ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND Open-Ended Mutual Fund (Managed By Aljazira Capital Company) Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2020 Together with the Independent Auditor's Report

ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND Open-Ended Mutual Fund (Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

("ininged by injuzitu cupitul company)	
Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020	PAGES
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	4
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	5
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS	6
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	7
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8-24

PKF

Ibrahim Ahmed Al-Bassam & Co. Certified Public Accountants - Al-Bassam & Co. Imember Firm of PKF International)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND (MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL) RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Aljazira Saudi Equities Fund ("the Fund") being managed by Aljazira Capital Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise of the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets (equity) attributable to the unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year ended to 31 December 2020 and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements taken as a whole present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended to 31 December 2020 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that are relevant to our audit of the Fund's financial statements and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

<u>Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by SOCPA and the Fund's Terms and Condition, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

 Riyadh \
 Tel: +966 11 206 5333
 Fax: +966 12 652 5333
 Fax: +966 12 652 2894
 AL Khobar \
 Tel: +966 13 893 3378
 Fax: +966 13 893 3378
 Fax: +966 13 893 3379
 Fax: +966 13 893 3

[Al-Bassam & Co.] C.R.1010385804 P.P. license 520/11/323 is a member firm of the PKF international limited which administers a family of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firms or firms. • Emeil: Info sa@pkf.com • Website: www.pkfalbassam.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND (MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL) RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

 Riyadh \ Tel: +966 11 206 5333
 Fax: +966 11 206 5444
 Jeddah \ Tel: +966 12 652 5333
 Fax: +966 12 652 2894
 AL Khobar \ Tel: +966 13 893 3378

 PO Box 69658
 Riyadh \ 1557
 PO Box 15651
 Jeddah 21454
 PO Box 4636
 AL Khobar 31852

[Al-Bassam & Co.] C.R.1010385804 P.P. license 520/11/323 is a member firm of the PKF international limited which administers a family of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firms or firms. • Email: Info sa@pkf com • Website: www.pkfatbassam.com

PKF

Ibrahim Ahmed Al-Bassam & Co Certified Public Accountants - Al-Bassam & Co. Imember farm of PKF International)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND (MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL) RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

For Al-Bassan & Co.

Loginim A. Al-Bassam Certified Public Accountant License No. 337

25 Sha'ban 1442H 07 April 2021G

الإسام، وشركاؤه معاسيون عديمون	
ог./п//лар С. R. 1010395804	
Al-Bassam & Co.	
oblic Acrobalante	

Riyadh \ Tel: +966 11 206 5333 Fax, +966 11 206 5444 P O Box 69638 Riyadh 11557 Jeddah \ Tel: +966 12 652 5333 Fax: +966 12 652 2894 P.O Box 15651 Jeddah 21454

AL Khobar \ Tel +966 13 893 3370 Fax: +966 13 893 3349 P O.Box 4636 AL Khobar 31952

[Al-Bassam & Co.] C.R.1010385804 P.P. license 520/11/323 is a member firm of the PKF international limited which administers a family of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firms. • Email: Info sa@pkf com • Website: www.pkfalbassam.com

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2020

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Notes	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	5,7 6	4,135,343 392,320,071	26,643,790 360,334,892
Dividend receivable		474,310	-
Prepayments and other receivables		18	21
Total assets		396,929,742	386,978,703
LIABILITIES Management fee payable Payable to unitholders on account of redemptions Accrued expenses and other liabilities Total liabilities	7	1,686,462 511,969 179,319 2,377,750	1,341,466 5,054,831 <u>189,546</u> 6,585,843
NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS		394,551,992	380,392,860
Units in issue (in numbers)	8	848,406	912,966
Net Asset (Equity) Value per unit		465.05	416.66

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Notes	2020	2019
Income			
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments carried	10	36,166,421	45,856,365
at FVTPL Dividend income	10	9,101,565	12,292,950
Dividend meetine	_	45,267,986	59,149,315
Expenses			
Management and custody fees	7	6,236,372	6,282,190
Other expenses		111,630	140,635
		6,348,002	6,422,825
Net income for the year		38,919,984	52,726,490
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	38,919,984	52,726,490

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE

UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	2020	2019
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at beginning of the year	380,392,860	383,742,055
Total comprehensive income for the year	38,919,984	52,726,490
Contributions and redemptions by the unitholders		
Issuance of units	71,885,884	86,014,277
Redemption of units	(96,646,736)	(142,089,962)
Net changes from unit transactions	(24,760,852)	(56,075,685)
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at end of the year	394,551,992	380,392,860

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in Saudi Arabia	an Riyals)
--------------------------	------------

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyais)	<u>Notes</u>	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		20.010.004	52 72 (100
Net income for the year		38,919,984	52,726,490
Adjustments for: - Unrealized gain from investments carried at FVTPL	10	(35,377,171)	(6,814,498)
		3,542,813	45,911,992
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Investments carried at FVTPL		3,391,992	4,208,548
Dividend receivable		(474,310)	-
Prepayments and other receivables		3	(21)
Management fee payable		344,996	(142,811)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(10,227)	(96,641)
Net cash generated from operating activities		6,795,267	49,881,067
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of units		71,885,884	86,014,277
Redemption of units, net off payable*	-	(101,189,598)	(127,181,096)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(29,303,714)	(51,166,819)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents:		(22,508,447)	(1,285,752)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	5	26,643,790	27,929,542
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5	4,135,343	26,643,790
*Supplementary Information			
Payable to unitholders on account of redemption		4,542,862	-

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statement

1 LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Aljazira Saudi Equities Fund (the "Fund") is an open-ended, Saudi Investment fund established and managed through an agreement between Aljazira Capital Company – a Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (the "Fund Manager") and the investors (the "unitholders"). The Fund Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bank Aljazira (the "Bank"). The Capital Market Authority ("CMA") approval to continue issuing units to public was granted through its letter no 7720/5 dated 12 Muharram 1431H (corresponding to 29 December 2009). The Fund commenced its operations on 4 December 1999

The Fund operates under the terms and conditions contained in its prospectus with the prime objective of providing the investors with the opportunities to invest in Saudi capital market in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. Equity investments by the Fund are restricted to those listed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Fund's net income is re-invested in the Fund, which is reflected in the net assets (equity) attributable to each unit.

The Fund is administered by the Fund Manager. The Fund's assets are held in the custody of Northern Trust Securities (the "Custodian").

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") published CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427 H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) thereafter amended (the "amended regulation") on 16 Sha'ban 1437 H (corresponding to 23 May 2016), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The amended regulation came into effect from 6 Safar 1438 H (corresponding to 6 November 2016).

SUBSCRIPTION / REDEMPTION

Subscription / redemption requests are accepted on all days on which Tadawul is open. The value of the Fund's portfolio is determined daily. The net asset value of the Fund for the purpose of purchase or sale of units is determined by dividing the net assets (fair value of the Fund's assets minus fund's liabilities) of the fund by the total number of outstanding fund units on the following day

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

2.1 Statement of complianc

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention, except for Investments that are measured at fair value.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

2.2 Basis of measurement (Continued)

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and noncurrent assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyal ("SAR") which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into SAR using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into SAR using the exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to these financial statements:

3.1 Going concern

The Fund's management has made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A number of new amendments to standards, enlisted below, are effective this year but they do not have a material effect on the Fund's Financial Statements, except for where referenced below.

4.1. New amendments to standards issued and applied effective January 1, 2020

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IAS 1 and IAS 8	Definition of material	January 1, 2020	The amendments provided a new definition of material and clarified that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements.
IFRS 3	Definition of business	January 1, 2020	The amendment clarifies that to be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that, together, significantly contribute to the ability to create output. Furthermore, it clarifies that a business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs.
Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting	Amendments to references Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.	January 1, 2020	The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.
IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	January 1, 2020	A fundamental review and reform of major interest rate benchmarks is being undertaken globally. The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") is engaged in a two-phase process of amending its guidance to assist in a smoother transition away from IBOR.
IFRS 16	COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions	June 1, 2020	The amendments provide relief to lessees from applying IFRS 16 guidance on lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the Covid- 19 pandemic. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 and earlier application is permitted.

Open-Ended Fund (Managed by Aljazira Capital Company) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1. New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective (Continued)

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16		January 1, 2021	These amendments modify specific hedge accounting requirements to allow hedge accounting to continue for affected hedges during the period of uncertainty before the hedged items or hedging instruments affected by the current interest rate benchmarks are amended as a result of the on-going interest rate benchmark reforms. The amendments also introduce new disclosure requirements to IFRS 7 for hedging relationships that are subject to the exceptions introduced by the amendments to IFRS 9.
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling Contract	January 1, 2022	The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract. These amendments apply to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments.
IFRS 16, IFRS 9, IAS 41 and IFRS 1		January 1, 2022	IFRS 16: The amendment removes the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements IFRS 9: The amendment clarifies that in applying the '10 per cent' test to assess whether to derecognize a financial liability, an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender. The amendment is to be applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges that occur on or after the date the entity first applies the amendment. IAS 41: The amendment removes the requirement in IAS 41 for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value. IFRS 1: The amendment provides additional relief to a subsidiary which becomes a first-time adopter later than its parent in respect of accounting for cumulative translation difference.

ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND Open-Ended Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1. New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective (Continued)

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	January 1, 2022	The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use. Additionally, the amendments also clarify the meaning of 'testing whether an asset is functioning properly'.
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	January 1, 2022	The amendment as a whole updated IFRS 3 so that it refers to the 2018 Conceptual Framework instead of the 1989 Framework.
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current	January 1, 2023	The amendment has clarified what is meant by a right to defer settlement, that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period, that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right and that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument the terms of a liability would not impact its classification
Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	N/A	The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary.

Fund's Management anticipates that these new standards interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Fund's financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent consists of bank balances and cash placed with the custodian.

4.3. Financial instruments

4.3.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability, such as fees and commissions. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

4.3.2. Classification and measurement of financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets either as subsequently measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit (SPPP), and that are not designated at FVTPL, are measured at amortized cost.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): If financial asset's cash flows do not represent solely SPPP or if it not held within the held to collect or the held to collect and sell business model, or then it is measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment measured at FVTPL is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, within "Net gain / (loss) in investments mandatorily measured at FVTPL", in the period in which it arises. A gain or loss from debt instruments that were designated at fair value or which are not held for trading are presented separately from debt investments that are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss, within "Net gain / (loss) in investments designated at FVTPL". Profit earned from these financial assets is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective profit rate method.

Business model: The business model reflects how the Fund manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a group of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is internally evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified in 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.3. Financial instruments (Continued)

4.3.2. Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (Continued)

SPPP: Where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent solely payment of principal and profit (the "SPPP" test). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. profit includes only consideration for the time value of resources, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The Fund classifies its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, except where the Fund Manager has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Fund's policy is to designate equity investments as FVOCI when those investments are held for purposes other than to trade. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

4.3.3. Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Fund has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement), and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Fund also recognized an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained. The Fund recognized a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

4.3.4. Financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortized cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

Open-Ended Fund (Managed by Aljazira Capital Company) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.3 Financial instruments (Continued)

4.3.5. Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its financial instrument assets carried at amortized cost. The Fund recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of resources; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

4.3.6. Trade date accounting

A regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e., the date that the fund commits to purchase or sell the assets). Regular way purchases or sales are purchase or sales of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

4.3.7 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements unless one party to the agreement defaults and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

4.4 Receivables

Receivables are initially measured at fair value plus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently at their amortized cost using effective commission method. Loss allowance for receivables is always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

4.5 Redeemable Units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity) in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity).
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets (equity) or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets (equity) of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all of the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets of the Fund
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable shareholders.

ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND Open-Ended Fund

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.5 Redeemable Units (Continued)

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features, or meet all the conditions set out, to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognized in equity. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions. No gain or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation

of the Fund's own equity instruments.

4.6 Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective commission rate method.

4.7 Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL")

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude interest and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

4.8 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the date on which the right to receive payment is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. For unquoted equity securities, this is usually the date on which the shareholders approve the payment of a dividend. Dividend income from equity securities designated as at FVTPL is recognised in statement of comprehensive income in a separate line item.

4.9 Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in profit or loss as an expense.

4.10 Management fees

Management fee is calculated at rate mentioned in terms and conditions of the Fund and is payable quarterly in arrears.

4.11 Other expenses

Other expenses are charged at rates / amounts within limits mentioned in terms and conditions of the Equity Fund.

4.12 Zakat

Zakat is the obligation of the unitholders and is not provided for in the financial statements.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.13 Net assets value

The net assets value per unit disclosed in the financial statements is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Equity Fund by the number of units in issue at the year-end.

4.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provision is not recognized for future operating loss.

5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Notes	2020	2019
Cash at Bank	5.1, 7	978,937	3,453,644
Cash with custodian	5.2	3,156,406	23,190,146
		4,135,343	26,643,790

5.1 Cash balances are held in current accounts with the Bank Aljazira, a related party see Note 1. The Fund does not earn profit on these current accounts.

5.2. These funds are placed with the Custodian and the Fund earns profit on these balances.

6 INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL

Industry sector	As at 31 December 2020			
	Cost	Fair Value	%	
Banks	129,723,027	169,423,568	43.19	
Materials	122,589,521	133,757,331	34.09	
Telecommunication services	31,227,832	36,404,508	9.28	
Insurance	16,347,266	19,126,738	4.88	
Retail	6,607,563	8,828,779	2.25	
Food & beverages	6,238,581	6,820,282	1.74	
Others	16,693,763	17,958,865	4.57	
Total	329,427,553	392,320,071	100%	
Industry sector	As at 31 December2019			
	Cost	Fair Value	%	
Banks	143,643,844	155,888,717	43.26	
Materials	115,040,418	127,967,942	35.51	
Telecommunication services	24,569,297	26,566,339	7.37	
Real estate management & development	15,070,348	13,654,800	3.79	
Retail	10,778,628	11,782,848	3.27	
Food & beverages	3,412,752	3,519,401	0.98	
Insurance	1,577,024	1,422,605	0.39	
Others	18,727,234	19,532,240	5.43	
Total	332,819,545	360,334,892	100%	

6.1. Investments carried at FVTPL includes investment in related parties (Refer Note 7).

7 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Management fee and other expenses

For management services, the Fund pays quarterly, the management fees at an annual rate of 1.50% of the net assets (equity) of the Fund attributable to Unitholders, at each valuation date, as set out in the Fund's terms and conditions.

The Fund Manager recovers from the Fund any other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund such as board compensation, Shariah supervisory board compensation and other similar charges.

Transactions with related parties

During the year, the Fund entered into the following significant transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business. These transactions were carried out on the basis of approved terms and conditions of the Fund.

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2020	2019
Aljazira Capital Company	Fund Manager	Management fee	6,074,388	6,126,594
Fund's Board	Key executive	Board remuneration	16,000	16,000
	Shares purchased during the year		32,038,188	8,092,594
Bank Aljazira	Shares disposed during the year	Affiliate	(30,832,501)	(26,113,215)
2	Realized Loss		(5,161,203)	(213,175)
	Unrealized (Loss) / Gain		(507,169)	413,993

Balances with related parties

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2020	2019
		Bank balances	978,937	3,453,644
Bank Aljazira	Affiliate	Investments carried at FVTPL	12,776,840	17,239,525
Aljazira Capital Company	The Fund Manager	Management fee payable	1,686,462	1,341,466
Fund's Board	Key executive	Remuneration payable	16,000	16,000

ALJAZIRA SAUDI EQUITIES FUND Open-Ended Fund (Managed by Aljazira Capital Company) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

8 UNIT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in units for the year are summarized as follows:

2	2020	2019
	(Unit in	numbers)
Units at beginning of the year	912,966	1,046,975
Units issued during the year	175,795	210,697
Units redeemed during the year	(240,355)	(344,706)
Net change in units	(64,560)	(134,009)
Units at end of the year	848,406	912,966

8.1 Certain units of the Fund are subscribed by an affiliate of the Fund Manager and the funds managed and administered by the Fund Manager, the details of which are as follows:

Name of related parties	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
Affiliate	(Unit in numbers)	
Aljazira Takaful Taawuni Company	619,401	644,725
Funds managed by the Fund Manager		
Aljazira Diversified Aggressive Fund	50,789	44,154
Aljazira Diversified Balanced Fund	10,758	8,428
Aljazira Diversified Conservative Fund	3,016	2,260

9 NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN FROM INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL

	2020	2019
Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments	35,377,171	6,814,498
Realized gain on disposal of investments	789,250	39,041,867
	36,166,421	45,856,365

10 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

30 December 2020	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
Assets as per statement of financial position			
Cash and cash equivalents	4,135,343	-	
Investments carried at FVTPL	-	392,320,071	
Dividends Receivable	474,310	-	
Prepayments and other receivables	18	-	
Total	4,609,671	392,320,071	

10 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

31 December 2019	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
Assets as per statement of financial position			
Cash and cash equivalents	26,643,790	-	
Investments carried at FVTPL	-	360,334,892	
Prepayments and other receivables	21	-	
Total	26,643,811	360,334,892	

All financial liabilities as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 were measured at amortized cost.

11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

11.1 Financial risk factors

The objective of the Funds is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide optimum returns to its Unit Holders and to ensure reasonable safety to the Unit Holders.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks are primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates and arises from financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

All the financial instruments held by the Fund are in Saudi Riyals and therefore they are not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

(ii) Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument or fair values of fixed coupon financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market commission rates.

The Fund is not subject to commission rate risk, as it does not have any commission bearing financial instruments.

11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

11.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than foreign currency and commission rate movements.

The price risk arises primarily from uncertainty about the future prices of financial instruments that the Fund holds. The Fund closely monitors the price movement of its investments in financial instruments. As of the statement of financial position date, Fund has equity investments in listed equity securities.

The effect on the net assets value (as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December) due to a reasonably possible change in equity indices based on the industry concentration, with all other variables held constants is as follows:

	31 December 2020		31 December 2019	
	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV
Banks	+/- 1%	1,694,236	+/- 1%	+/- 1,558,887
Materials	+/- 1%	1,337,573	+/- 1%	+/- 1,279,679
Telecommunication Services	+/- 1%	364,045	+/- 1%	+/- 265,663
Insurance	+/- 1%	191,267	+/- 1%	+/- 14,226
Retail	+/- 1%	88,288	+/- 1%	+/- 117,828
Food & Beverages	+/- 1%	68,203	+/- 1%	+/- 35,194
Real Estate Management Development	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/- 126,548
Others	+/- 1%	179,589	+/- 1%	+/- 195,322

(b) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Its Fund's policy to enter into financial instrument contracts with reputable counterparties. The Fund seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. The Fund is exposed to credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents and other receivables. Cash at bank balances are placed with reputable financial institutions; hence the credit risk is minimal. For other assets, credit risk is also low.

11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

11.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Credit ratings

The credit quality of the Fund's bank balance is assessed with reference to external credit ratings which, in all cases, are above investment-grade rating. The bank balances along with credit ratings are tabulated below:

Rating of Financial Institution	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
Cash and cash equivalents		
baa3	978,937	3,453,644
Unrated	3,156,406	23,190,146

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on every Saudi business day and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions on these days. The Fund's financial liabilities primarily consist of payables which are expected to be settled within one month from the statement of financial position date.

The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions, liquidation of the investment portfolio or by taking short term loans from the Fund Manager.

		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
-	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	4,135,343	-	4,135,343
Investments carried at FVTPL	392,320,071	-	392,320,071
Dividend Receivable	474,310	-	474,310
Prepayments and other receivables	18	-	18
TOTAL ASSETS	396,929,742	-	396,929,742
Management fee payable	1,686,462	-	1,686,462
Payable to unit holders on account of redemption	511,969	-	511,969
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	179,319	-	179,319
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,377,750	-	2,377,750

31 December 2020

11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

11.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Continued)

	31 December 2019		
-	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	26,643,790	-	26,643,790
Investments carried at FVTPL	360,334,892	-	360,334,892
Prepayments and other receivables	21	-	21
TOTAL ASSETS	386,978,703	-	386,978,703
Management fee payable	1,341,466	-	1,341,466
Payable to unit holders on account of redemption	5,054,831	-	5,054,831
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	189,546	-	189,546
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,585,843	-	6,585,843

(d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities either internally or externally at the Fund's service provider and from external factors other than credit, liquidity, currency and market risks such as those arising from the legal and regulatory requirements.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to unitholders.

12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial reporting date. Instruments for which no sales were reported on the valuation day are valued at the most recent bid price.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The carrying value less impairment provision, if any, of financial instrument carried at amortized cost are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equity instruments. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund classifies all of its financial assets, except for those carried at amortized cost, at fair value as level 1.

31 December 2020	Fair value Level			
	1	2	3	Total
FINANCIAL ASSET				
Investments carried at FVTPL	392,320,071	-	-	392,320,071
31 December 2019	Fair value Level			
	1	2	3	Total
FINANCIAL ASSET				
Investments carried at FVTPL	360,334,892	-	-	360,334,892

For assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund identifies transfers between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing the categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole), and deems transfers to have occurred at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. During the year, there was no transfer in fair value hierarchy for the financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss.

Other financial instrument such as, cash at bank, this is short-term financial asset whose carrying amount approximate its fair value, because of its short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparty. For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying value is an approximation of fair value.

13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Dated March 1, 2021, the CMA announced the approval of amendments to the Investment Funds Regulations and Glossary of Defined Terms Used in the Regulation (the "Amendments") with an effective date of May 1, 2021. As of the date of approval of these financial statements, the Fund Manager is assessing the Amendments' impact on the Fund's financial statements.

14 CHANGES IN FUND'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Fund Manager has made certain revisions to the terms and conditions of the Fund. The material change in the terms and conditions include the following:

Title	Existing Terms & Conditions	Revised Terms & Conditions
Value Added Tax (VAT)	5%	15%

15 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements was 31 December 2020 (2019: 31 December 2019).

16 APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Fund's Board on 25 Sha'ban 1442H corresponding to 07 April 2021G.