YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2024 Together with the Independent Auditor's Report

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed by Yaqeen Capital) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2024

INDEX	PAGE
Independent auditor's report on financial statements	1 – 3
Statement of financial position	4
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	5
Statement of changes in net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders	6
Statement of cash flows	7
Notes to the financial statements	8-23



KPMG Professional Services Company

Roshn Front, Airport Road P.O. Box 92876 Riyadh 11663 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Commercial Registration No 1010425494

Headquarters in Riyadh

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Yaqeen Saudi Equity ETF

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Yaqeen Saudi Equity ETF** (the "Fund") managed by Yaqeen Capital (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in net assets (equity) attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards), that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Code"), that is relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code's requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, when made available to us, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

KPMG Professional Services Company, a professional closed joint stock company registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia with a paid-up capital of SAR110,000,000 and a non-partner member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee.

شركة كي بي ام جي للاستشارات المهنية مساهمة مهنية، شركة مساهمة مهنية منظة مسجلة في المملكة العربية السعودية، رأس ملها (١٩،٠٠٠،٠١٠) ريل سعودي منفوع بالكامل، وهي عضو غير شريك في الشبكة العالمية لشركت كي بي ام جي المستقلة والتابعة لـ كي بي ام جي العالمية. المحتودة بالخسان

شركة كي بي إم جي للاستشارات المهنية مساهمة مهنية واجهة روشن، طريق المطار صندوق بريد ٦٢٨٢٦ الرياض ١١٦٦٣ المملكة العربية السعودية سجل تجاري رقم ١٩٦٤٢٥٤٩٤

المركز الرئيسي في الرياض



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Yageen Saudi Equity ETF (continued)

Responsibilities of the Fund Manager and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA, the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority, the Fund's Terms and Conditions and for such internal control as Fund Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Fund Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, the Fund's Board, is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. 'Reasonable assurance' is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Fund Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, then we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Yaqeen Saudi Equity ETF (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG Professional Services Company

فيس داهم LIC NO. -1-1TOLAL 10 Hani Hamzah A. Bedairi G.R. 101042549 R : 2 License No: 460 G Professional Al Riyadh: 26 Ramadan 1446H Corresponding to: 26 March 2025

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 December 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	5	599,282	654,830
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
(FVTPL)	6	47,320,171	49,795,175
Dividends receivable	_	_	8,242
Total assets		47,919,453	50,458,247
Liabilities Management fee payable Other liabilities	7 8	68,265	72,457
	° -	68,266	72,457
Total liabilities	-	136,531	144,914
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders	-	47,782,922	50,313,333
Units in issue (numbers)		925,000	975,000
Net asset value per unit	-	51.66	51.60
Contingencies and commitments	9	-	-

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Income			
Dividend income		2,074,396	1,729,071
Fair value (loss) /gain on financial assets at FVTPL, net	6	(1,394,606)	6,086,193
	-	679,790	7,815,264
Expenses			
Management fee	7	(275,699)	(281,398)
Others	8	(275,700)	(281,398)
Total operating expenses	-	(551,399)	(562,796)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year		128,391	7,252,468
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	128,391	7,252,468
Weighted average number of units in issue	10	937,500	1,025,000
Earnings per unit (Basic and Diluted)	10	0.14	7.08

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders as at beginning of the year	50,313,333	45,637,012
Total comprehensive income for the year Unitholders subscriptions and redemptions:	128,391	7,252,468
Issuance of redeemable units during the year Redemption of redeemable units during the year Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders as at end	(2,658,802)	(2,576,147)
of the year	47,782,922	50,313,333
Movement in number of units		
The movement in number of units are as follows:		
	31 December 2024 Units	31 December 2023 Units
Number of units as at 1 January Issuance of redeemable units during the year Redemption of redeemable units during the year Number of units as at 31 December	975,000 - (50,000) 925,000	1,025,000 - (50,000) 975,000

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the year		128,391	7,252,468
Adjustment for non-cash items:		-)	., . ,
Net fair value loss / (gain) on financial assets at FVTPL	6	1,394,606	(6,086,193)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL	6	(1,550,699)	(1,322,861)
Sale of financial assets at FVTPL	6	2,631,097	2,821,311
Management fee payable		(4,192)	2,917
Other liabilities		(4,191)	2,917
Dividends receivable		8,242	(8,242)
Net cash generated in operating activities	-	2,603,254	2,662,317
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issuance of redeemable units during the year		-	-
Redemption of redeemable units during the year	_	(2,658,802)	(2,576,147)
Net cash used from financing activities	-	(2,658,802)	(2,576,147)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(55,548)	86,170
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		654,830	568,660
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5	599,282	654,830

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

1 General information

Yaqeen Saudi Equity ETF (the "Fund") is a fund established under contractual agreement between Yaqeen Capital (the "Fund Manager") and investors of the Fund (the "Unitholders"). The Fund's objectives are represented in achieving capital growth and gains in the long term through the inactive investment of a basket of shares of companies listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange, Tadawul for the purpose of achieving performance level similar to index performance before fees and expenses.

The address of the Fund manager is as follows:

Yaqeen Capital Company Olaya Street, P.O. 884 Riyadh 11421 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Yaqeen Capital Company is the administrator of the Fund. Further, Yaqeen Capital Company is assigned as the custodian of the Fund.

In dealing with the Unitholders, the Fund Manager considers the Fund as an independent accounting unit. Accordingly, the Fund Manager prepares separate financial statements for the Fund.

The Capital Market Authority (CMA) license was granted to the Fund on 12 Jumada Al Akhir 1429 H (corresponding to 16 June 2008). The Fund commenced its activities on 9 Rajab1429H (corresponding to 12 July 2008).

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") published by CMA on 3 Dhul Hija 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) as amended by the resolution of Capital Market Authority (CMA) Board on 16 Sha'aban 1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016). It is further amended by the resolution of CMA Board on 12 Rajab 1442H (corresponding to 24 February 2021).

1.1 Primary market operation (creation and redemption of units)

The primary market operations are only carried out by the Fund Manager who is the authorized Market Maker. The creation and redemption activities are done on the basis of blocks of exchange traded fund (ETF) units, referred to as "creation unit and redemption unit", respectively. The process of creation and redemption of ETF units is an in-kind basis whereby the Fund Manager and the Market Maker interexchange ETF units with the Fund and the basket of assets, through the custodian, for the purpose of creation and redemption of ETF units. The created units are then freely floated on the Saudi Stock Exchange, Tadawul for public trading.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and non-current assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity.

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

2.1 Statement of compliance (continued)

The Fund can recover or settle all its assets and liabilities within 12 months from the reporting date.

The Fund has also complied with Investment Funds Regulations published by CMA and Fund's terms and conditions, information memorandum and key information summary (collectively hereinafter referred to as "Terms and Conditions") with respect to preparation and presentation of these financial statements.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are measured at fair value.

Furthermore, these financial statements are prepared, using the accrual basis of accounting and are based on the going concern basis.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

2.4 Financial Year

The financial year of the Fund commences on 1 January and ends on 31 December of each calendar year.

2.5 Use of judgements and estimates

In the ordinary course of business, the preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. There are no areas of significant judgments or critical assumption used in the preparation of these financial statements.

3 Application of new and revised standards

3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted from 1 January 2024

The Fund applied for the first-time certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 but they had no material impact on these financial statements. The Company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF

(Managed By Yaqeen Capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

3 Application of new and revised standards (continued)

3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted from 1 January 2024 (continued)

Standard/interpretation	Description	Effective from periods beginning on or after
Amendment to IFRS 16 – Leases on sale and leaseback	These amendments include requirements for sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16 to explain how an entity accounts for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. Sale and leaseback transactions where some or all the lease payments are variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are most likely to be impacted.	1 January 2024
	These amendments require disclosures to enhance the transparency of supplier finance arrangements and their effects on a company's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The disclosure requirements are the IASB's response to investors' concerns that some companies' supplier finance arrangements are not sufficiently visible, hindering investors' analysis.	1 January 2024
current liabilities with covenants and Classification of	These amendments clarify how conditions with which an entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. The amendments also aim to improve information an entity provides related to liabilities subject to these conditions.	1 January 2024
IFRS S1, 'General requirements for disclosure of sustainability- related financial information	This standard includes the core framework for the disclosure of material information about sustainability-related risks and opportunities across an entity's value chain.	1 January 2024 subject to endorsement from SOCPA
IFRS S2, 'Climate-related disclosures'	This is the first thematic standard issued that sets out requirements for entities to disclose information about climate-related risks and opportunities.	1 January 2024 subject to endorsement from SOCPA

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The Fund intends to use the practical expedients in future periods if they become applicable.

3.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments not yet effective

There are a number of standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations which have been issued by the IASB that are effective in future accounting periods that the Fund has decided not to adopt early, and they do not have a significant impact on those financial statements.

The most significant of these are as follows:

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF

(Managed By Yaqeen Capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

3 Application of new and revised standards (continued)

3.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments not yet effective

Standard	Description	Effective from periods beginning on or after
Amendment to IFRS 21 – Lack of exchangeability	IASB amended IAS 21 to add requirements to help in determining whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency, and the spot exchange rate to use when it is not exchangeable. Amendment set out a framework under which the spot exchange rate at the measurement date could be determined using an observable exchange rate without adjustment or another estimation technique.	1 January 2025
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Partial gain or loss recognition for transactions between an investor and its associate or joint venture only apply to the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that do not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations and the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution to an associate or a joint venture of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 is recognized in full.	Effective date deferred indefinitely
Amendments to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures	Under the amendments, certain financial assets including those with ESG-linked features could now meet the SPPI criterion, provided that their cash flows are not significantly different from an identical financial asset without such a feature. The IASB has amended IFRS 9 to clarify when a financial asset or a financial liability is recognized and derecognized and to provide an exception for certain financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment	1 January 2026
IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	system. IFRS 18 provides guidance on items in statement of profit or loss classified into five categories: operating; investing; financing; income taxes and discontinued operations It defines a subset of measures related to an entity's financial performance as 'management-defined performance measures' ('MPMs'). The totals, subtotals and line items presented in the primary financial statements and items disclosed in the notes need to be described in a way that represents the characteristics of the item. It requires foreign exchange differences to be classified in the same category as the income and expenses from the items that	1 January 2027
IFRS 19, Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	resulted in the foreign exchange differences. IFRS 19 allows eligible subsidiaries to apply IFRS Accounting Standards with the reduced disclosure requirements of IFRS 19. A subsidiary may choose to apply the new standard in its consolidated, separate or individual financial statements provided that, at the reporting date it does not have public accountability and its parent produces consolidated financial statements under IFRS Accounting Standards.	1 January 2027

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

4 Material accounting policies

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as referred to in the statement of cash flows comprise current account with the bank.

4.2 Financial instruments

4.2.1 Initial recognition and measurement

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e. the date that the Fund executes purchase or sale of the assets). Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All other financial assets and liabilities (including assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are initially recognized on trade date at which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss. For all other financial assets and financial liabilities transaction costs are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

4.2.2 De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when the financial assets and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred.

4.2.3 Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost;
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Equity investments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets. Examples of equity instruments include basic ordinary shares.

4 Material accounting policies (continued)

4.2 Financial instruments (continued)

4.2.3 Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at FVTPL, except where the Fund's management has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investments at FVOCI. The Fund's policy is to designate equity investments as FVOCI when those investments are held for purposes other than to generate investment returns. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not subsequently reclassified to the profit or loss, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognized in the profit or loss as 'Dividend income' when the Fund's right to receive payments is established. The Fund has not classified any of its equity investments as FVOCI.

4.2.4 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Liabilities are recognized on an accrual basis for amounts to be paid in the future in return for services received, whether or not billed by the provider.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Fund has designated a financial liability at FVTPL.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

4.2.5 Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as 'active' if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market at the market price because this price provides a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

4.3 Net Assets (Equity) attributable to Unitholders

The net assets attributable to the Unitholders comprise units issued and accumulated profit generated by the Fund. The redeemable units are classified as equity as explained below.

(*i*) Units in issue

Units subscribed and redeemed are recorded at the net assets value per unit on the Valuation Day for which the subscription request and redemption applications are received.

The Fund classifies its units as equity as these units have all of the following features:

• It entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets (equity) in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

4 Material accounting policies (continued)

4.3 Net Assets (Equity) attributable to Unitholders (continued)

- It is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments.
- All financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features.
- The instrument does not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata shares of the Fund's net assets (equity).
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets (equity) of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition - in order to classify these instruments as equity - the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets (equity) or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets (equity) of the Fund; and.
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the instrument holders.

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the units. If the redeemable units cease to have any of the features or meet all the conditions set out in paragraphs 16A and 16B of IAS 32, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount in net assets (equity) attributable to Unitholders. The subscription and redemption of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions as long as units are classified as equity.

(ii) Trading in the units

Units of the Fund are made available for purchase only in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia at Saudi Stock Exchange (Tadawul) by natural and corporate persons. The net asset value of the Fund is determined on the Valuation Day by dividing the net value of assets (fair value of total assets minus liabilities) by the total number of outstanding units on the relevant Valuation Day.

4.4 Net assets (equity) value per unit

Net assets value per unit disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Funds by the number of units in issue at the reporting date.

4.5 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the amount can be reliably measured, regardless of when payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts and taxes.

4 Material accounting policies (continued)

4.5 **Revenue recognition (continued)**

Realized gains and losses on investments at FVTPL sold are determined on a weighted average cost basis. Dividend income is recognized in the profit or loss when declared (i.e. when the Fund's right to receive the dividend is established).

4.6 Management fee, custody fee and other expenses

The Fund's expenses include management fee, custody fee and other expenses. These expenses are recognised on accrual basis. Management and custody fee are based on predetermined rates as specified in the Terms and Conditions of the Fund. In accordance with terms and conditions of the Fund, the annual rate of the Fund's expenses shall not exceed 1% of net assets value. Detailed policies are as follows:

4.6.1 Management fee

The Fund Manager charges the Fund, on every Valuation Day on daily basis, a management fee at an annual rate of 0.5% (31 December 2023: 0.5%) of the Fund's net assets value. These charges are calculated and accrued on each dealing day.

4.6.2 Custody fee

The Fund accrues custody fee expense at an annual rate of 0.03% (31 December 2023: 0.03%) of the net assets value. These charges are calculated and accrued on each dealing day.

4.6.3 Administrative fee

The Fund accrues administrative fee at an annual rate of 0.22% of the Fund's net assets value at each valuation day of the Fund's net assets value. These charges are calculated and accrued on each dealing day

4.6.4 Index fee

The Fund accrues index fee at an annual rate of 0.10% of the Fund's net assets value at each valuation day of the Fund's net assets value. These charges are calculated and accrued on each dealing day.

4.6.5 Listing and recording fee

The Fund accrues index fee at an annual rate of 0.08% of the Fund's net assets value at each valuation day of the Fund's net assets value. These charges are calculated and accrued on each dealing day.

5 Cash and cash equivalent

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash at bank	599,282	654,830

Cash and cash equivalent comprise balances held with Banque Saudi Fransi which has a A1 long term credit rating as per Moody's.

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

This represents investments in shares of Saudi joint stock enterprises listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange, Tadawul.

Detail of equity investments of the Fund are as follows:

Balance as at 31 December

		31 December	31 December
Sectors		2024	2023
Energy		23,709,045	20,304,156
Banks		9,207,920	11,838,815
Utilities		3,380,072	3,355,053
Material		3,049,926	5,753,892
Telecommunication services		2,005,763	2,707,205
Health care equipment and Services		1,252,520	979,797
Food and beverages		1,247,070	1,403,405
Real estate management and development		1,097,326	1,050,551
Insurance		830,680	828,422
Software & Services		536,315	540,345
Media and entertainment		407,000	347,598
Capital goods		331,409	235,690
Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Retail		265,125	-
Retailing		-	450,246
		47,320,171	49,795,175
		31 December	31 December
		2024	2023
Opening balance		49,795,175	45,207,432
Purchased during the year		1,550,699	1,322,861
Sold during the year		(2,631,097)	(2,821,311)
		48,714,777	43,708,982
Realized fair value gain, net for the year		65,569	558,376
Unrealized fair value (loss)/ gain, net for the year		(1,460,175)	5,527,817
Net fair value (loss) / gain on financial assets at FVT	PL	(1,394,606)	6,086,193
Closing balance		47,320,171	49,795,175
7 Management fee payable			
	Note	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Balance as at 1 January		72,457	69,540
Expense for the year	7.1	275,699	281,398
Payment during the year		(279,891)	(278,481)

68,265

72,457

7 Management fee payable (continued)

7.1 The Fund Manager charges management fee as per the terms and conditions of the Fund, the fund pays management fees to the fund manager a rate of 0.5% per annum (31 December 2023: 0.5%) of the net assets value at each valuation date.

8 Other liabilities

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Balance as at 1 January	72,457	69,540
Expense for the year	275,700	281,398
Payments during the year	(279,891)	(278,481)
Balance as at 31 December	68,266	72,457

Other fees include custody fee and other expenses which are based on predetermined rates as specified in the Terms and Conditions of the Fund. These expenses are recognised on accrual basis.

9 Contingencies and commitments

There were no contingencies and commitments as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

10 Earnings per unit (Basic and Diluted)

Basic and diluted loss per unit for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 have been computed by dividing net loss for the year by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary units during the year.

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
	100 001	
Profit for the year	128,391	7,252,468
Weighted average number of outstanding units	937,500	1,025,000
Basic and diluted earnings per unit	0.14	7.08

11 Related party transactions and balances

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. The related parties of the Fund include Fund Manager, the Fund's Board and other Funds managed by the Fund Manager

In the ordinary course of business, the Fund transacts with its related parties that are in turn subject to the Fund's terms and conditions approved by the CMA. The Fund entered into the following transactions with its related parties during the year and the balances arising from these transactions are also mentioned below.

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF

(Managed By Yaqeen Capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

11 Related party transactions and balances (continued)

			Transactions for the year		ear Balance as at	
			31	31	31	31
		Nature of	December	December	December	December
Related party	Relationship	transaction	2024	2023	2024	2023
		Management fee (note 7)	(275,699)	(281,398)	68,265	72,457
		Custody fee and other expenses (note 8)	(275,700)	(281,398)	68,266	72,457
Yaqeen Capital	Fund Manager	Net investment in / (disposal of) Fund's units held by the Fund Manager – 265,149 units (31 December 2023: 182,372 units	4,118,035	1,261,417	13,232,657	9,411,019
Yaqeen IPO Fund	Fund managed by the Fund Manager	Net investment in Fund's units held by another fund managed by the Fund Manager – Nil units (31 December 2023: 15,289)	(747,968)	768,994	-	793,499

The Fund pays management fees, fees and other expenses calculated at each Valuation Day in the percentages shown below of the Fund's net assets value.

	Annual Percentage Rate
Management fees Other fees and expenses, including:	0.5%
Administrative fees	0.22%
Custody fees	0.03%
Index fees	0.10%
Listing and recording fees	0.08%
Other	0.07%

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fund, the annual rate of the Fund's expenses shall not exceed 1% of the net assets value. In addition, the Fund Manager bears any other expenses paid on behalf of the Fund including auditors' remuneration for the audit of Fund's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 amounting to SR 77,000 (2023: SR 48,500).

12 Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market at a market price, because this price is assessed to be a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for assets and liabilities.

Investments are based on prices quoted in active markets classified as level 1 and include quoted equity instruments. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

The fund has classified investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) as level 1 as per the fair value hierarchy. During the year, there has been no transfer in fair value hierarchy. For other financial assets and liabilities, such as cash and cash equivalents, management fee payable and other liabilities, the carrying values were determined to be a reasonable approximation of fair value due to their nature.

13 Financial instrument - risk management

The principal investment objectives of the Fund are to provide investors with income and capital growth over medium and long term by trading in equity and other instruments.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager, which is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

13 Financial instrument - risk management (continued)

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Fund's policy is to conclude financial instrument contracts with reputable counterparties. The Fund seeks to reduce credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, setting limits for transactions with specific counterparties, and constantly assessing the solvency of such parties.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash and cash equivalent (note 5)	599,282	654,830
Dividend receivable		8,242
	599,282	633,072

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses ("ECL") using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any ECL.

All financial assets were considered for ECL as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023. However, the impact of ECL on these assets was immaterial as the Fund is not exposed to significant credit risk and there is no history of default on recovery of these balances.

The Fund Manager reviews the credit concentration of the investment portfolio, depending on the counterparties. The Fund is not currently exposed to credit risk within its investment portfolio. The cash and cash equivalent balance is deposited with Banque Saudi Fransi, which has an external credit rating from Moody's with a credit quality of A1.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its commitments associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value.

The Fund's Terms and Conditions provide for the subscription and redemptions of units on dealing days during the week and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting Unitholders' redemptions. The Fund's investments are readily realizable, and the units can easily be redeemed at any time. The Fund Manager monitors the liquidity requirements on a regular basis and seeks to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions, liquidation of the investment portfolio, or obtaining funding from related parties.

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF

(Managed By Yaqeen Capital)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(All amounts are in Saudi Riyals unless stated otherwise)

13 **Financial instrument - risk management (continued)**

b) Liquidity risk (continued)

31 December 2024	Up to one year	More than one year and up to five years	More than five years	Total
Financial liabilities				
Management fee				
payable	68,265	-	-	68,265
Other liabilities	68,266	-	-	68,266
	136,531	-	-	136,531
		More than one year and up to	More than five	
31 December 2023	Up to one year	five years	years	Total
Financial liabilities	• • •	•	•	
Management fee				
payable	72,457	-	-	72,457
Other liabilities	72,457	-	-	72,457

Maturity profile

The table below shows an analysis of financial assets and financial liabilities according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled, respectively. The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows which equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

_

144,914

_

144,914

31 December 2024	Up to one year	More than one year	No fixed maturity	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	599,282	599,282
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	-	-	47,320,171	47,320,171
	-	-	47,919,453	47,919,453
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	68,265	-	-	68,265
Other liabilities	68,266	-	-	68,266
	136,531	-	-	136,531
	Up to	More than	No fixed	
31 December 2023	one year	one year	maturity	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	654,830	654,830
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	-	-	49,795,175	49,795,175
Dividends receivables	8,242	-	-	8,242
	8,242	-	50,450,005	50,458,247
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	72,457	-	-	72,457
Other liabilities	72,457	-	-	72,457
	144,914	-	-	144,914

13 Financial instrument - risk management (continued)

- c) Market risk
- *i)* Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates.

The functional currency of the Fund is Saudi Riyals. As the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in its functional currency, the Fund is not subject to currency risk.

ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than foreign currency movements. The price risk arises primarily from uncertainty about the future prices of the financial instruments that the Fund holds.

The Fund Manager closely monitors the price movement of the Fund financial instruments listed at Saudi Stock Exchange, Tadawul. The Fund Manager manages the risk through diversification of the investment portfolio by investing in various industry sectors.

Industry concentration of the equity investments of the Fund are as follows:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
Sectors	%	Saudi Riyals	%	Saudi Riyals
Energy	50.10%	23,709,045	40.78%	20,304,156
Banks	19.46%	9,207,920	23.78%	11,838,815
Utilities	7.14%	3,380,072	6.74%	3,355,053
Material	6.45%	3,049,926	11.56%	5,753,892
Telecommunication services	4.24%	2,005,763	5.44%	2,707,205
Health care equipment and Services	2.65%	1,252,520	1.97%	979,797
Food and beverages	2.64%	1,247,070	2.82%	1,403,405
Real estate management and			2.11%	
development	2.32%	1,097,326		1,050,551
Insurance	1.76%	830,680	1.66%	828,422
Software & Services	1.13%	536,315	1.09%	540,345
Media and entertainment	0.86%	407,000	0.70%	347,598
Capital goods	0.70%	331,409	0.47%	235,690
Consumer Discretionary Distribution &			0.00%	
Retail	0.56%	265,125		-
Retailing	-	-	0.90%	450,246
-	_	47,320,171	_	49,795,175

The effect of a 5% increase in the value of the equity investments keeping all other variants constant held at the reporting date would result in an increase in the increase in profit for the year and increase in net assets by SR 2,366,009 (2023: Saudi Riyals 2,489,759). A 5% decrease in their value would, on the same basis, decrease the profit for the year and decrease net assets by the same amount.

YAQEEN SAUDI EQUITY ETF (Managed By Yaqeen Capital) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (All amounts are in Saudi Rivals unless stated otherwise)

14 Capital management

The capital of the Fund is represented by net assets (equity) attributable to holders of the units in issue. The net assets (equity) attributable to unitholders can change significantly on each Valuation Day, as the Fund is subject to subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders on every Valuation Day, as well as changes resulting from the Fund's performance. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for Unitholders, provide benefits for other stakeholders and maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

The Fund Board and the Fund Manager monitor capital on the basis of the value of net assets (equity) attributable to Unitholders.

15 Unit Value Reconciliation

Financial asset held at amortized cost was considered for ECL as on 31 December 2024. However, the impact of ECL on this asset was immaterial as cash and cash equivalent is held with a bank having sound credit rating and there is no history of default this balance. Accordingly, these financial statements do not contain any ECL adjustment and therefore reconciliation of the unit price calculated according to the applicable financial reporting framework to the unit price calculated for the purpose of unit transactions is not required.

15 Last Valuation Day

The Fund units are valued, and the net assets value is calculated at the end of each working day (valuation day). The last day of valuation was 31 December 2024.

17 Subsequent Events

There are no events subsequent to the year end which require adjustment or disclosure to these financial statements.

18 Approval of the financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board on 24 March 2025.