# ALJAZIRA INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES FUND Open-Ended Mutual Fund

Open-Ended Mutual Fund
(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)
Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2020
Together with the
Independent Auditor's Report

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)
Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS
ALJAZIRA INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES FUND
(MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL)
RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Aljazira International Equities Fund ("the Fund") being managed by Aljazira Capital Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise of the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets (equity) attributable to the unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year ended to 31 December 2020 and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements taken as a whole present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended to 31 December 2020 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that are relevant to our audit of the Fund's financial statements and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by SOCPA and the Fund's Terms and Condition, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS
ALJAZIRA INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES FUND
(MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL)
RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





Certified Public Accountants - Al-Bassam & Co. (member firm of PKF International)

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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TO THE UNITHOLDERS
ALJAZIRA INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES FUND
(MANAGED BY ALJAZIRA CAPITAL)
RIYADH, KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

For Al-Bassam & Co

Ibratin A. Al-Bassam Certifica Public Accountant

cicense No. 337

25 Sha'ban 1442H 07 April 2021G

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# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2020

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

	Notes	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	5, 7	1,408,663	2,256,028
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	6	72,742,663	69,547,243
Dividend receivable		48,270	51,145
Prepayments and other receivables	,	2,900	4,588
Total assets		74,202,496	71,859,004
LIABILITIES  Management fee payable  Accrued expenses and other liabilities	7	280,974 107,328	236,880 289,567
Total liabilities		388,302	526,447
NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS		73,814,194	71,332,557
Units in issue (in numbers)	8	480,854	560,014
Net Asset (Equity) Value per unit		153.51	127.38

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

	<u>Note</u>	2020	2019
Income Net realized and unrealized gain on investments carried at FVTPL	9	13,194,847	15,949,869
Dividend income Other income	_	1,091,877 12,696 14,299,420	1,235,201 11,478 17,196,548
Expenses Management and custody fees Other expenses	7 -	(1,157,974) (351,656) (1,509,630)	(1,015,559) (556,368) (1,571,927)
Net income for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	- -	12,789,790	15,624,621 - 15,624,621

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

	2020	2019
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at beginning of the year	71,332,557	54,537,302
Total comprehensive income for the year	12,789,790	15,624,621
Contributions and redemptions by the unitholders		
Issuance of units	11,833,227	10,211,137
Redemption of units	(22,141,380)	(9,040,503)
Net changes from unit transactions	(10,308,153)	1,170,634
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at end of		
the year	73,814,194	71,332,557

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

	<u>Notes</u>	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income for the year		12,789,790	15,624,621
Adjustments for:		12,709,790	13,024,021
- Unrealized gain on investments carried at FVTPL	10	(5,315,020)	(12,262,052)
		7,474,770	3,362,569
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments carried at FVTPL Dividend receivable Prepayments and other receivables Management fee payable Accrued expenses and other liabilities Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		2,119,600 2,875 1,688 44,094 (182,239) 9,460,788	(3,686,027) (13,077) 2,810 22,199 (242,847) (554,373)
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of units Redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		11,833,227 (22,141,380) (10,308,153)	10,211,137 (9,040,503) 1,170,634
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents:		(847,365)	616,261
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	5	2,256,028	1,639,767
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5	1,408,663	2,256,028

The accompanying notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Aljazira International Equities Fund (the "Fund") is an open-ended, Saudi Investment Fund established and managed through an agreement between Aljazira Capital Company – a Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (the "Fund Manager") and the investors (the "unitholders"). The Fund Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bank Aljazira (the "Bank"). The Capital Market Authority ("CMA") approval to continue issuing units to public was granted through its letter no 7720/5 dated 12 Muharram 1431H (corresponding to 29 December 2009). The Fund commenced its operations on 21 September 1998.

The Fund operates under the terms and conditions contained in its prospectus with the prime objective of providing the investors with the opportunities to invest in Shariah compliant investment securities listed in diversified global markets with the long-term capital growth. The Fund's net income is re-invested in the Fund, which is reflected in the net assets (equity) attributable to each unit.

The Fund is administered by Maples Fund Services (the "Administrator"). The Fund's assets are held in the custody of Northern Trust Securities (the "Custodian"). Lazard Asset Management Limited acts as a Sub Fund Manager to the Fund. Fee paid to the Sub Fund Manager is borne by the Fund Manager except for performance fee which is borne by the Fund and paid to Fund Manager for onward settlement.

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") published by CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427 H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) thereafter amended (the "amended regulation") on 16 Sha'ban 1437 H (corresponding to 23 May 2016), detailing requirements for all Funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The amended regulation came into effect from 6 Safar 1438 H (corresponding to 6 November 2016).

#### SUBSCRIPTION / REDEMPTION

Subscription / redemption requests are accepted on all days on which Tadawul is open.

The value of the Fund's portfolio is determined on Monday and Thursday. The net asset value of the Fund for the purpose of purchase or sale of units is determined by dividing the net assets (fair value of the Fund's assets minus Fund's liabilities) of the Fund by the total number of outstanding Fund units on the following day

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention, except for investments that are measured at fair value.

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and noncurrent assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in the order of liquidity.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in United States Dollars (USD) which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into USD using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into USD using the exchange rates prevailing at date of the statement of statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to these financial statements:

#### 3.1 Going concern

The Fund's management has made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 4.1 New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations

A number of new amendments to standards, enlisted below, are effective this year but they do not have a material effect on the Fund's Financial Statements, except for where referenced below.

#### New amendments to standards issued and applied effective January 1, 2020

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IAS 1 and IAS 8	Definition of material	January 1, 2020	The amendments provided a new definition of material and clarified that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements.
IFRS 3	Definition of business	January 1, 2020	The amendment clarifies that to be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that, together, significantly contribute to the ability to create output. Furthermore, it clarifies that a business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs.
Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting	Amendments to references Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.	January 1, 2020	The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.
IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	January 1, 2020	A Fundamental review and reform of major interest rate benchmarks is being undertaken globally. The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") is engaged in a two-phase process of amending its guidance to assist in a smoother transition away from IBOR.
IFRS 16	COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions	June 1, 2020	The amendments provide relief to lessees from applying IFRS 16 guidance on lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 and earlier application is permitted.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

# 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 4.1 New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective (Continued)

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16		January 1, 2021	These amendments modify specific hedge accounting requirements to allow hedge accounting to continue for affected hedges during the period of uncertainty before the hedged items or hedging instruments affected by the current interest rate benchmarks are amended as a result of the on-going interest rate benchmark reforms. The amendments also introduce new disclosure requirements to IFRS 7 for hedging relationships that are subject to the exceptions introduced by the amendments to IFRS 9.
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling Contract		The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract. These amendments apply to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments.
			IFRS 16: The amendment removes the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements
IFRS 16, IFRS 9, IAS 41 and IFRS 1		January 1, 2022	IFRS 9: The amendment clarifies that in applying the '10 per cent' test to assess whether to derecognize a financial liability, an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender. The amendment is to be applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges that occur on or after the date the entity first applies the amendment.
			IAS 41: The amendment removes the requirement in IAS 41 for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value.
			IFRS 1: The amendment provides additional relief to a subsidiary which becomes a first-time adopter later than its parent in respect of accounting for cumulative translation difference.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 4.1 New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective (Continued)

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	January 1, 2022	The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use. Additionally, the amendments also clarify the meaning of 'testing whether an asset is functioning properly'.
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	January 1, 2022	The amendment as a whole updated IFRS 3 so that it refers to the 2018 Conceptual Framework instead of the 1989 Framework.
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current	January 1, 2023	The amendment has clarified what is meant by a right to defer settlement, that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period, that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right and that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument the terms of a liability would not impact its classification
Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	N/A	The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary.

Fund's Management anticipates that these new standards interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Fund's financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent consists of bank balances and cash placed with the custodian. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.

#### 4.3. Financial instruments

#### 4.3.1. Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability, such as fees and commissions. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### 4.3.2. Classification and measurement of financial assets

#### Classification of financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or FVTPL.

#### Financial asset at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

A financial asset is measured at fair value through FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL.

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principle amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund Manager may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

#### Financial asset at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI are measure at FVTPL.

The Fund classifies its financial assets either as subsequently measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4.3. Financial instruments (Continued)

#### 4.3.2. Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

**Amortized cost**: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit (SPPP), and that are not designated at FVTPL, are measured at amortized cost.

The carrying amount of these assets is adjusted by any expected credit loss allowance recognized and measured. Profit earned from these financial assets is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective profit rate method.

**FVTPL**: If financial asset's cash flows do not represent solely SPPP or if it not held within the held to collect or the held to collect and sell business model, or then it is measured at FVTPL.

A gain or loss on a debt investment measured at FVTPL is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, within "Net gain / (loss) in investments mandatorily measured at FVTPL", in the period in which it arises. A gain or loss from debt instruments that were designated at fair value or which are not held for trading are presented separately from debt investments that are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss, within "Net gain / (loss) in investments designated at FVTPL". Profit earned from these financial assets is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective profit rate method.

Business model: The business model reflects how the Fund manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a group of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is internally evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified in 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL.

SPPP: Where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent solely payment of principal and profit (the "SPPP" test). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. profit includes only consideration for the time value of resources, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The Fund classifies its financial assets at FVTPL. The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, except where the Fund Manager has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Fund's policy is to designate equity investments as FVOCI when those investments are held for purposes other than to trade. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4.3. Financial instruments (Continued)

#### 4.3.2. Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

not subsequently reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when

representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

#### 4.3.3. Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Fund has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement), and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Fund also recognized an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained. The Fund recognized a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### 4.3.4. Financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortized cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

#### 4.3.5. Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its financial instrument assets carried at amortized cost. The Fund recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes:
- The time value of resources; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4.3. Financial instruments (Continued)

#### 4.3.6. Trade date accounting

A regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e., the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the assets). Regular way purchases or sales are purchase or sales of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### 4.3.7 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements unless one party to the agreement defaults and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

#### 4.4 Receivables

Receivables are initially measured at fair value plus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently at their amortized cost using effective commission method. Loss allowance for receivables is always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

#### 4.5 Redeemable Units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity) in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity).
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets (equity) or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets (equity) of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all of the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets of the Fund
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable shareholders

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4.5 Redeemable Units (Continued)

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features, or meet all the conditions set out, to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognized in equity. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions.

- No gain or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

#### 4.6 Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective commission rate method.

#### 4.7 Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude interest and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealized gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior period's unrealized gains and losses for financial instruments which were realized in the reporting period. Realized gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments)

#### 4.8 Income recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, taxes and rebates.

#### 4.9 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the date on which the right to receive payment is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. For unquoted equity securities, this is usually the date on which the shareholders approve the payment of a dividend. Dividend income from equity securities designated as at FVTPL is recognized in statement of comprehensive income in a separate line item.

#### 4.10 Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognized in profit or loss as an expense.

#### 4.11 Management fees

Management fee is calculated at rate mentioned in terms and conditions of the Equity Fund and is payable quarterly in arrears.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 4.12 Other expenses

Other expenses are charged at rates / amounts within limits mentioned in terms and conditions of the Equity Fund.

#### 4.13 Zakat

Zakat is the obligation of the unitholders and is not provided for in the financial statements.

#### 4.14 Net assets value

The net assets value per unit disclosed in the financial statements is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Equity Fund by the number of units in issue at the year-end.

#### 4.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provision is not recognized for future operating loss.

#### 5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	_	As at 31 Dec	ember
	Notes	2020	2019
Cash at Bank	5.1, 7	10,045	270
Cash with custodian	1	1,398,618	2,255,758
	_	1,408,663	2,256,028

**<sup>5.1</sup>** Cash balances are held in current accounts with the Bank Aljazira a related party, see Note 1. The Fund does not earn profit on these current accounts.

**5.2** These Funds are placed with the Custodian and the Fund earns profit on these balances.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 6 INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL

Industry sector	As at 31 December 2020		
	Cost	Fair Value	%
Telecommunication and technology	10,950,900	16,847,437	23.16%
Pharmaceuticals	10,196,663	12,611,240	17.34%
Electric and electronics	7,641,636	10,490,139	14.42%
Software services	4,102,041	8,013,542	11.02%
Construction and engineering	4,610,110	5,266,208	7.24%
Retail	2,991,769	3,647,989	5.01%
Entertainment	2,619,278	2,933,881	4.03%
Consumer products	2,509,714	2,809,268	3.86%
Chemical	1,571,091	2,018,893	2.78%
Oil and gas	1,330,492	1,458,356	2.00%
Automobile and parts	732,251	1,175,646	1.62%
Banks and financial institutions	380,104	456,419	0.63%
Clothing	133,469	151,803	0.21%
Others	4,497,984	4,861,842	6.68%
Total	54,267,502	72,742,663	100%
Industry sector	As a	t 31 December 2019	)
	Cost	Fair value	%
Telecommunication and technology	9,836,148	13,314,330	19.14
Pharmaceuticals	10,650,205	12,956,809	18.63
Software services	5,579,014	8,244,197	11.85
Electric and electronics	6,321,696	7,894,127	11.35
Construction and engineering	3,352,168	3,952,763	5.68
Consumer products	3,492,927	3,896,972	5.60
Retail	3,046,856	3,878,751	5.59
Oil and gas	2,407,370	2,599,220	3.74
Chemical	1,918,472	2,013,224	2.89
Clothing	1,359,148	1,643,356	2.36
Banks and financial institutions	962,995	1,304,146	1.88
Aerospace	928,366	1,058,661	1.52
Automobile and parts	926,382	812,349	1.17
Entertainment	249,139	282,687	0.41
Others	5,356,216	5,695,651	8.19
Total	56,387,102	69,547,243	100%

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 7 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

#### Management fee and other expenses

For management services, the Fund pays quarterly, the management fees at an annual rate of 1.50% of the net assets (equity) of the Fund attributable to Unitholders, at each valuation date, as set out in the Fund's terms and conditions.

The Fund Manager recovers from the Fund any other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund such as board compensation, Shariah supervisory board compensation and other similar charges. These expenses are not expected to exceed an annual rate of 0.25% of the value of Fund's net assets (equity) calculated on daily basis.

### Transactions with related parties

During the year, the Fund entered into the following significant transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business. These transactions were carried out on the basis of approved terms and conditions of the Fund.

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2020	2019
		Management fee	1,102,384	968,010
Aliagina Capital Company	Fund Managan	Performance fee	-	187,044
Aljazira Capital Company	Fund Manager	Settlement with Fund Manager	(24,458)	(24,458)
Fund's Board	Key executive	Board remuneration	4,290	4,255

**7.1** Certain units of the Fund are subscribed by an affiliate of the Fund Manager and the Funds managed and administered by the Fund Manager, the details of which are as follows:

Name of related parties	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
Affiliate	(Unit in	numbers)
Aljazira Takaful Taawuni Company	391,650	400,709
Funds managed by the Fund Manager		
Aljazira Diversified Aggressive Fund	50,727	49,880
Aljazira Diversified Balanced Fund	10,939	10,417
Aljazira Diversified Conservative Fund	2,835	2,795

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

# 7 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

#### Balances with related parties

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	31 December 2020	31 December 2020
Aljazira Bank	Affiliate	Bank balances	10,045	270
A1:: C:4-1 C	E 1 M	Management fee payable	280,974	236,880
Aljazira Capital Company	Fund Manager	Performance fee payable*	-	193,576
Fund's Board	Key Executive	Remuneration payable*	8,545	4,255
4 A 1 1 .1	11. 1.11.41			

<sup>\*</sup> Accrued expense and other liabilities

#### **8 UNIT TRANSACTIONS**

Transactions in units for the year are summarized as follows:

	(Unit in nu	umbers)
Units at beginning of the year	560,014	552,468
Units issued during the year	89,235	88,158
Units redeemed during the year	(168,395)	(80,612)
Net change in units	(79,160)	7,546
Units at end of the year	480,854	560,014

2020

2019

# 9 NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN FROM INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL

	2020 2019	
Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments	5,315,020	5,596,745
Realized gain on disposal of investments	7,879,827 13,194,847	2,708,047 8,304,792
	13,194,047	0,304,792

#### 10 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As at 31 December 2020	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
Assets as per statement of financial position			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,408,663	-	
Investments carried at FVTPL	-	72,742,663	
Dividend receivable	48,270	-	
Prepayments and other receivables	2,900		
Total	1,459,833	72,742,663	

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 10 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

31 December 2019	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
Assets as per statement of financial position			
Cash and cash equivalents	2,256,028	-	
Investments carried at FVTPL	-	69,547,243	
Dividends receivable	51,145	-	
Prepayments and other receivables	4,588	-	
Total	2,311,761	69,547,243	

All financial liabilities as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 are measured at amortized cost.

#### 11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 11.1 Financial risk factors

The objective of the Funds is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide optimum returns to its Unit Holders and to ensure reasonable safety to the Unit Holders.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines. The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund's investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are exposed to the foreign exchange risk in following currencies.

Currency	Country	31 December	31 December 2020		2019
		Fair Value	%	Fair value	%
JPY	JAPANESE YEN	4,119,629	5.66%	4,403,290	6.33%
EUR	EURO	3,568,982	4.91%	3,677,333	5.29%
HK	HONG KONG DOLLAR	3,030,627	4.17%	2,436,141	3.50%
CHF	SWISS FRANC	2,153,324	2.96%	3,739,594	5.37%
GBP	UK POUNDS	1,484,191	2.04%	1,505,499	2.16%
KRW	DANISH KRONE	1,347,017	1.85%	1,491,153	2.14%
	Others	5,584,791	7.68%	4,369,722	6.28%
		21,288,561	29.27%	21,622,732	31.07%

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 11.1 Financial risk factors

#### (a) Market risk

#### (ii) Foreign exchange risk

The effect on the net assets value (as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December) due to a reasonably possible change in equity indices based on the industry concentration, with all other variables held constant is as follows:

Currency	Country	31 Decemb	<b>31 December 2020</b>		er 2019
		Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV
JPY	United Kingdom	+/- 1%	+/- 41,196	+/- 1%	44,033
EUR	Japan	+/- 1%	+/- 35,690	+/- 1%	36,773
CHF	Switzerland	+/- 1%	+/- 30,306	+/- 1%	24,361
HK	Hong Kong	+/- 1%	+/- 21,533	+/- 1%	37,396
GBP	Germany	+/- 1%	+/- 14,842	+/- 1%	15,055
KRW	South Korea	+/- 1%	+/- 13,470	+/- 1%	14,912
	Others	+/- 1%	+/- 55,848	+/- 1%	43,697

#### (ii) Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument or fair values of fixed coupon financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market commission rates.

The Fund is not subject to commission rate risk, as it does not have any commission bearing financial instruments.

#### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than foreign currency and commission rate movements.

The price risk arises primarily from uncertainty about the future prices of financial instruments that the Fund holds. The Fund closely monitors the price movement of its investments in financial instruments. As of the statement of financial position date, Fund has equity investments in listed equity securities.

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 11.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

#### (iii) Price risk (Continued)

The effect on the net assets value (as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December) due to a reasonably possible change in equity indices based on the industry concentration, with all other variables held constant is as follows:

variables note constant to as follows:	31 December 2020		<b>31 December 2019</b>	
,	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV
Telecommunication and technology	+/- 1%	+/- 168,474	+/- 1%	+/- 133,143
Pharmaceuticals	+/- 1%	+/- 126,112	+/- 1%	+/- 129,568
Electric and electronics	+/- 1%	+/- 104,901	+/- 1%	+/- 78,941
Software services	+/- 1%	+/- 80,135	+/- 1%	+/- 82,442
Construction and engineering	+/- 1%	+/- 52,662	+/- 1%	+/- 39,528
Retail	+/- 1%	+/- 36,480	+/- 1%	+/- 38,788
Entertainment	+/- 1%	+/- 29,339	+/- 1%	+/- 2,827
Consumer products	+/- 1%	+/- 28,093	+/- 1%	+/- 38,970
Chemical	+/- 1%	+/- 20,189	+/- 1%	+/- 20,132
Oil and gas	+/- 1%	+/- 14,584	+/- 1%	+/- 25,992
Automobile and parts	+/- 1%	+/- 11,756	+/- 1%	+/- 5,788
Banks and financial institutions	+/- 1%	+/- 4,564	+/- 1%	+/- 13,041
Clothing	+/- 1%	+/- 1,518	+/- 1%	+/- 16,434
Aerospace	+/- 1%	-	+/- 1%	+/- 10,587
Others	+/- 1%	+/- 48,618	+/- 1%	

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Its Fund's policy to enter into financial instrument contracts with reputable counterparties. The Fund seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. The Fund is exposed to credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents, dividends receivable, due from a related party, prepayments and other receivables. Bank balances are placed with reputable financial institutions; hence the credit risk is minimal. For other assets, credit risk is also low.

The credit quality of the Fund's bank balance is assessed with reference to external credit ratings which, in all cases, are above investment-grade rating. The bank balances along with credit ratings are tabulated below:

Rating of Financial Institution	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	
Cash and cash equivalents			
baa3	10,045	270	
Unrated	1,398,618	2,255,758	

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 11.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on every Saudi business day and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions on these days. The Fund's financial liabilities primarily consist of payables which are expected to be settled within one month from the statement of financial position date.

The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient Funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions, liquidation of the investment portfolio or by taking short term loans from the Fund Manager.

	31 December 2020		
	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	1,408,663	-	1,408,663
Investments carried at FVTPL	72,742,663	-	72,742,663
Dividend receivable	48,270	-	48,270
Prepayments and other receivables	2,900	-	2,900
TOTAL ASSETS	74,202,496		74,202,496
Management fee payable	280,974	-	280,974
Payable to unitholders on account of redemptions	-	-	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	107,328	-	107,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES	388,302	-	388,302
		<b>31 December 2019</b>	
	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	2,256,028	-	2,256,028
Investments carried at FVTPL	69,547,243	-	69,547,243
Dividend receivable	51,145	-	51,145
Prepayments and other receivables	4,588	-	4,588
TOTAL ASSETS	71,859,004	-	71,859,004
Management fee payable	236,880	-	236,880
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	289,567		289,567
TOTAL LIABILITIES	526,447	-	526,447

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 11 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### 11.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities either internally or externally at the Fund's service provider and from external factors other than credit, liquidity, currency and market risks such as those arising from the legal and regulatory requirements.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to unitholders.

#### 12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial reporting date. Instruments for which no sales were reported on the valuation day are valued at the most recent bid price.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The carrying value less impairment provision, if any, of financial instrument carried at amortized cost are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equity instruments. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Fund classifies all of its financial assets, except for those carried at amortized cost, at fair value as level 1.

31 December 2020	Fair value Level				
	1	2	3	Total	
FINANCIAL ASSET					
Investments carried at FVTPL	72,742,663	-	-	72,742,663	
	Fair value				
31 December 2019	Level				
	1	2	3	Total	
FINANCIAL ASSET					
Investments carried at FVTPL	69,547,243	-	-	69,547,243	

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by Aljazira Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in United States Dollars)

#### 12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

For assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund identifies transfers between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing the categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole), and deems transfers to have occurred at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. During the period, there was no transfer in fair value hierarchy for the financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss.

Other financial instrument such as, cash at bank balances, this is short-term financial asset whose carrying amount approximate its fair value, because of its short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparty. For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying value is an approximation of fair value.

#### 13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Dated March 1, 2021, the CMA announced the approval of amendments to the Investment Funds Regulations and Glossary of Defined Terms Used in the Regulation (the "Amendments") with an effective date of May 1, 2021. As of the date of approval of these financial statements, the Fund Manager is assessing the Amendments' impact on the Fund's financial statements.

#### 14 CHANGES IN FUND'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Fund Manager has made certain revisions to the terms and conditions of the Fund. The material change in the terms and conditions include the following:

Title	Existing Terms & Conditions	Revised Terms & Conditions
Value Added Tax (VAT)	5%	15%

#### 15 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements was 31 December 2020 (2019: 31 December 2019).

#### 16 APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Fund's Board on 25 Sha'ban 1442H corresponding to 07 April 2021G.