager	Management fee payable	(32,566)	(65,974)
Fund's Board	Key executive	Remuneration payable *	(5,333)	(10,637)

* Included in Accrued expenses and other liabilities in the statement of financial position.

8 UNIT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in units for the year are summarized as follows:

	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
	<i>(Unit in numbers)</i>	
Units at beginning of the year	50,448	141,327
Units issued during the year	1,120	10,003
Units redeemed during the year	(4,720)	(100,882)
Net change in units	(3,600)	(90,879)
Units at end of the year	46,848	50,448

9 NET GAIN / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL

	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Unrealized gain / (loss) on revaluation of investments	576,963	(3,202,840)
Realized loss on disposal of investments	(374,964)	(357,171)
	201,999	(3,560,011)

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10 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As at 31 December 2023	Amortized cost	FVTPL
Assets as per statement of financial position		
Cash and cash equivalents	222,527	-
Investments carried at FVTPL	-	5,844,418
Dividend receivable	13,418	-
Prepayments and other receivables	1,804	-
Total	237,749	5,844,418
Liabilities as per statement of financial position		
Management fee payable	32,566	-
Redemption payable	10,084	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	139,899	-
Total	182,549	-
As at 31 December 2022		
Assets as per statement of financial position		
Cash and cash equivalents	408,040	-
Investments carried at FVTPL	-	5,964,160
Dividend receivable	3,685	-
Prepayments and other receivables	8,290	-
Total	420,015	5,964,160
As at 31 December 2022		
Liabilities as per statement of financial position		
Management fee payable	65,974	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	110,012	-
Total	175,986	-

11 RISK MANAGEMENT

11.1 Financial risk factors

The objective of the Fund is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide optimum returns to its Unitholders and to ensure reasonable safety to the Unitholders.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

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11 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

11.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates and arises from financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

The Fund's investments in equity instruments carried at FVTPL are exposed to the foreign exchange risk in following currencies:

Currency	Country	As at 31 December			
		2023		2022	
		Fair value	%	Fair value	%
TWD	Taiwan	1,547,258	26.47	1,149,655	19.28
HKD	Hong Kong	1,039,977	17.79	-	-
CNY	China	470,340	8.05	2,620,977	43.95
BRL	Brazil	208,028	3.56	269,069	4.51
MYR	Malaysia	192,374	3.10	126,088	2.11
AED	United Arab Emirates	185,599	3.18	130,606	2.19
THB	Thailand	181,493	3.11	128,190	2.15
MXN	Mexico	180,975	3.29	131,440	2.20
INR	India	-	-	793,512	13.30
IDR	Indonesia	-	-	179,448	3.01
ZAR	South Africa	-	-	147,990	2.48
	Others	467,662	8.00	549,231	9.21
		4,473,706	76.55%	5,964,160	100%

The effect on the net assets (equity) value (as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022) due to a reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates, with all other variables held constant is as follows:

Currency	Country	As at 31 December			
		2023		2022	
		Potential reasonable change	Effect on NAV	Potential reasonable change	Effect on NAV
TWD	Taiwan	+/- 1%	15,473	+/- 1%	+/-11,497
HKD	Hong Kong	+/- 1%	10,400	+/- 1%	-
CNY	China	+/- 1%	4,703	+/- 1%	+/-26,210
BRL	Brazil	+/- 1%	2,080	+/- 1%	+/-2,691
MYR	Malaysia	+/- 1%	1,924	+/- 1%	+/-1,261
AED	United Arab Emirates	+/- 1%	1,856	+/- 1%	+/- 1,306
THB	Thailand	+/- 1%	1,815	+/- 1%	+/-1,282
MXN	Mexico	+/- 1%	1,810	+/- 1%	+/- 1,314
INR	India	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-7,935
IDR	Indonesia	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-1,794
ZAR	South Africa	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-1,480
	Others	+/- 1%	4,677	+/- 1%	+/-5,492

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11 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

11.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument or fair values of fixed coupon financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market commission rates.

The Fund is not subject to commission rate risk, as it does not have any commission bearing financial instruments.

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than foreign currency and commission rate movements.

The price risk arises primarily from uncertainty about the future prices of financial instruments that the Fund holds. The Fund closely monitors the price movement of its investments in financial instruments. As of the statement of financial position date, the Fund has investments in listed equity securities.

The effect on the net assets (equity) value (as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022) due to a reasonably possible change in equity indices based on the underlying assets concentration, with all other variables held constants is as follows:

	As at 31 December			
	2023		2022	
	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV
Internet	+/- 1%	+/- 10,634	+/- 1%	+/-13,395
Semiconductors	+/- 1%	+/- 10,142	+/- 1%	+/-7,694
Telecommunication	+/- 1%	+/- 3,778	+/- 1%	+/-2,070
Computers	+/- 1%	+/- 3,623	+/- 1%	+/-3,018
Pharmaceuticals	+/- 1%	+/- 2,718	+/- 1%	+/-3,058
Auto manufacturing	+/- 1%	+/- 2,092	+/- 1%	+/-1,616
Oil and Gas	+/- 1%	+/- 2,080	+/- 1%	+/-2,576
Electrical component and equipment	+/- 1%	+/- 2,035	+/- 1%	+/-2,098
Chemicals	+/- 1%	+/- 1,726	+/- 1%	+/-2,388
Iron/Steel	+/- 1%	+/- 1,508	+/- 1%	+/-2,691
Beverages	+/- 1%	+/- 1,467	+/- 1%	-
Commercial services	+/- 1%	+/- 1,296	+/- 1%	+/-1,821
Banks	+/- 1%	+/- 1,198	+/- 1%	-
Mining	+/- 1%	+/- 1,138	+/- 1%	+/-1,408
Healthcare services	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-1,591
Electric and electronics	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-1,490
Retail	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-1,388
Food	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/-1,286
Others	+/- 1%	+/- 13,007	+/- 1%	+/-10,055

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11 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

11.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instrument contracts with reputable counterparties. The Fund seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. The Fund is exposed to credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents and dividends receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are placed with reputable financial institutions; hence the credit risk is minimal. For other assets, credit risk is also low.

Credit ratings

The Fund Manager reviews credit concentration of the financial assets subject to credit risk based on counterparties. The credit quality of the financial assets is managed using the ratings from reputable credit ratings agencies. As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Fund has financial assets subject to credit risk with the following credit quality:

Rating of Financial Institution	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrated	222,527	408,040

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on every valuation day and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting Unitholder redemptions. The Fund's financial liabilities primarily consist of payables which are expected to be settled within one month from the statement of financial position date.

The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions, liquidation of the investment portfolio or by taking short term loans from the Fund Manager.

The contractual and expected maturity of all liabilities outstanding at the reporting date are within 12 months (2022: due within 12 months).

11.2 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities either internally or externally at the Fund's service providers and from external factors other than credit, liquidity, currency and market risks such as those arising from the legal and regulatory requirements.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to Unitholders.

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11 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

11.3 Capital risk Management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the equity attributable to holders of redeemable units. The amount of equity attributable to holders of redeemable units can change significantly on each Valuation Day, as the Fund is subject to subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders on every Valuation Day, as well as changes resulting from the Fund's performance. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders, provide benefits for other unitholders and maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

The Fund Manager monitor capital on the basis of the value of equity attributable to unitholders.

12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial reporting date. Instruments for which no sales were reported on the valuation day are valued at the most recent bid price.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The carrying value less impairment provision, if any, of financial instrument carried at amortized cost are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equity instruments. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets, except for those carried at amortized cost, at fair value as level 1.

31 December 2023	Fair value Level			Total
	1	2	3	
FINANCIAL ASSET				
Investments carried at FVTPL	5,844,418	-	-	5,844,418

31 December 2022	Fair value Level			Total
	1	2	3	
FINANCIAL ASSET				
Investments carried at FVTPL	5,964,160	-	-	5,964,160

During the year, there has been no transfer in fair value hierarchy for FVTPL investments.

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12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The carrying values of other financial instrument such as, cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair value, because of their short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparties. For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying value is an approximation of fair value.

13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As of the date of approval of these financial statements, there have been no significant subsequent events requiring disclosure to or adjustment in these financial statements.

14 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements was 31 December 2023 (2022: 29 December 2022).

15 APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Fund's Board on 09 Ramadan 1445H corresponding to 19 March 2024G.