جدوى ريت السعودية Jadwa REIT Saudi

2021 ANNUAL REPORT





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reit.jadwa.com

بساالت التيك



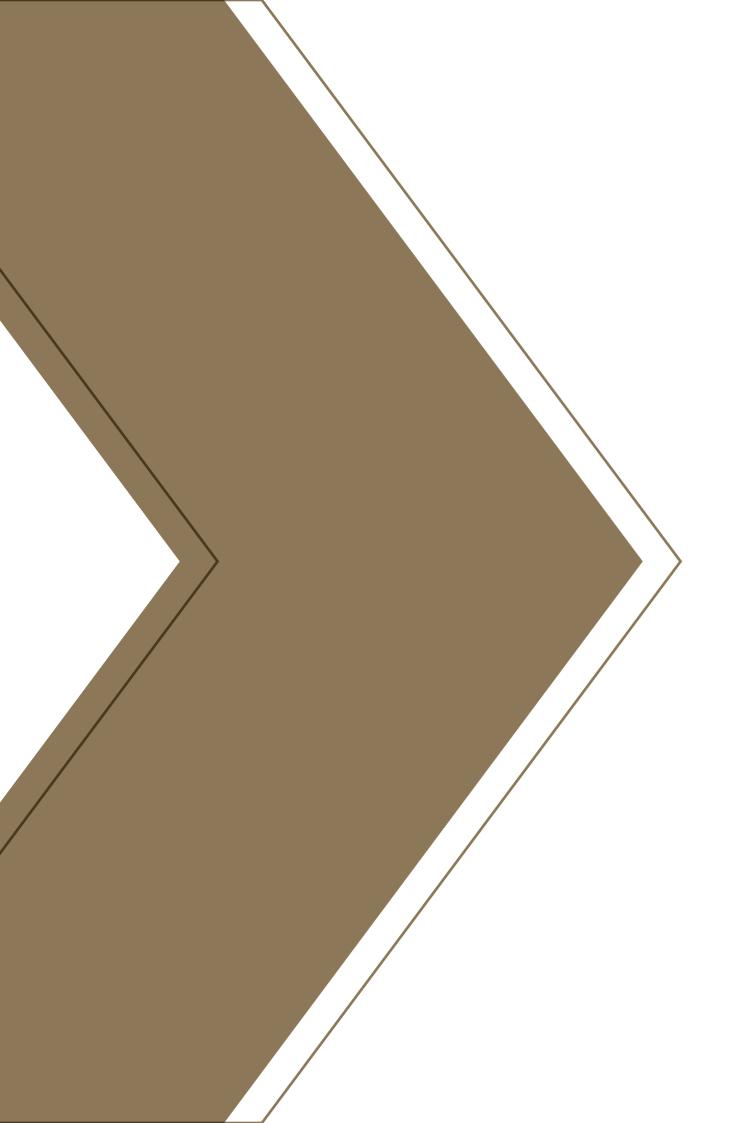
His MajestyKing Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al Saud
Custodian Of The Two Holy Mosques



His Royal Highness Prince

Mohammed Bin Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al Saud

Crown Prince, First Deputy Prime Minister



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Fund
Manager's
Message To
Unit Holders

Dear Unit Holders

We are pleased to present to you the annual report of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund for year 2021 and would like to thank the unit holders for their continuous support, trust, and belief in the Fund during the past year. Following the unusual year of 2020 which saw an unprecedented event in our recent history represented by the emergence of one of the most fast-spreading viruses in human history "COVID-19", which imposed a global lockdown and had a tangible negative toll on the world's economy. The year 2021 could be labeled as the year of recovery as in the first guarter it witnessed the global distribution and administration of multiple FDA approved vaccines, all major countries were competing to secure supply of the vaccine and to raise the percentage of vaccinated population within their respective countries, this trend has continued resulting in achieving high percentage of vaccinated population and a huge and noticeable global decrease in the number of COVID-19 infections and as a result to that, precautionary measures represented in the form of full / partial lockdown, travel ban and social distancing have been mostly and significantly been alleviated. And of course due to this, economy has recovered from the downfall of March 2020 and even surpassed recent historical levels. And more specifically, the Real Estate market in Saudi Arabia is now witnessing one of the most active periods in terms of number and volume of transactions. Having said that, we are happy to report that Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund continued its strong growth momentum through strategized acquisitions and even maintained its stable quarterly dividends distributions.

Since inception, the Fund distributed 16 quarterly cash dividends with a total amount

of SAR 2.89 per unit (SAR 462.32mn). The year 2021 was a healthy year for the Fund which saw its growth in size by 22% from SAR 2.79bn in 2020 to SAR 3.40bn in 2021, taking the number of properties and investments to a total of ten.

During 2021, Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund continued to expand its underlying portfolio by completing its first additional offering of SAR 370mn to complete the previously announced acquisition of one of the most prominent commercial destinations in North of Riyadh, the Riyadh Boulevard (the "Property"). The property is leased to multi-tenants at 97% occupancy rate and is generating a net operating income of SAR 29.6 million This acquisition has further enhanced the sectoral diversification of the Fund and is already making positive contributions to the Fund's performance and quarterly distributions. Moreover, the funding structure of this acquisition has strengthened the financial position of the Fund to further capitalize on attractive market opportunities.

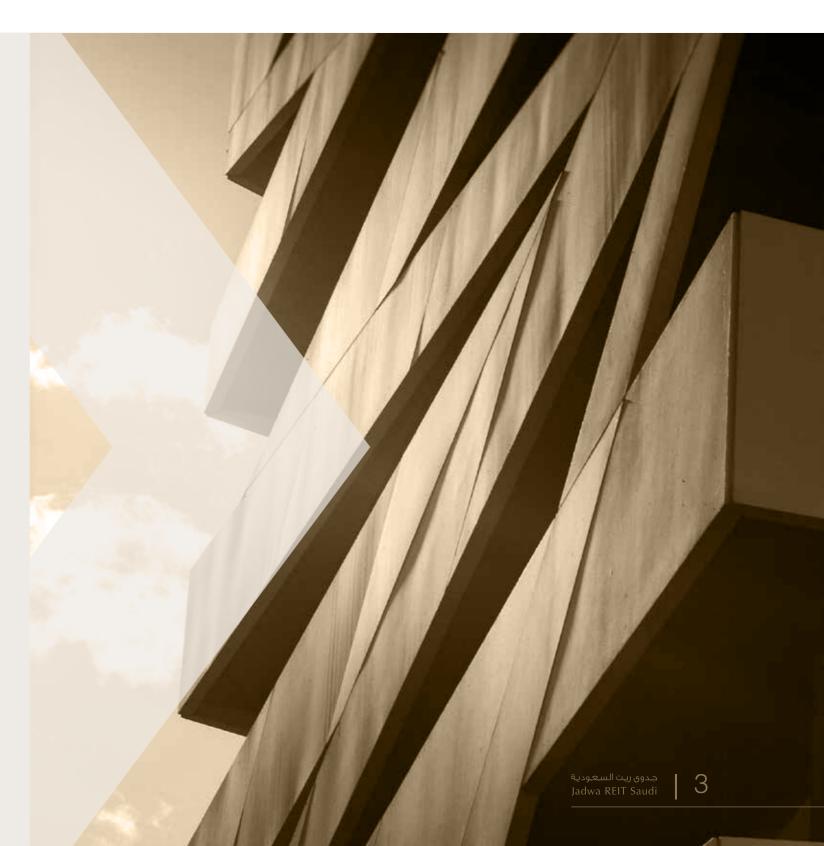
Jadwa REIT Saudi is marching into 2022 with a strong conviction and positive outlook into the market as we foresee normality resuming and the last remnants of the outbreak effects are slowly but surely fading. The next twelve months will surely present new challenges and exciting opportunities, in which the Fund is in an optimal position to benefit from. With its available credit line facility on hand and low leverage, the Fund is on track to deploy more capital and grow the portfolio through more acquisitions of accretive high-quality assets.



REIT At A Glance











Portfolio Characteristics

	2019	2020	2021
Number of properties	8	8	9
Sectors	Residential, Logistics, Commercial, Retail, Education, Hospitality	Residential, Logistics, Commercial, Retail, Education, Hospitality	Residential, logistics, Commercial, Retail, Educational, Hospitality
Total Land area (sq. meter)	387,442	387,442	406,296.35
Total BUA	452,014	452,014	488,006
Portfolio Occupancy	99.4%	100%	99.6%
Number of Tenants	6	6	50
WAULT	5.2	4.2	4.27
Fair Market Value	1,839,735,000	1,844,170,000	2,074,567,500

Fund's Performance

	2019	2020	2021
Net Asset Value (Cost)	1,537,698,355	1,576,451,066	1,851,058,639
Net Asset Value (Fair Value)	1,765,571,631	1,850,012,969	2,093,099,769
Fair Value NAV per unit	11.17	11.71	11.22
Highest Fair Value NAV per unit	11.17	11.71	11.69
Lowest Fair Value NAV per unit	11.06	11.17	11.13
Number of issued units	158,000,000	158,000,000	186,509,785
Distributed Dividends Per Unit	0.73	0.73	0.78
Expense Ratio	0.92%	0.77%	0.79%
Annual return	7.89%	11.37%	2.48%
Unearned revenue to revenue	1.7%	2.2%	1.3%
Non cash expenses to net income	51.9%	26.4%	148.7%
LTV	7.6%	26.5%	24.5%
Loan Maturity Date		July-31-2023	

Fund's Returns Profile

2018	2019	2020	2021	
16.70%	7.89%	11.37%	2.48%	
1-Year return	3-Years	votuvo	Cinco incontion returns	
1-Teal Tetuili	3-Tears	return	Since inception returns	

Annual Fund Expenses

	2021
Management Fee	13,485,753
Registrar Fee	400,000
Listing Fee	500,539
Custodian Fee	320,877
Administrator Fee	259,951
Auditor Fee	40,000.00
Board Oversight Fee	20,000.00
Other Fund Fees	4,551,011
Grand Total	19,578,131
Expense Ratio	0.79%

Percentage of each property rent to the total Fund's rent

Property	2019	2020	2021
Al Marefa University	12.6%	12.4%	12.2%
Marvella Complex	39.2%	38.6%	37.1%
Al Sulay Industrial Facility	15.7%	15.4%	14.8%
Al Youm Tower	19.8%	19.5%	15.9%
Al Fanar Complex	5.9%	5.8%	5.6%
Roud Al Jenan School	2.0%	1.9%	1.9%
Labour Court	4.7%	4.6%	4.5%
Aber Al yasmin hotel	0.1%	1.7%	1.6%
Riyadh Boulevard	0.0%	0.0%	6.4%

Annual Fund Perfomance Comparison

Tadawul All Share Index: a stock market index which tracks the performance of all companies listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange. Tadawul REITs Index: a stock market index which tracks the performance of all REITs listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange.

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund	Tadawul All Share Index	Tadawul REITS Index
12.75%	33.19%	12.73%

^{*} The annual return for the Fund is calculated based on the capital gain from the changes in the unit trading price plus dividends yield

Special commission

No special commission has been received by the Fund manager during 2021

Section 2 **PORTFOLIO DESCRIPTION**

Portfolio Description



Portfolio Allocation by Sector



^{*}The portfolio allocation by sector only includes the direct investment in real estate income generating assets

Targeted Assets by the Fund Manager

Currently there are no active transactions, however the fund manager is constantly screening for new investments

Portfolio Occupancy as of 31 December 2021*

100%

Percentage of leased assets to the total portfolio of income generating assets

0%

Percentage of unleased assets to the total portfolio of income generating assets

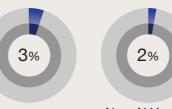
Portfolio Allocation by Asset











Al Fanar

Complex











Eastern Province Al Yaum Tower Al Fanar Complex Eastern Province Riyadh 💡

Riyadh Marvella Complex Al Maarefa University Al Sulay Industrial Facility **Labour Court** Aber Al Yasmin Hotel Raud Al Jenan School Boulevard Riyadh

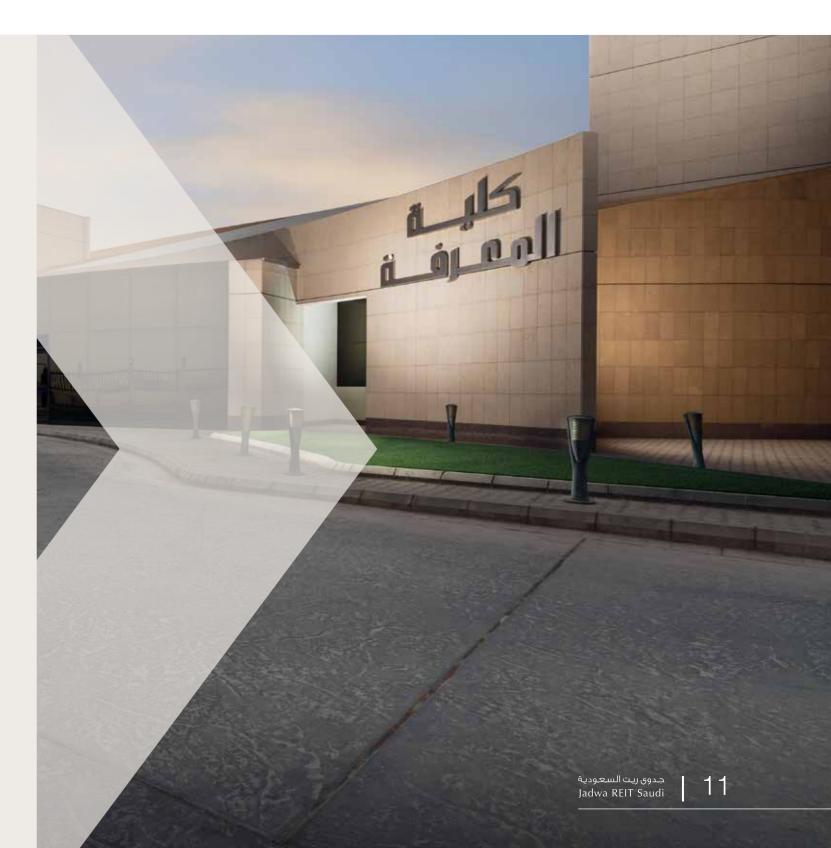
^{*} The portfolio occupancy only includes the direct investment in real estate income generating assets

Al Maarefa University



 Al Maarefa University is a four-story school building with a two-level basement, mezzanine and roof floor built mainly of concrete, with a BUA of approximately 41,830 sq.m.

Location	Al Dereyah, Riyadh
Acquisition Price	200,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.0%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	227,715,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	16 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	9%

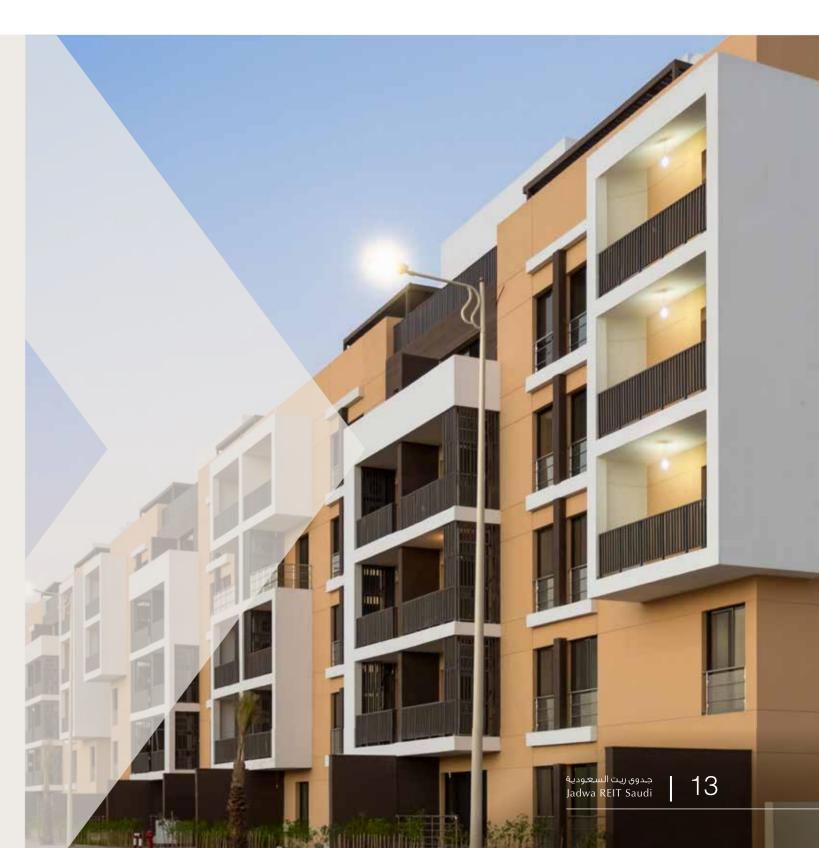


Marvella Complex



- Marvella complex is a mixed-use The compound consists of three types development compound comprising of 594 residential apartments and 21 retail shops. It consists of several five-story buildings, each with basement parking and built mainly of concrete.
 - of residential buildings (A, B and C), a commercial building and a mosque, with a total built-up area of 154,282.52

Location	Al Hamra District, Riyadh
Acquisition Price	606,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.3%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	612,500,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	1 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	24%







- This property is an industrial complex with The Office & Accommodation Building 42 warehouses, office & accommodation buildings, guardhouses, a concrete perimeter wall and an asphalted open area. The total built-up area is 143,400 sq.m.
 - is a two-story. The ground floor is used for offices, while the first floor is for labor accommodation The industrial compound is equipped with a firefighting system.

Location	Al Sulay District, Riyadh
Acquisition Price	221,680,000
Net Acquisition Yield	9.0%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	242,100,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	1 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	9%



Al Yaum Tower



• Al Yaum Tower is a 16-story office building with a three-level basement building wi building with a three-level basement built mainly of concrete.

Location	Al Dammam
Acquisition Price	275,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.7%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	219,150,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	5.7 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	8%



Al Fanar Complex



- commercial, office and residential complex development, which includes the Al Fanar Mall and six residential apartment buildings.
- The ground floor is mainly used as a mall with a total built- up area of 30,651 sq. m.
- Al Fanar Complex is a mixed-use The residential apartment complex has six identical six-story buildings, with a total of 162 apartment units. The buildings have a total built-up area of 32,523 sq.m.

Location	Al Khobar
Acquisition Price	243,940,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.3%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	264,650,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	2.2 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	10%



Raud Al Jenan School



- Raud AlJenan school building consist The building is equipped with of three floors, roof floor and parking basement. It is mainly built with reinforced concrete structure with glass, aluminum cladding, painted walls and partly marble façades.
 - firefighting system, elevator and stair, and air-conditioning system. The building was built on a rectangular land with a land area of 3,000 square meters. constructed circa 1430 with a total built-up area of 9,700 square meters.

Location	Riyadh
Acquisition Price	25,650,000
Net Acquisition Yield	9.8%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	31,825,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	6.4 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	1%

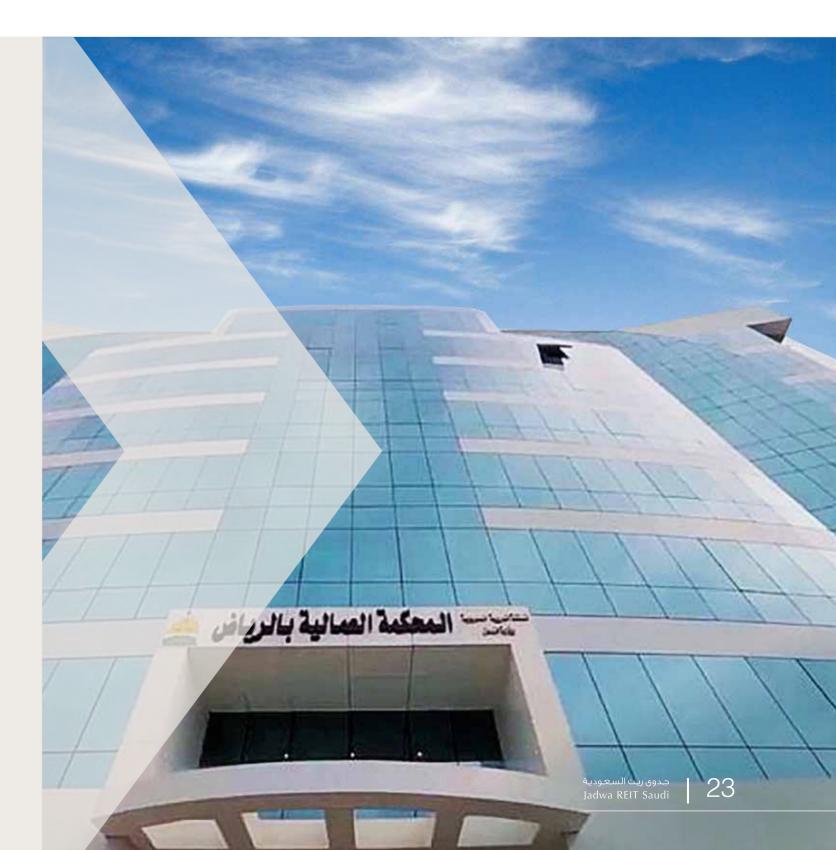


Labour Court



- Labor Court Olaya building is an eight- The office building was built on a land story with two level basement parking, mainly built of reinforced concrete structure with glass and aluminum cladding façade exterior wall.
 - with an area of 3,300 square meters. It was reportedly constructed circa 1438 hijri with a total built-up area of 8,312 square meters.

Location	Riyadh
Acquisition Price	59,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	10.2%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	70,797,500
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	2.5 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	3%







with mezzanine and basement parking, mainly built of reinforced concrete structure with glass panel and concrete exterior wall.

• Aber Al Yasmin Hotel is a two-story • The building was built on a land with an area of 3,640 square meters. It was reportedly constructed circa 1438H hijri with a total built-up area including the basement of 6,405 square meters. The hotel occupied 4,172 square meters of the GLA and the retail GLA vacancy is 2,007 square meters that includes mezzanine.

Location	Riyadh
Acquisition Price	34,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	9.1%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	40,320,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	9.5 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	2%



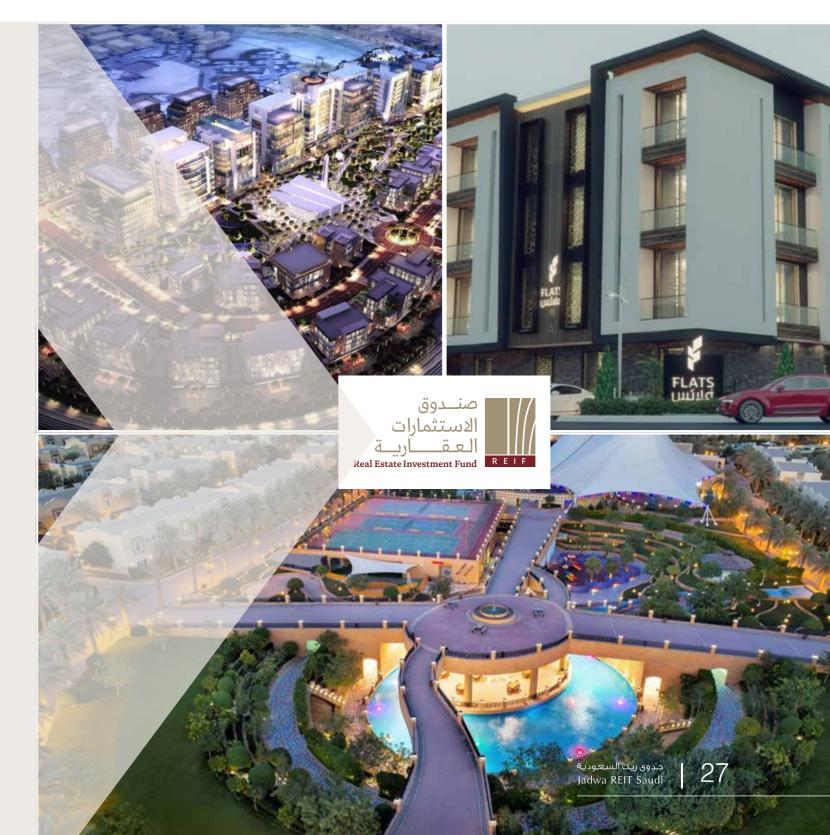


- ended Shariah-compliant real estate investment fund. The objective of Real Estate Investment Fund is to provide investors with a stable stream of income and capital appreciation in the medium and long term through the acquisition of income-generating real estate assets in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

 • Real Estate Investment Fund targets a fund size of 10 billion Courd Division Courd D
- Real Estate Investment Fund has a term of 10 years, which can be extended for two additional periods of five years each.
- Real Estate Investment Fund acquisitions were funded by accepting in-kind and cash subscriptions in the amount of 1.5 billion Saudi riyals, and the remainder was funded by obtaining bank loans amounting to 1.3 billion Saudi Riyals from Saudi banks for a period of five years, provided that the full amount of the financing is to be paid at the end of the fifth year.
- Real Estate Investment Fund, a closed- The initial portfolio of assets for Real Estate Investment Fund comprises of 3 income-generating properties which are: Al Nakhla Residential Compound, REIF Flats, Seven commercial, office and service towers in the "Laysen Valley" project.
 - fund size of 10 billion Saudi Riyals, while the initial closing successfully raised the amount of 2.8 billion Saudi riyals.

Value of Investment	518,400,000
Expected Five Years Average Annual Return	10%
Number of Underlying Properties	3
% of Total Fund Portfolio	20%



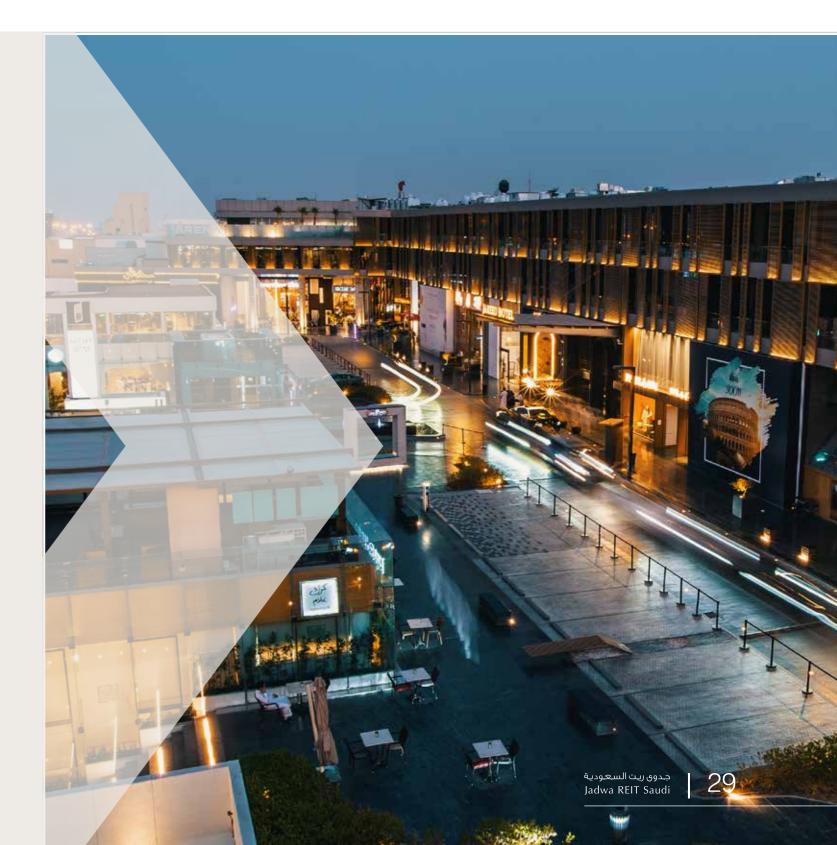


Riyadh Boulevard



 A mixed-use retail project between retail, restaurants, offices and a hotel located in the Hittin district, Riyadh, with a total built-up area of 35,992 square meters. It overlooks directly on the main road (Prince Turki Ibn Abdulaziz I Road)

Acquisition price	320,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	7.7%
Number of Tenants	43
Fair Valuation Estimation	365,510,000
Occupancy Rate	97%
Remaining lease term	7
% of total Fund portfolio	14%



Section 3 **RISK REPORT**





Fund Details

Fund Name	Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund
Fund Manager	Jadwa Investment Company
Listing Exchange	Tadawul (Saudi) Stock Exchange in February 2018
Type of Fund	Closed-ended Shariah Compliant
Authorized Capital	SAR 1,865,097,850
Fair Value NAV per unit	SAR 11.22 (as of 31 Dec 2021)
No. of Properties	9
Risk Level	Below Average / Low

Key Risks

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Economic Risk	Changes in economic conditions, including, for example, inflation, new government regulations, political events and trends can affect the Fund's prospects	Regular monitoring of macroeconomic conditions and regulatory trends in laws is being carried out by the Fund Manager. Proactive steps are taken to mitigate or minimize the impact as much as possible.
	Failure to adhere to laws, rules and regulations as stipulated by CMA can result in suspension of trading or cancelation of the Fund's listing.	No observations raised in the last CMA audit The Fund Manager has recruited qualified personnel to manage the Fund and monitor all regulatory requirements such as compliance and risk management. These qualified personnel take all necessary steps for establishing and confirming to avoid any noncompliant practices under the supervision of the Fund Manager
Occupancy Risk	Risk when expected occupancy rates are not achieved, which affects the profitability of the Fund.	All properties acquired by the Fund have strong economic fundamentals and cash-generation characteristics, thus providing significant margins of safety on occupancy rates. The Fund normally engages in long term leases ranging between 3 and 20 years with notice period of 12 months, which also mitigates the risk of not achieving the expected occupancy rates.
Development Risk	Development risks associated with real estate projects under development include: Delay in construction, costs exceeding planned allocations that may affect the profitability and / or financial feasibility of the Project.	Currently, all the properties owned by the Fund are fully developed. Thereby there is no development risk exposure towards the Fund.
Credit Risk	Risks relating to the inability of tenants to meet their payment obligations towards the Fund.	Credit analysis/ assessment is conducted by the Fund Manager before on boarding any new tenants. For the existing tenants, regular monitoring of outstanding dues towards the Fund and follow up for payments is done by the Fund Manager.





Key Risks

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Financing Risk	Financing risk occurs when the Fund is unable to raise financing from market to continue/ expand its operation.	The Fund has a committed SAR 1 billion credit line facility from Banque Saudi Fransi out of which 397 million is unutilised, which assures that the financing risk is at a minimal
Lease Renewal Risk	Lease renewal risk is the risk of nonrenewal of existing leases or renewal at lower than current lease rate that might impact the rental income of the Fund.	The Fund enters into long-term operating lease contracts with tenants for space in its investment properties with lease terms ranging between 3 and 20 years. These operating leases provide tenant to pay the base rent with provisions for contractual increase in the rent.
Risk of neglecting the property	Any adverse event leading to structural damage to properties owned by the Fund thereby risking the income generating potential from such properties.	All the properties are insured by the Fund which covers for all property damages. The Fund Manager ensures that the insurance coverage is adequate under public liability and property all risks insurance.
Counterparty Concentration Risk	This risk arises when a single counterparty has the most concentration of leased assets, this might lead to an adverse condition if the counterparty has troubles in future.	A major portion of the Fund's leasing income is derived from Al Muhaideb Group. If, this lessee was to serve the Fund notice in the next few years, it could expose the Fund to a high cashflow risk. This risk is being mitigated by growing the portfolio over a range of tenants and diversification of the Fund by investing in other funds. During 2021, The Fund has received a dividend payment from the investment in the real estate investment Fund which represents 11% of the Fund's total revenue.
Sector Concentration R i s k	This risk arises when all assets belong to the same sector, this might lead to an adverse condition if that location has trouble in future.	The Fund has diversified the real estate assets across office, residential, commercial and hospitality properties. And it continuously explores various options for diversification.

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Interest Rate Risk	The risk arises due to increase in interest rate impacting the Fund's net income.	The Fund Manager analyses its interest rate exposure on a regular basis by monitoring interest rate trends and believes that the impact of such changes is not significant to the Fund. In addition to this, the Fund has revolving credit line with profit rates reset every 6 months at SAIBOR + 2%.
Liquidity Risk	The risk of the Fund not being able to meet short term financial demands or unable to meet any payment obligations for exiting property.	Cash flow generated from operating the property portfolio represents the primary source of liquidity used to service the interest on debt, fund's general and administrative expenses. The Fund Manager ensures that there are adequate funds to repay obligation in a timely and cost-effective manner. The Fund has an unutilised line of credit of SAR 397 million with bank which partly mitigates the liquidity risk.
Asset Valuation Risk	Incorrect valuation of the properties resulting in notional and reputational losses.	The Fund Manager ensures clear communication of most up to date required information to the external professional valuators for valuation of the properties to reduce the risk of inaccurate valuation. Moreover, valuations are carried out by two independent valuators accredited by the Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuators (TAQEEM). The Fund Manager uses the average of two valuations for reporting and decision making.





Key Risks

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG) Risk	risks refer to the three factors in measuring	As part of the traditional financial analysis and due diligence, the risks arising due to environmental issues of properties and environmental regulation are accounted in the valuation processes by the independent valuators. The increased awareness of Fund Manager about ESG risks, do not guarantee that its financial results will not be negatively impacted by the occurrence of any such event.

Conclusion

The Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund is exposed The Fund is well diversified between to various risks as identified above which commercial, industrial and residential may impact the performance of the Fund. properties, which lowers the sector These risks have been mitigated by concentration risk of the Fund. the actions taken by the Fund Manager The Fund has acquired additional to some extent. The Fund Manager is property in 2021 by raising capital. continuously exploring new investments and diversification opportunities to Mn helps the Fund maintain a flexible provide a stable stream of income to the balance sheet for acquiring new assets investors.

in REIF has resulted in the diversification "Below Average / Low" of income.

Unutilized credit facility of SAR 397 swiftly and efficiently.

The Fund is exposed to a counterparty There has been improvement in the concentration risk since a major portion Fund's performance in 2021 as compared of the leasing income is derived from Al to 2020. Overall risk of the Fund has Muhaideb Group. However, investment improved from "Average / Moderate" to







About the REIT

The Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund is a closed-ended Shariah- compliant real estate investment-traded Fund that is managed by Jadwa Investment Company. The Fund operates in accordance with the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations and the REIT Instructions issued.

Name	Jadwa Investment Company
Address	Sky Towers, Fourth Floor, King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 60677, Riyadh, 11555, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Website	www.jadwa.com

About Jadwa Investment Company

Jadwa Investment is the premier investment management and advisory firm in Saudi Arabia and the wider region. Headquartered in Riyadh with three regional offices, the firm has over SAR 52.9 billion in client assets under management and advisement.

Its clients include government entities, local and international institutional investors, leading family offices, and high-net-worth individuals. Jadwa Investment is licensed by the Capital Market Authority (CMA) as an authorized person, with license number 06034-37

Delegation to Third Parties

As the Fund manager, Jadwa Investment Company is liable for the appointment of any third party (including its affiliates) and their responsibilities.

Jadwa Investment Company is also the Fund administrator. However, Jadwa has delegated certain administrative functions to Apex Fund Services (Dubai) Ltd to enhance the performance of the REIT.





Custodian

Name	AlBilad Investment Company
Address	Smart Tower, First Floor, Intersection of King Fahad Road and Tahlia Road, P.O. Box 140, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
Website	www.albilad-capital.com
Tel	+966 11 290 6245

Auditor

Name	Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants (ACA)
Address	6733 Abo Bakr Al Siddiq Road, Al Taawun District. P.O. Box 85453, Riyadh 11691 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
Tel	+966 11 269 3516

Administrator

Name	Jadwa Investment Company			
Address	Sky Towers, Fourth Floor, King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 60677, Riyadh, 11555, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Website	www.jadwa.com			
Tel	+966 11 279 1111			

Legal Advisor

Name	Abuhimed Alsheikh Alhagbani Law Firm (in affiliation with Clifford Chance LLP)
Address	The Business Gate, 15th Floor King Khaled International Airport Road, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Tel	+966 11 481 9700
Website	www.ashlawksa.com

Third-Party Valuers

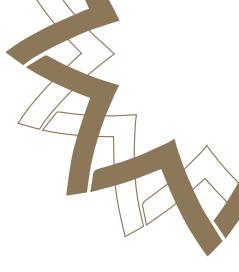
Name	White Cubes Company		
Address	Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia		
Tel	+966 11 810 1765		
Website	www.white-cubes.com		

Name	ValuStrat Company
Address	6th Floor, Southern Tower, King Khalid Foundation Al Faisaliah Complex, King Fahd Road, Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Tel	+966 11 293 5127
Website	www.valustrat.com

VAT Consultant

Name	PricewaterhouseCoopers (PWC)				
Address	Kingdom Tower - 21st Floor, King Fahd Highway, Riyadh, 11414, Saudi Arabia				
Tel	+966 11 211 0400				
Website	www.pwc.com/m1				

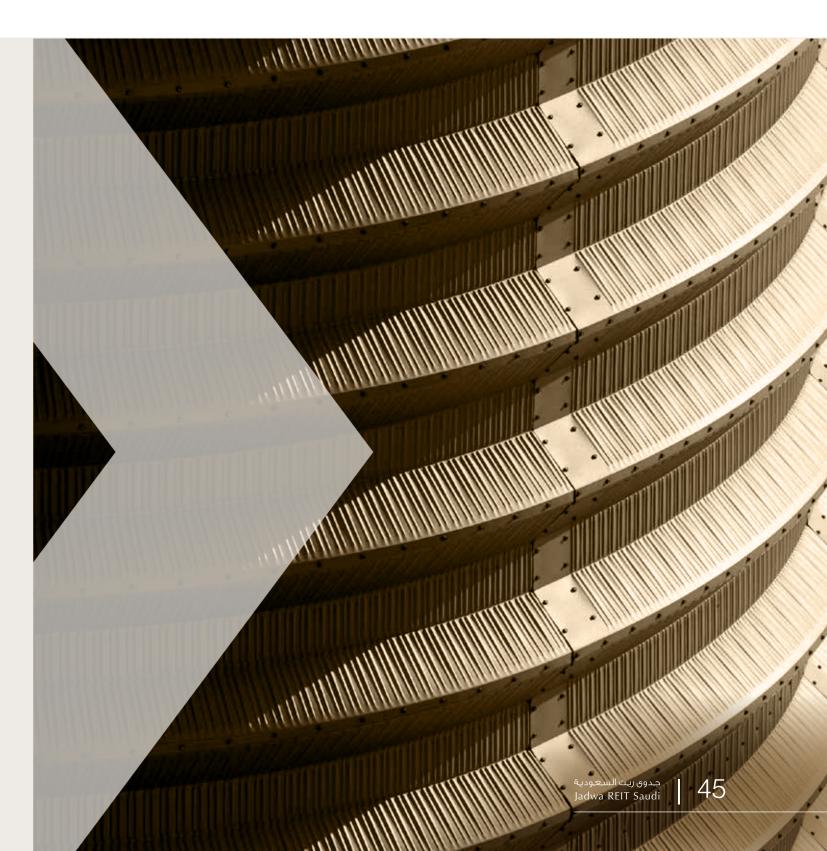
Jadwa REIT Saudi **Fund Governance**



Conflicts of Interest

Jadwa Investment Company, its board or any third parties. To clarify, the appointed by Al Bilad Bank. A member of Jadwa Investment Company's board of directors is a shareholder in a founding company of Al Bilad Bank (at a percentage not representing control).

As of December 31, 2021, there are no Conflicts of interest may exist or arise transactions involving material conflicts of from time to time between the REIT, and interest between Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund, the Jadwa Investment Company or its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, employees and agents thereof, and other custodian Al Bilad Capital is wholly owned Funds sponsored or managed by them. Where Jadwa Investment Company has a material conflict of interest with the Fund, Jadwa Investment Company will make full disclosure to the Fund Board as soon as practicable. Jadwa Investment Company will attempt to resolve any conflicts of interest by exercising its good faith judgment considering the interests of all affected investors and parties taken as a whole.







Material Changes

- announces obtaining the Capital Market Authority's approval on 26/11/1442H corresponding to 06/07/2021G., on the supplementary annex to the terms and conditions in relation to increasing the total value of the Fund's assets by a value of three hundred seventy million (370,000,000) Saudi Riyals, in order to acquire a new targeted real estate asset (commercial and offices) by the Fund, which is the Riyadh Boulevard complex (commercial and offices) located in Riyadh, Hittin district with reference to the Fund Manager's announcement on 20/07/1442H corresponding to 04/03/2021G.
- On 8 September, Jadwa Investment Company announces the approval of the unitholders and Capital Market Authority of a fundamental change to increasing the total value of the Fund's assets by a value of three hundred and seventy million (370,000,000) Saudi Rivals, through accepting cash or in-kind subscriptions or both, Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund, such change will become effective on 19/02/1442H corresponding to 26/09/2021G.
- On 6 July 2021, Jadwa Investment
 On 20 September 2021, Jadwa Investment Company announces the starting date of the subscription in the increasing of the total value of the Fund's assets through an additional offering starting from the date of 19/02/1443H corresponding to 26/09/2021G until the date of 01/03/1443H corresponding to 07/10/2021G (ten (10) working days), The additional units will be offered at (12.978) Saudi Riyals per unit.
 - On 28 October 2021, Jadwa Investment Company announces the completion of the acquisition of Riyadh Boulevard, a prime commercial and office complex located in Rivadh in Hittin district, after the completion of the allocation process related to the Increase of the Total Asset Value of the fund.
 - On 1 November 2021 Jadwa Investment Company announces the termination of the current lease agreement ("Previous Agreement") for AlYaum Tower located on King Fahd road, Dammam, and signing a new master-lease agreement for the tower on 25/03/1443H corresponding to 31/10/2021G.

Subsequent Events:

- On 20 January 2022, the Fund announced
 On 7 March 2022, the Fund Manager change in the membership of the Fund's Board of Directors due to the resignation of Dr. Waleed Saleh Al Numay and appointment of Nader Hassan Al Amri.
 - approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2021 for an amount of SR 37,301,957 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fund which was at least 90% of the Fund's annual net profits.





Fund's Board

The Fund Board oversees the resolution of conflicts of interests. As at December 31, 2021, the Fund Board is composed of appointees of the Fund manager.

The members of the Fund Board have fiduciary duties to the investors under the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations and will use their best efforts to resolve all conflicts by exercising their good faith judgment.

The Fund Board is composed of five members appointed by the Fund manager, of whom two are independent. Any amendment to the composition of the Fund Board shall be notified to the Unitholders by an announcement on the Fund manager's and Tadawul's websites.

Fund Board Meeting

Board Meetings Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund 2021

June 15, 2021

The following topics have been discussed: The following topics have been discussed:

- A brief on the general performance of REIT market in Saudi Arabia during the first half of 2021
- Fund financial performance during the first half of 2021
- Signing the sale and purchase the Riyadh Boulevard

The First meeting was conducted in The Second meeting was conducted in December 28, 2021

- · A brief on the general performance of REIT market in Saudi Arabia during the year 2021
- Fund performance updates since inception
- Completion of Fund secondary IPO and acquisition of Riyadh Boulevard.

Resolutions signed during the year of 2021:

- Approval of rights issue for the acquisition of new Asset for the Fund (Riyadh Boulevard).
- Approval of increasing the total asset value of the Fund.
- Resolution of approving the annual financial statements for Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund for the year ending on 31 December 2020.
- Resolution of approving the semiannual financial statements for Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund for the period ending on 30 June 2021.
- Approve the appointment of Jood Facility Management Company, for the purpose of providing management and maintenance services for the Fund's real estate properties and assets.
- Approve the appointment of Khaled Nassar & Partners - Lawyers and Legal Consultants to provide the necessary legal services to the fund.





The Fund Board consists of the following members:

Ghannam Al Ghannam

(Chairman)

Mr. Al Ghannam is the Director, Private & Institutional Client Investments at Jadwa Investment Company. Prior to joining Jadwa, he was a Senior Investment Advisor for private clients at HSBC Saudi Arabia. Mr. Al Ghannam has over 14 years of experience in business development and wealth management. He is a certified financial planner and holds a BS degree in Business Adminstration from Toledo University.

Asad Khan

(Board Member)

Asad Khan is the Head of Economic Research at Jadwa Investment, where he covers economic and energy-related developments in Saudi Arabia and the Middle East. Prior to this, he worked at The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, in London, as an Associate Director in the Oil & Gas team, covering the EMEA region. Asad holds a BSc in Economics from the School of Oriental & African Studies (University of London) and has extensive experience in economic-related research positions within Investment Banking, Retail Banking and Real Estate sectors, in addition to working within the UK Civil Service.

Dr. Nouf Al Sharif

(Board Member)

Dr. Nouf is a senior economist part of the Jadwa research team. Prior to joining Jadwa Dr. Nouf was an economics lecturer at Prince Sultan University specializing and teaching Business, Micro and Macroeconomics and monetary banking. From 2009 to 2011, she worked at Riyadh Bank guickly being promoted from senior planning analyst to the bank acting chief economist from December 2007 to November 2008. Dr. Nouf holds a PHD from Sussex University department of economics from Falmer, United kingdom, in addition to a master and bachelors from King Saud University from the college of Business administration, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.

Dr. Waleed Addas

(Independent Director)

Dr. Addas is the Chief of Programs and Portfolio Monitoring Division at Islamic Development Bank. Prior to this he was Director of Finance and Administration at International Energy Forum, Riyadh. Dr. Addas holds a Doctorate in Economics from International Islamic University, Malaysia.

Nader Al Amri

(Independent Director)

Mr. Nader Al Amri is the executive and founding partner of First Avenue Real Estate Development Company, and occupies the role of a financial advisor to a number of public and private entities. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce majoring in Economics from Saint Mary's University in Canada, in addition to a Masters degree in Economics from the University of Waterloo in Canada. Mr. Nader holds other degrees in real estate management, finance, design and leadership from Harvard Labor College in the United States, also holds a professional certificate in real estate finance and investment from the University of New York in the United States.





Sharia Board

Fund manager has appointed a Shariah Board as the Fund Shariah Advisor (the "Shariah Board"). The Shariah Board is a panel consisting of four scholars who are experts in the field of Islamic Shariah. It monitors the business, operations, investments and financings of the Fund to ensure compliance with the Islamic principles of Shariah.

The Fund manager carries out the Shariah monitoring tasks for the Fund's investments, which include the following:

- Achieve the Fund's commitment to Shariah monitoring through periodic reviews.
- Review agreements and contracts regarding the Fund's transactions.
- Follow-up with the Fund's operations, review its activities in terms of their legality, and consider the extent of its compliance with the Shariah Guidelines and the Shariah Board's directions.
- Submit the matter to the Shariah Board in case of any potential Shariah violations.
- Prepare and follow-up with the necessary endorsements for the purification amounts approved by the Shariah Board.

The Shariah Board oversees the compliance of the Fund's activities with the Shariah Guidelines and provides relevant advice.

H.E. Sheikh Dr. **Abdulla Al Mutlag**

University, and a member of the Shariah Board for several financial institutions in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Sheikh Bader **Abdulaziz Al Omar**

H.E Sheikh Dr. Abdulla Al Mutlag is a Sheikh Bader Abdulaziz Al Omar has 18 member of the Senior Ulema Board, years of experience in Islamic banking. Advisor to the Royal Court, former Currently, he is the Head of the Shariah Chairman of the comparative Figh, Group at Jadwa Investment, having Imam Mohammed Bin Saud Islamic worked earlier in several positions at the Shariah group within Al Rajhi bank. He is a former member of the Islamic banking committee at the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency.

Sheikh Dr. Muhammad Ali bin Ibrahim Al Qari bin Eid

Sheikh Dr. Muhammad Ali Al Qari bin Eid is a professor of Islamic Economics at King Abdulaziz University in Jeddah, and an expert at the Figh Academy of the Organization of Islamic Conference in Jeddah.

Sheikh Ahmed Abdulrahman Al Gaidy

Sheikh Ahmed Abdulrahman Al Gaidy is our head of Shariah research and has 14 years of experience in investment banking. He has issued several pieces of Shariah research and previously worked as Shariah consultant to the Al Rajhi Bank's investment department. He was also a Shariah consultant to the Al-Jazira Bank's treasury department.





Shariah guidelines for the Fund's investment in real estate assets

The Shariah Board believes that investments in real estate assets are permissible subject to the following guidelines:

- 1. The purchase-and-sale agreement for the real estate assets must be in the Shariah Board's approved form.
- 2. The invested real-estate asset must be accurately known with due diligence.
- 3. The price must be known.
- 4. The Fund manager must not execute any lease contracts on a real estate asset until completion of the purchase of the real estate asset;
- 5. The property cannot be rented from the owner for a deferred payment, and then re-leased to the owner for an amount that is less than the deferred amount.

The property must not be rented from the owner with a current payment, then re-leased to the owner for more than that price for a deferred payment.

In Addition:

- 1. The Fund can only invest directly in the shares of listed real estate companies.
- 2. The Fund can only purchase units in other real estate Funds traded on the Saudi Stock Market 'Tadawul' if these are Shariah-compliant and are approved by the Shariah Board.
- 3. All Murabaha transactions must be in SAR.

The Fund manager is responsible for the expenses of the Shariah Board, including those related to monitoring the business, operations, investments and financings of the Fund. The Fund is not responsible for Shariah Board's expenses.

The Shariah Board has reviewed the Terms and Conditions and approved the structure of the Fund and the offering of units at the Fund's inception. The Fund shall also comply with the approved Shariah Guidelines.

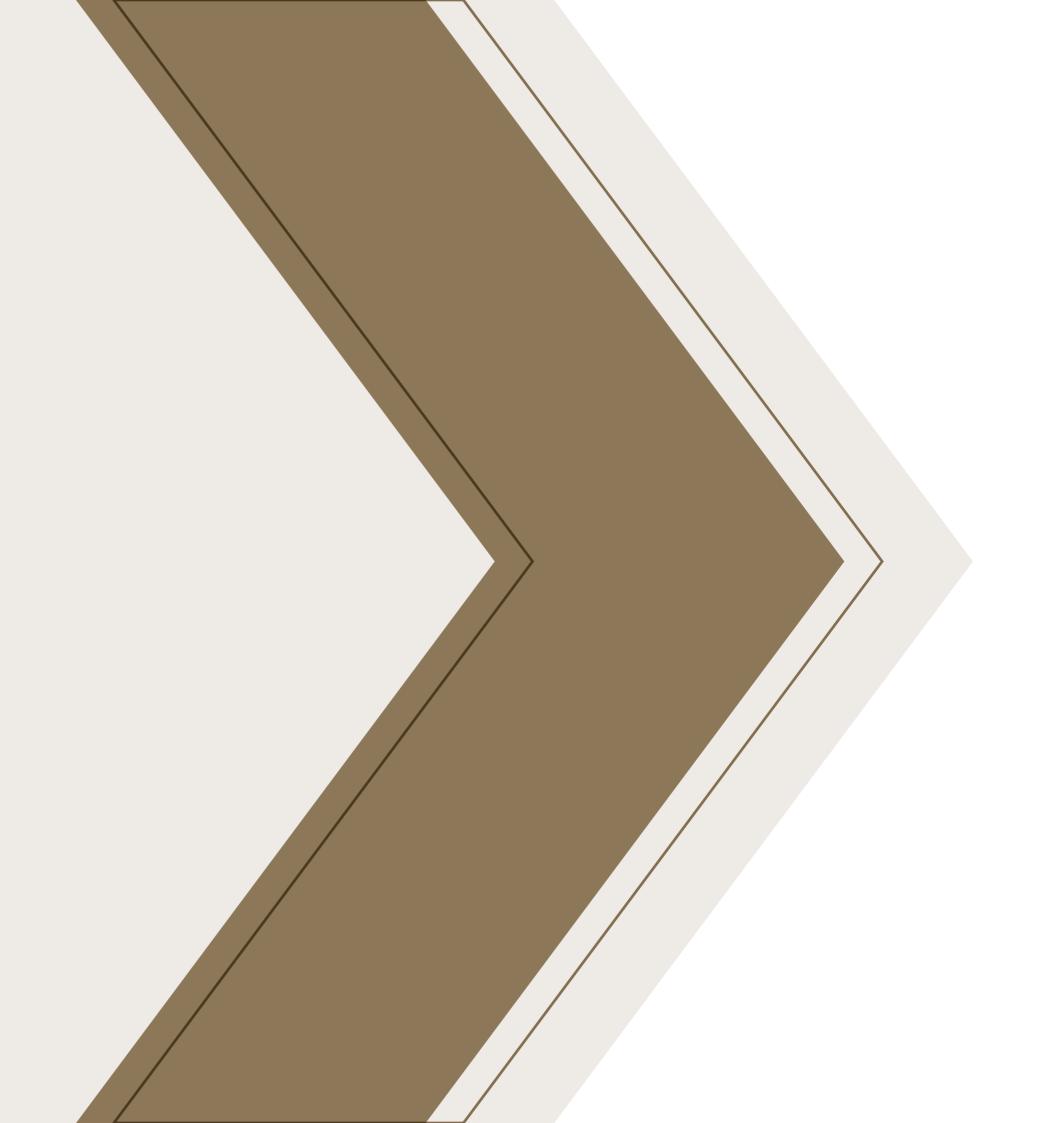
If any investment proceeds or other amounts received by the Fund are not Shariahcompliant, the fund shall

arrange for such Funds to be 'purified' in accordance with a procedure to be determined by the Shariah Board from time to time. The Shariah Board shall specify the relevant purification percentage or amount.

The preceding does not support to be a complete or exhaustive explanation and summary of all the potential conflicts of interest involved in an investment in units in the Fund. It is strongly recommended that all potential investors seek independent advice from their professional advisors.

Section 5

REIT Fund Financials



Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund

(Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

31 DECEMBER 2021

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2021

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Statement of changes in equity	8
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants
License No. (735) CR:1010468314
Paid up capital SR 100,000
A Limited Liability Company
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Riyadh King Fahd Road,
Muhammadiyah District, Garnd Tower 12th Floor

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund") managed by Jadwa Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the related statements of comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

V			Matter	
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Assessing Impairment of investment properties

The Fund owns a portfolio of investment properties comprising of land and commercial buildings being located in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Investment properties are held for capital appreciation and/or rental yields and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

For assessing the impairment of investment properties, the Fund management monitors volatility of fair value of properties by engaging independent certified property valuers to perform a formal valuation of the Fund's investment properties on semi-annual basis.

How the key matter was addressed in the audit

We have carried out the following audit procedures, among others:

- We obtained the information about professional qualification, competence and expertise of the Fund's independent valuers and noted that the valuers are certified by the Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuers (TAQEEM);
- We performed review of investment properties valuation which included:
 - A review of the assumptions used by independent valuers in undertaking their valuation and an assessment of methodologies adopted;
 - A detailed assessment of sample of the individual property valuation examining key valuation inputs and assumption applied.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund

(Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants
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Key Audit Matter

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying value of investment properties was SR 1,833 million (2020: SR 1,571 million) which was net of accumulated depreciation of SR 151 million (2020: 111 million) and an accumulated impairment allowance of SR 46 million (2020: SR Nil).

We considered this as a key audit matter since the impairment assessment of investment properties requires significant judgement and estimates by management and the external valuers. Any input inaccuracies or unreasonable bases used in these judgements and estimates (such as in respect of estimated rental value and yield profile applied) could result in a material misstatement of the Statement of Financial Position and in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Fund's accounting policy for investment properties is disclosed in note 5.1, the significant accounting estimates, judgement and assumptions relating to investment properties are disclosed in note 4 and related disclosures about investment properties are included in notes 6 and 7 of the accompanying financial statements.

How the key matter was addressed in the audit

- We agreed the value of all properties held at the year end to the valuation included in the valuation report of independent valuers.
- We checked the accuracy of impairment loss recognized in the statement comprehensive income during the year; and
- We ensured that the financial statement contain adequate disclosure related to the investment properties.

Other Information included in the Fund's 2021 Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's 2021 annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Fund's 2021 annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Fund's 2021 annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)
To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund
(Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Responsibilities of the Fund Manager and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncement that are endorsed by SOCPA and the applicable provisions of the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations issued by the Board of Capital Market Authority, and the Fund's terms and conditions and the information memorandum, and for such internal control as the Fund Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Fund Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Fund Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)
To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund
(Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As at 31 December 2021, the Fund has not complied with the condition under Article 46 of the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations as to the following:

• The Fund's investment value in constructionally developed real estate, and qualified to generate periodic rental income, represents 74.3% of the Fund's total assets value, which is less than the minimum requirement of 75%.

For Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants

Saleh A. Al-Yahya Certified Public Accountant License No. 473

Riyadh: 28 Shaban 1443 H

(31 March 2022)

Professional License No. 735 C.R: 1010468314

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2021

ASSETS	Notes	2021 SR	2020 SR
NON CURRENT AGGETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investment properties	6	1,832,526,370	1,570,608,097
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Deferred transaction costs	8 12	518,400,000 1,150,923	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		2,352,077,293	2,104,130,582
CURRENT ASSETS		S	
Financial assets at FVTPL	8	_	14,052,262
Deferred transaction costs	12	1,981,542	1,981,542
Prepayments and other assets	9	30,395,975	21,946
Rent receivables	10	18,372,857	22,520,508
Other receivables		688,522	384,034
Cash and cash equivalents	11	62,169,492	18,536,864
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		113,608,388	57,497,156
TOTAL ASSETS		2,465,685,681	2,161,627,738
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term loan	12	603,122,500	573,122,500
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		603,122,500	573,122,500
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Due to related parties	14	449,772	362,074
Unearned rental income	• •	1,851,657	2,990,956
Accrued management fees	14	6,745,029	7,355,507
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	13	2,458,084	1,345,635
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		11,504,542	12,054,172
TOTAL LIABILITIES		614,627,042	585,176,672
EQUITY			
Net assets attributable to unitholders		1,851,058,639	1,576,451,066
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		2,465,685,681	2,161,627,738
Units in issue (in units)		186,509,785	158,000,000
Per unit value		9.92	9.98
Per unit fair value	7	11.22	11.71

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2021

INCOME	Notes	2021 SR	2020 SR
Rental income from investment properties Unrealised (loss) gain on financial assets at FVTPL Realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL Dividend income Other income	18 8 8 8	145,197,306 (11,990,020) 71,227 18,000,000 4,583	136,628,160 80,442,282 - - -
		151,283,096	217,070,442
EXPENSES		\$	\$
Depreciation Management fees	6 14	(39,429,341)	(38,639,662)
Amortisation of transaction costs	12	(13,485,753) (1,981,542)	(13,979,947) (1,986,970)
General and administrative expenses	15	(6,052,378)	(2,756,173)
		(60,949,014)	(57,362,752)
OPERATING PROFIT		90,334,082	159,707,690
Finance charges	12, 14	(16,772,483)	(5,614,979)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE IMPAIRMENT		73,561,599	154,092,711
Impairment loss on investment properties	6	(45,714,026)	-
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		27,847,573	154,092,711
Other comprehensive income		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		27,847,573	154,092,711

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	2021 SR	2020 SR
Net income for the year		27,847,573	154,092,711
Adjustments to reconcile profit to net cash flows: Depreciation on investment properties Impairment loss on investment properties Amortisation of transaction costs Finance charges Unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL Realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL	6 6 12 12, 14 8	39,429,341 45,714,026 1,981,542 16,772,483 11,990,020 (71,227)	38,639,662 1,986,970 5,614,979 (80,442,282)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Prepayments and other assets Rent receivables Other receivables Due to related parties Unearned rental income Accrued management fees Accrued expenses and other liabilities		143,663,758 (30,374,029) 4,147,651 (304,488) 203,879 (1,139,299) (610,478) 1,112,449	7,113,213 2,958,531 (384,034) (833,048) 723,013 691,415 101,688
Finance charges paid		116,699,443 (16,888,664)	130,262,818 (6,762,672)
Net cash flow from operating activities		99,810,779	123,500,146
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Disposal (purchase) of financial assets at FVTPL Additions to investment properties Net cash flow used in investing activities	6	14,123,489 (227,061,640) ————————————————————————————————————	(464,000,000) (386,035) (464,386,035)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from units issued Distribution Proceeds from long-term loan Repayment of long-term loan	6, 16 21 12 12	250,000,000 (123,240,000) 30,000,000	(115,340,000) 450,000,000 (4,650,000)
Net cash flow from financing activities		156,760,000	330,010,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		43,632,628	(10,875,889)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		18,536,864	29,412,753
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		62,169,492	18,536,864
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS Subscription against investment properties Reversal of provision for legal claim on investment properties	6	120,000,000	3,000,000

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 SR	2020 SR
Equity attributed to the Unitholders at beginning of the year		1,576,451,066	1,537,698,355
Contribution by unitholders Proceeds from issuance of units Issuance of units against investment properties Total contribution by unitholders	6, 16 6, 16	250,000,000 120,000,000 370,000,000	-
Comprehensive income Net income for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	S J	27,847,573 - 27,847,573	154,092,711 - 154,092,711
Distribution	21	(123,240,000)	(115,340,000)
Equity attributed to the Unitholders at end of the year		1,851,058,639	1,576,451,066
Transactions in units for the year ended are summarize	d as follows:		
	Note	2021 Units	2020 Units
Units at the beginning of the year		158,000,000	158,000,000
Units issued during the year Units issued against investment properties	16 16	19,263,368 9,246,417	-
Units at the end of the year		186,509,785	158,000,000
Net assets value per unit at the end of the year	7	9.92	9.98

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund") is a closed-ended Shariah compliant real estate investment traded fund. The Fund operates in accordance with Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations ("REIFR") and Real Estate Investment Traded Funds ("REITF") Instructions issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA"). The Fund is listed on Saudi Stock Exchange ("Tadawul") and the units of the Fund started to be traded on Tadawul in accordance with its rules and regulations. The Capital of the Fund is SR 1,950,000,000 divided into 186,509,785 units (2020: SR 1,580,000,000 divided into 158,000,000 units). The Fund has a term of 99 years, which is extendable at the discretion of the Fund Manager following the approval of the CMA.

The Fund is being managed by Jadwa Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), a Saudi Arabian closed joint stock company with commercial registration number 1010228782, and a Capital Market Institution licensed by the CMA under license number 06034-37.

The following entities have been established and approved by the CMA as special purpose vehicles (the "SPVs") for the beneficial interest of the Fund:

- 1. Real Estate Development Areas Company, a Limited Liability Company with commercial registration number 1010385322.
- 2. Jadwa Al Masha'ar Real Estate Company, a Limited Liability Company with commercial registration number 1010495554.
- 3. Growth Areas Real Estate Company, a Limited Liability Company Owned by Single Person with commercial registration number 1010748800.

The primary investment objective of the Fund is to provide its investors with regular income by investing in income-generating real estate assets in Saudi Arabia, excluding the Holy Cities of Makkah and Medina.

While the Fund will primarily invest in developed real estate assets which are ready for use, it may also opportunistically invest in real estate development projects in a value not exceeding 25% of the Fund's total asset value with the aim of achieving an increase in value per unit; provided that (i) at least 75% of the Fund's total assets are invested in developed real estate assets which generate periodic income and (ii) the Fund shall not invest in White Land.

The Fund has appointed Albilad Investment Company (the "Custodian") to act as its custodian. The fees of the custodian are paid by the Fund.

2 REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund operates in accordance with Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations ("REIFR") and Real Estate Investment Traded Funds ("REITF") instructions issued by the CMA. The regulations detail the requirements for real estate funds and traded real estate funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

As at 31 December 2021, the Fund has not complied with the condition under Article 46 of the REIFR as to the following:

The Fund's investment value in constructionally developed real estate, and qualified to generate
periodic rental income represents 74.3% of the Fund's total assets value, which is less than the
minimum requirement of 75%. This was mainly due to the significant change in the fair value of
its investment in private real estate investment fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organisation for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, using accrual basis of accounting and the going concern concept, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") which are recorded at fair value.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals ("SR"), which is the functional currency of the Fund. All financial information has been rounded off to the nearest SR.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In the ordinary course of business, the preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are reviewed and in any future period affected. The significant accounting judgements and estimates applied in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. Judgement has been applied in the cases of determining whether an arrangement contains a lease and classification of leases.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Useful lives of investment properties

The management determines the estimated useful lives of investment properties for calculating depreciation. This estimate is determined after considering expected usage of the assets and physical wear and tear. Management reviews the residual value and useful lives annually and change in depreciation charges, if any, are adjusted in current and future periods. The estimated useful lives of the investment properties are disclosed in Note 6.

Impairment of investment properties

The Fund assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for investment properties at each reporting date. The investment properties are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimates the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and chooses a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of resources; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

5.1 Investment properties

Investment properties comprise properties that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment property is stated at cost including transaction costs net of accumulated depreciation and/or accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met.

The cost less estimated residual value, if any, of investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Land, on the other hand, is reported at cost.

The estimated useful lives of the buildings range from 30 to 50 years.

The fair value of investment properties is disclosed in Note 7.

5.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount which is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. The value in use is based on a discounted cash flow ("DCF") model, whereby the future expected cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognised for the assets or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

5.3 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of cash flows statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of bank balances.

5.4 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

5.4.1 Initial recognition and measurement of financial instruments

The Fund initially recognises financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Initial measurement of the financial instrument is at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.4 Financial instruments (continued)

5.4.2 Financial assets – subsequent classification and measurement

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or FVTPL. There are two criteria used to determine how financial assets should be classified and measured:

- a) The Fund's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- b) The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Otherwise, a financial asset is measured at FVTPL.

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost include cash and cash equivalents, rent receivables and other receivables.

In accordance with the exemption in IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, the Fund has elected to measure its investment in associates at FVTPL.

The Fund has no financial assets measured at FVOCI.

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the rights to the cash flows from the financial asset have expired or where the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards associated with the financial asset and does not retain control of the financial asset.

5.4.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Fund recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

As at the year end, the Fund has rent receivables as financial assets carried at amortised cost. For rent receivables, the Fund applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Fund has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. The information about the ECLs on the Fund's rent receivables is disclosed in note 10 and note 19 in these financial statements.

Presentation of impairment

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Impairment losses related to rent receivables are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

5.4.4 Financial liabilities – subsequent classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. The EIR is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.4 Financial instruments (continued)

5.4.4 Financial liabilities – subsequent classification and measurement (continued)

The Fund derecognises a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) from its statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

The Fund's financial liabilities include long-term loan, unearned rental income, due to related parties, management fee payable and other liabilities.

5.4.5 Modification of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets

If the terms of the financial asset are modified, the Fund evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the contractual rights to cash flows from the original financial asset are deemed to have expired. In this case, the original financial asset is derecognised and a new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset carried at amortised cost are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in derecognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Fund recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount adjusting the gross carrying amount as modification gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability distinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

5.4.6 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset with the net amount reported in the statement of financial position only if there is a current enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and an intent to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and liabilities simultaneously.

5.5 Current versus non-current classification

The Fund presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Fund classifies all other liabilities as non-current

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.6 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures financial instruments such as equity instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This is described, as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each year. The Fund determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, and for non-recurring measurement.

At each reporting date, the Fund analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Fund's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Fund verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. The Fund also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above. Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed are discussed in note 7.

5.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.8 Revenue recognition

Revenue includes rental income from investment properties.

The Fund recognises lease payments as rental income on a straight-line basis. After lease commencement, the Fund recognises variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate (e.g. performance- or usage-based payments) as they are earned. When the Fund provides incentives to its tenants, the cost of the incentives is recognised on a straight-line basis, as a reduction of rental income.

The contracts include fixed price and the customer pays the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Fund exceed the payment, accrued rental income is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, unearned rental income is recognised.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of variable consideration and payments to customers, which are not for distinct services, this consideration may include discounts. The Fund does not have contracts where the period between the performance of the service to the customer and the payment by the customer exceeds one year, and as a result, the Fund does not adjust transaction price for the time value of money.

Rent receivable is recognised when services are provided as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

5.9 Management fees

Management fees are charged by the Fund Manager at the rate of 0.75% per annum of the Fund's net asset market value. Management fees are calculated and payable semi-annually in arrears.

5.10 Expenses

General and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of cost of sales as required under IFRS.

5.11 Net asset value

The net asset value per unit disclosed in the financial statements is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at the year-end.

5.12 Units in issue

The Fund has units in issue. On liquidation of the Fund, the unitholders are entitled to the residual net assets. They rank pari passu in all respects and have identical terms and conditions. The units provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

5.13 Zakat

Zakat is the obligation of the Unitholders and is not provided for in the financial statements.

5.14 Dividends distribution

The Fund has a policy of distributing and paying at least 90% of its net profit, not including profit resulting from the sale of the underlying real estate assets and other investments and unrealised gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL.

5.15 Amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2021

The Fund has adopted the following amendments to existing standards which have been issued and effective from 1 January 2021:

Amendments to standards

Effective date

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16)

1 January 2021

The application of the amendments to existing standards did not have an impact on the amounts presented in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.16 New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2021 and have not been early adopted

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective.

Standards / amendments to standards	Effective date
Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)	1 January 2022
Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37) Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3) Leases: COVID-19-Related rent concessions (Amendments to IFRS 16) Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 - 2020 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)	1 January 2022 1 January 2022 1 January 2022 1 January 2022 1 January 2023
Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definitions of accounting estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)	1 January 2023
Income Taxes: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from single transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)	1 January 2023
IFRS 17 — Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023

In the opinion of the Fund Manager, these standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not expected to impact the Fund. The Fund intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The composition of the investment properties as of the reporting date is summarised below:

31 December 2021

Description	Cost SR	Accumulated depreciation SR	Impairment Ioss SR	Net book value SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower	277,998,174	13,134,148	45,714,026	219,150,000
Almaarefa College	203,500,000	11,186,743	_	192,313,257
Al-Sulay Warehouse	223,342,600	22,090,154	_	201,252,446
Marvela Residential Compound Al Fanar Residential and	610,545,000	71,111,526	-	539,433,474
Commercial Compound	245,769,550	26,519,857	_	219,249,693
Rawd Aljinan School	25,817,188	1,694,709	_	24,122,479
Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	34,601,250	1,333,675	_	33,267,575
Olaya Court Tower	60,917,500	2,729,729	_	58,187,771
Boulevard	346,512,000	962,325	-	345,549,675
	2,029,003,262	150,762,866	45,714,026	1,832,526,370

On 28 October 2021, the Fund acquired Boulevard property with a purchase price of SR 320,000,000. The purchase was financed by increasing the total value of the Fund's assets to SR 370,000,000, by accepting an in-kind contribution from the seller of the property amounting to SR 120,000,000 in addition to the issuance of additional cash units in the Fund amounting to SR 250,000,000, which funded the purchase of the property, real estate transfer tax and acquisition costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

31 December 2020			
Description	Cost SR	Accumulated depreciation SR	Net book value SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower Almaarefa University for Science & Technology Al-Sulay Warehouse Marvela Residential Compound Al Fanar Residential & Commercial Compound Rawd Aljinan School Aber Al Yasmin Hotel Olaya Court Tower	277,448,535 203,500,000 223,342,600 610,545,000 245,769,550 25,817,187 34,601,250 60,917,500	9,773,815 8,424,320 16,572,319 53,349,959 19,896,412 1,153,013 710,157 1,453,530 111,333,525	267,674,720 195,075,680 206,770,281 557,195,041 225,873,138 24,664,174 33,891,093 59,463,970
The movement in the account during the year is a	s follows:		
		2021 SR	2020 SR
Cost Balance at beginning of the year Additions during the year Reversal of capitalised cost		1,681,941,622 347,061,640 -	1,684,555,587 386,035 (3,000,000)
Balance at end of the year		2,029,003,262	1,681,941,622
Accumulated depreciation Balance at beginning of the year Depreciation charge for the year		111,333,525 39,429,341	72,693,863 38,639,662
Balance at end of the year		150,762,866	111,333,525
Accumulated impairment Impairment loss for the year		45,714,026	-
Balance at end of the year		45,714,026	
Net book value		1,832,526,370	1,570,608,097

The useful lives of the investment properties as estimated by an independent valuator range from 30 to 50 years.

Freehold land comprises of the lands acquired on which the buildings are built. The Fund has acquired properties in Riyadh, Al Khobar and Dammam with an aggregate area of 406,296.74 square meters of land (2020: 387,442.39 square meters).

Brief details of the investment properties: 6.1

Alyaum Newspaper Tower

This property is a 16-storey with 3-level basement, office building located in Al Hussam District, Dammam City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

6.1.2 Almaarefa University for Science & Technology

This property is a fully constructed educational facility located in Al Diriah District, Riyadh.

6.1.3 Al-Sulay Warehouse

This property is an industrial compound located at the east corner of Haroon Al Rashid Road and Alsafa Street, within Al Sulay District, Riyadh.

6.1.4 Marvela Residential Compound

This property is a residential compound located along the southeast side of King Abdullah Road, within King Faisal District, Riyadh.

6.1.5 Al Fanar Residential & Commercial Compound

This property is a mixed-use project composed of residential and retail units located at the southwest corner of King Faisal Road and 1 Street, within Ar Rawabi District, Al Khobar.

6.1.6 Rawd Aljinan School

This property is a fully constructed educational facility located in An-Nakheel District, Riyadh.

6.1.7 Aber Al Yasmin Hotel

This property is a hospitality and retail project located in Al Yasmin District, Riyadh.

6.1.8 Olaya Court Tower

This property is an office project occupied by the labor court and located in Al Sahafa District, Riyadh.

6.1.9 Boulevard

This property is a prime commercial and office complex located in Hittin District, Riyadh. The consideration for the property was partly paid in cash and partly settled through issuance of 9,246,417 units of the Fund.

7 EFFECT ON NET ASSET VALUE IF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES ARE FAIR VALUED

In accordance with Article 35 of the REIFR issued by CMA in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Fund Manager evaluates the Fund's real estate assets based on two evaluations prepared by independent evaluators. However, in accordance with the requirement of CMA in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, investment in real estate properties is carried at cost less depreciation and impairment, if any, in these financial statements. Accordingly, the fair value below is disclosed for information purposes and has not been accounted for in the Fund's books.

The fair value of the investment properties is determined by two selected appraisers, i.e. White Cubes and ValuStrat Consulting. As at reporting date, the valuation of investment properties is as follows:

31 December 2021	Appraiser 1	Appraiser 2	Average
	SR	SR	SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower Almareefa University for Science & Technology Al-Sulay Warehouse Marvela Residential Compound Al Fanar Residential & Commercial Compound Rawd Aljinan School Aber Al Yasmin Hotel Olaya Court Tower Boulevard	215,300,000 235,430,000 266,700,000 645,000,000 31,250,000 39,640,000 77,420,000 392,320,000	223,000,000 220,000,000 217,500,000 580,000,000 261,000,000 32,400,000 41,000,000 64,175,000 338,700,000	219,150,000 227,715,000 242,100,000 612,500,000 264,650,000 31,825,000 40,320,000 70,797,500 365,510,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2021

7 EFFECT ON NET ASSET VALUE IF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES ARE FAIR VALUED (continued)

31 December 2020	Appraiser 1	Appraiser 2	Average
	SR	SR	SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower Almareefa University for Science & Technology Al-Sulay Warehouse Marvela Residential Compound Al Fanar Residential & Commercial Compound Rawd Aljinan School Aber Al Yasmin Hotel Olaya Court Tower	337,000,000 235,430,000 266,700,000 645,000,000 268,300,000 31,250,000 39,640,000 77,420,000	297,200,000 213,300,000 235,300,000 645,200,000 259,700,000 31,000,000 70,000,000	317,100,000 224,365,000 251,000,000 645,100,000 264,000,000 31,125,000 37,770,000 73,710,000

Management has used the average of the two valuations for the purposes of disclosing the fair value of the investment properties.

The investment properties were valued taking into consideration number of factors, including the area and type of property. Below is an analysis of the fair value of investment properties against cost:

7.1 The unrealised gain on investment properties based on fair value evaluation is set out below:

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Fair value of investments in real estate properties Less: Carrying value of investments in real estate properties	2,074,567,500	1,844,170,000
(Note 6)	1,832,526,370	1,570,608,097
Unrealised gain based on fair value evaluation	242,041,130	273,561,903
Units in issue	186,509,785	158,000,000
Per unit share in unrealised gain based on fair valuation	1.30	1.73

7.2 The net asset value using the fair values of the real estate properties is set out below:

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Net asset value at cost, as presented in these financial statements Unrealised gain based on real estate evaluations (Note 7.1)	1,851,058,639 242,041,130	1,576,451,066 273,561,903
Net asset based on fair value	2,093,099,769	1,850,012,969

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

7 EFFECT ON NET ASSET VALUE IF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES ARE FAIR VALUED (continued)

7.3 The net asset value per unit, using the fair values of the real estate properties is set out below:

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Net asset value per unit, at cost as presented in these financial statements Impact on net asset value per unit on account of unrealised gain	9.92	9.98
based on fair value evaluations (Note 7.1)	1.30	1.73
Net asset value per unit at fair value	11.22	11.71
8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT	OR LOSS	
Man average	2021 SR	2020 SR
Non-current		

8.1 Investment in associate

Investment in associate (Note 8.1)

Investment in mutual fund (Note 8.2)

This represents investment of 45,000,000 units (2020: 45,000,000) in Real Estate Investment Fund, a closed-ended Shariah-compliant private real estate investment fund managed by Jadwa Investment Company, the cost of which is SR 450,000,000 (2020: SR 450,000,000).

518.400,000

530,390,020

14,052,262

As at 31 December 2021, the Fund holds 27.74% of Real Estate Investment Fund (2020: 42.36%).

The unrealised loss on this investment amounted to SR 11,990,020 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: gain of SR 80,390,020).

During 2021, the Fund recognised dividend income amounting to SR 18,000,000 from its investment in associate.

8.2 Investment in mutual fund

This represents the Fund's investment in Nil units (2020: 138,626.49 units) of Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund managed by Jadwa Investment Company, the cost of which is SR Nil (2020: SR 14,000,000) and is current in nature. The Fund redeemed its investment in mutual fund during 2021.

The realised gain on the redemption of investment amounted to SR 71,227 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: SR Nil).

The unrealised gain on this investment amounted to SR 52,262 during the year ended 31 December 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2021

9 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS

	2021 SR	2020 SR
VAT Input receivable (i) Prepaid expenses	30,300,000 95,975	- 21,946
	30,395,975	21,946

(i) During 2017, the Fund acquired property from Al-Atheer Company (the "seller") for SR 606,000,000, prior to the implementation of VAT law in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia which came into effect on 1 January 2018. The related Sale and Purchase Agreement to acquire the property was signed in December 2017 and consideration against the acquisition of property was also paid in December 2017; however, the amended title deed was issued on 1 January 2018. Considering the transaction had already completed during 2017 (except for amendment of title deed), the Fund did not settle any VAT on the acquisition of the said property.

During 2021, ZATCA raised its VAT assessment on the seller whereby a VAT claim amounting to SR 99,746,027 was made which comprised of 5% VAT amount, fines for non-charging of VAT on the related acquisition and fines for late payment of VAT.

In relation to the above assessment, the Fund decided to raise an appeal with ZATCA considering the fact that the transaction was already completed before effective date of VAT Law. In order to be eligible to file an appeal, VAT amounting to 5% of the acquisition price was paid to ZATCA through seller during the year 2021 and the response from ZATCA is still awaited against the appeal as at 31 December 2021. The Fund management and its advisors are confident that the outcome of the appeal will be in favour of the Fund.

10 RENT RECEIVABLES

This account represents the rent receivables from the operating leases (Note 18).

Following is the ageing analysis of the rent receivables:

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Less than 30 days Between 91 to 120 days More than 120 days	4,711,397 6,941,159 6,720,301	21,154,798 - 1,365,710
	18,372,857	22,520,508

Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of rent receivables and the Fund's exposure to credit risk can be found in Note 19.

11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of 31 December 2021, six of the twenty-two bank accounts are maintained with Banque Saudi Fransi ("BSF") under the name of the SPVs with a total balance of SR 42,250,009 (2020: seven of the fifteen bank accounts with a total balance of SR 18,057,183).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2021

12 LONG-TERM LOAN

On 1 October 2018, BSF extended an Islamic finance facility to one of the SPVs, Real Estate Development Areas Company, amounting to SR 1,000,000,000 for the purposes of financing the real estate investments of the Fund. The SPV has made an arrangement with the Fund under a long-term loan agreement to lend all the loan proceeds availed by it under the facility to the Fund on terms and conditions same as that of the facility.

The facility and correspondingly, the loan was available until 1 October 2021 and is repayable in full on 31 July 2023. As at 31 December 2021, the Fund has drawn SR 603,122,500 (2020: SR 573,122,500) from the facility.

The facility is secured by promissory notes and pledge over the current and future rights and interests in the investment properties of the Fund.

The movement in the long-term loan is as follows:

	2021 SR	2020 SR
At beginning of the year Proceeds from loan Repayment of loan	573,122,500 30,000,000	127,772,500 450,000,000 (4,650,000)
At end of the year	603,122,500	573,122,500

Finance charges for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to SR 16,772,483 (2020: SR 5,614,979) which are reflected under the statement of comprehensive income.

Fees charged by the Bank for loan servicing amounting to 1.0% of the loan facility, which is equivalent to SR 10,000,000, has been capitalised as 'Deferred transaction costs' in the statement of financial position and is amortised over the period of the loan facility.

The movement in the Deferred transaction costs is as follows:

Current portion

	2021 SR	2020 SR
At beginning of the year Amortisation charged during the year	5,114,007 (1,981,542)	7,100,977 (1,986,970)
At end of the year	3,132,465	5,114,007
Deferred transaction costs are presented in the statement of	of financial position as follow	vs:
	2021 SR	2020 SR
Non-current portion	1 150 023	2 122 465

1,150,923

1,981,542

3,132,465

3,132,465

1,981,542

5,114,007

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

13 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	2021 SR	2 <u>0</u> 20 SR
Output value-added tax Security deposits Property valuation fees Custody fee Professional fees Administration fee Independent board member fee Others	1,008,336 500,667 87,620 80,000 63,625 31,470 15,000 671,366	996,897 - 58,810 247,320 32,250 - 10,358 - 1,345,635

14 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

14.1 Related party transactions

The following are the details of the significant transactions with related parties during the year:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2021 SR	2020 SR
Jadwa Investment Company	Fund Manager	Management fees (i) Transaction fee for	13,485,753	13,979,947
		acquisition of properties Expenses paid on behalf of	2,400,000	-
		the Fund	30,000	21,825
Real Estate Development Areas Company	SPV	Finance charges	16,772,483	5,614,979
AbdulKadir Al Muhaidib & Sons Co.	Unitholder	Rental income from investment properties	_	38,196,959
Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund	Affiliate	Investment in mutual fund Redemption Realised gain Unrealised gain	14,000,000 71,227	14,000,000
Real Estate Investment Fund	Associate	Investment in private real estate investment fund Unrealised (loss) / gain	- (11,990,020)	450,000,000 80,390,020

(i) Management fees

In consideration for managing the assets of the Fund, the Fund Manager in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Fund charges the Fund management fees equal to 0.75% of the net asset market value of the Fund calculated and payable semi-annually in arrears.

On 8 June 2020, AbdulKadir Al Muhaidib & Sons Co. redeemed its units from the Fund.

As at 31 December 2021, the Fund Manager held 10,558,353 units in the Fund (2020: 8,944,700 units).

For the dividends distributed to the Unitholders, please refer to Note 21.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

14 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

14.2 Related party balances

The following are the details of related party balances at the year-end:

Amounts due to related parties

purites		
	2021 SR	2020 SR
Dividend payable	327,954	223,687
Jadwa Investment Company	72,012	72,012
Real Estate Development Areas Company	49,806	66,375
	449,772	362,074
Accrued management fees		
	2021	2020
	SR	SR
Jadwa Investment Company	6,745,029	7,355,507
15 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
	2021	2020
	SR	SR
Indirect tax	2,367,198	530,248
Property management fees	799,419	_
Tadawul listing fee Professional fees	500,539	300,000
	455,398	321,285
Registration fee	400,000	400,000
Legal fee	342,575	145,287
Custody fee Administration fees	320,877	320,000
	259,951	136,856
Property valuation fees Insurance	155,620	147,790
	145,265	306,782
Independent board member fee (i) Others	20,000	20,000
Others	285,536	127,925
	6,052,378	2,756,173

⁽i) This pertains to remuneration paid to independent directors of the Fund's Board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2021

16 UNIT TRANSACTION

	2021 In numbers	2020 In numbers
Units at the beginning of the year Units issued during the year for consideration in cash	158,000,000	158,000,000
(note 16.1) Units issued during the year for consideration other than cash	19,263,368	-
(note 16.2)	9,246,417	-
Units at the end of the year	186,509,785	158,000,000

- **16.1** During the year, the Fund issued 19,263,368 units for SAR 250,000,000.
- **16.2** During the year, the Fund issued 9,246,417 units as a consideration for the acquisition of investment properties (note 6).

17 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

17.1 Financial instruments

Financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, rent receivables and other receivables. Financial liabilities consist of due to related parties, management fees payable, other liabilities and long-term loan.

Due to the short-term nature of most of the financial instruments, their carrying amounts are considered to be the same as their fair values. For the long-term loan, the fair value is not materially different from its carrying amount since the interest payable on the loan is close to current market rate.

The following table shows the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy:

31 December 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 8)		518,400,000	-	518,400,000
31 December 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 8)		544,442,282	s=	544,442,282

The financial asset at FVTPL which is an investment in private real estate investment fund is determined using unadjusted net asset value (Level 2 valuation).

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

17 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

17.2 Non-financial assets

The following table shows the fair value of investment properties disclosed:

31 December 2021	Level 1 SR	Level 2 SR	Level 3 SR	Total SR
Marvela Residential Compound	-	-	612,500,000	612,500,000
Boulevard	-	-	365,510,000	365,510,000
Alyaum Newspaper Tower Al Fanar Residential &	-	-	219,150,000	219,150,000
Commerial Compound	~	-	264,650,000	264,650,000
Al-Sulay Warehouse Almareefa University for	-	-	242,100,000	242,100,000
Science &Technology	-	-	227,715,000	227,715,000
Olaya Court Tower Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	-	-	70,797,500	70,797,500
Rawd Aljinan School	-	-	40,320,000	40,320,000
Tawa Aljinari School	·	-	31,825,000	31,825,000
	-	-	2,074,567,500	2,074,567,500
				=======================================
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2020	SR	SR	SR	SR
Marvela Residential Compound	-	-	645,100,000	645,100,000
Alyaum Newspaper Tower Al Fanar Residential &	-	-	317,100,000	317,100,000
Commerial Compound	-	-	264,000,000	264,000,000
Al-Sulay Warehouse Almareefa University for	-	-	251,000,000	251,000,000
Science &Technology	-	_	224,365,000	224,365,000
Olaya Court Tower	-	-	73,710,000	73,710,000
Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	-	-	37,770,000	37,770,000
Rawd Aljinan School	-	_	31,125,000	31,125,000
		-	1,844,170,000	1,844,170,000

When the fair value of items disclosed in these financial statements cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. The estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk, correlation and volatility.

Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value of items disclosed in these financial statements and the level where the items are disclosed in the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of investment properties were assessed by Menassat (TAQEEM license number: 1210000163) and White Cubes (TAQEEM license number: 1210000474) as disclosed in Note 7. They are accredited independent valuers with a recognised and relevant professional qualification and with recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.

The valuation models have been applied in accordance with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors ("RICS") Valuation Standards, in addition to the International Valuation Standards issued by International Valuation Standards Council ("IVSC") and applied by Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuers ("TAQEEM").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued) 17

Non-financial assets (continued) 17.2

The assumptions used in determining the fair values of the investment properties as at 31 December are as follows:

31 December 2021			
Description	Valuation approach	Key assumptions	Range
Alyaum Newspaper Towe	er Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-8.00
Almoroofa Hairmatta f		Operational expenses (%)	5.00
Almareefa University for Science & Technology	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.00-7.50
Al-Sulay Warehouse	Income capitalisation	Capitalization rate (0)	
	capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%) Operational expenses (%)	7.00-7.50
Marvela Residential	Income capitalisation an	d Capitalisation rate (%)	5.00
Compound	discounted cash flow	Operational expenses (%)	7.00-7.75 10.00
		Discount rate (%)	6.50
Al Fonor Booklandin I o		Growth rate (%)	5.00 every 3 yrs
Al Fanar Residential & Commercial Compound	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-8.00
Rawd Aljinan School	Income capitalisation and	d Capitalisation rate (%)	2.22
	discounted cash flow	Discount rate (%)	8.00
		Growth rate (%)	3.00-5.00 5.00 every 3 yrs
Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-8.00
Oleve Os 1 T		Operational expenses (%)	10.00
Olaya Court Tower	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-7.75
Boulevard	Important to the state of the s	Operational expenses (%)	5.00
Dodiovard	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-8.00
		Operational expenses (%)	5.00
31 December 2020			
Description	Valuation approach	Key assumptions	Danas
Alyaum Newspaper Tower	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	Range 7.50-8.25
Almanastall		(70)	7.50-0.25
Almareefa University for Science & Technology	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.00-7.25
Al-Sulay Warehouse	Income capitalisation	0 11 11 11	
•	moonie capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-8.50
Marvela Residential	Income capitalisation and	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.75
Compound	discounted cash flow	(70)	7.13
Al Fanar Residential &	Income capitalisation	0	
Commercial Compound	moonie capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-7.75
Rawd Aljinan School	Income capitalisation and	Capitalisation rate (%)	9.00
	discounted cash flow	(70)	8.00
Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	Income capitalisation	Conitalization and (0/)	
	oomo oapitanoatio[]	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.50-8.50
Olaya Court Tower	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate (%)	7.75-8.50
		` ,	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

18 OPERATING LEASES

Future minimum rent receivables under the operating leases are as follows:

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	44,176,143 161,615,964 232,472,194	49,748,452 189,388,021 244,522,948
	438,264,301	483,659,421

The Fund enters into long-term operating lease contracts with tenants for space in its investment properties. Initial lease terms are generally between 3 and 20 years. Leases generally provide for the tenant to pay the base rent, with provisions for contractual increases in base rent over the term of the lease. Responsibility for repair and maintenance of the property, and its insurance over the lease term lies with the lessee. Rental income from investment properties recognised by the Fund during the year is SR 145,197,306 (2020: SR 136,628,160).

19 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

The Fund has its terms and conditions document that sets out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

19.1 Market risk

The Fund will be subject to the general conditions of the real estate sector in Saudi Arabia, which itself is influenced by a variety of factors such as, but not limited to the overall macroeconomic growth in the kingdom, interest rates, demand-supply, availability of financing, investor sentiment, liquidity, legal and regulatory requirement. The Fund management monitors on a regular basis the fluctuation and changes in the overall economic environment and believes that the impact of such changes is not significant to the Fund.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund's interest rate risk arises from the long-term loan. This is benchmarked to SAIBOR which expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Fund analyses its interest rate exposure on a regular basis by monitoring interest rate trends and believes that the impact of such changes is not significant to the Fund.

An increase/decrease in interest rate of 1%, with all other variables held constant, would have resulted in a net increase/decrease in the Fund's total comprehensive income of SR 5,969,159 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: SR 1,656,395).

19.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Fund if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. As at year end, the Fund has cash and cash equivalents, rent receivables and other receivables as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

The maximum exposure to credit risk applicable to the Fund approximates to the carrying value of the financial assets as disclosed in these financial statements. The Fund seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring outstanding balances on an ongoing basis. For banks and financial institutions, the Fund only deals with reputable banks with sound credit ratings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

19 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

19.2 Credit risk (continued)

The Fund applies IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for rent receivables.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

19.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring on a regular basis that sufficient funds are available to meet any future commitments.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

31 December 2021	On demand SR	Less than 3 months SR	More than 12 months SR	Total SR
Long-term loan Due to related parties Accrued management fees Accrued expenses and other liabilities	399,966 - -	49,806 6,745,029 2,458,084	603,122,500 - - -	603,122,500 449,772 6,745,029 2,458,084
	399,966	9,252,919	603,122,500	612,775,385
31 December 2020	On demand SR	Less than 3 months SR	More than 12 months SR	Total SR
Long-term loan Due to related parties Accrued management fees Accrued expenses and other liabilities	295,699 - -	66,375 7,355,507 1,345,635	573,122,500 - - -	573,122,500 362,074 7,355,507 1,345,635
	295,699	8,767,517	573,122,500	582,185,716

20 OPERATING SEGMENT

The Fund is organised into one operating segment. All of the Fund's activities are interrelated and each activity is dependent on the others. Accordingly, all significant operating decisions are based upon analysis of the fund as one segment.

21 DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTION

The following dividends were distributed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fund which was at least 90% of the Fund's annual net profits:

On 13 October 2021, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 September 2021 for an amount of SR 31,600,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

21 DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTION (continued)

On 22 August 2021, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 April 2021 to 30 June 2021 amounting to SR 31,600,000.

On 24 June 2021, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 March 2021 for an amount of SR 30,020,000.

On 25 January 2021, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 October 2020 to 31 December 2020 for an amount of SR 30,020,000.

On 2 November 2020, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the unitholders for the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 September 2020 for an amount of SR 28,440,000.

On 28 July 2020, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the unit holders for the period from 1 April 2020 to 30 June 2020 amounting to SR 28,440,000.

On 4 May 2020, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the unitholders for the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 March 2020 for an amount of SR 28,440,000.

On 13 January 2020, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the unitholders for the period from 1 October 2019 to 31 December 2019 for an amount of SR 30,020,000.

22 COVID-19 UPDATE

At the beginning of the year 2020, the presence of Coronavirus disease ("Covid-19") was confirmed, which spread all over the world causing disturbance of commercial and economic activities. The impact of Covid-19 in the Fund is as follows:

On 21 April 2020, the Fund has received a number of requests from some tenants to provide concession on the due rents until the end of precautionary measures that were implemented to contain the spread of Covid-19 outbreak aiming to protect citizens and residents by closing of commercial complexes until further notice in addition to a full curfew. The Fund Manager evaluates these requests on a case-by-case basis subject to the regularity and contractual procedures in a manner that protects the interests of the Unitholders in the short and long term. Accordingly, the Fund Manager has successfully addressed the requests and reduced the rent for four of its properties.

It is worth noting that the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Kingdom") has administrated more than 59 million Covid-19 vaccine doses so far, and close to 24 million (around 70 percent) of the population have been fully vaccinated. It is for this reason that the Omicron-induced rise in daily cases has resulted in an extremely low number of deaths. It is also the reason why the management remains confident that pandemic-related disruptions, such as suspension of recreational activities seen at the beginning of 2020, are unlikely to occur again. As a result, the Kingdom start easing Covid-19 restrictions and the management sees Covid-19 presents limited risks to the Saudi economy going forward.

Subsequent to the year end, the Kingdom announced that it was lifting based on the follow-up to the epidemiological situation of the Corona virus pandemic, and what the competent health authorities have submitted, and the gains made in combating the pandemic and effective national efforts from all sides, and progress in the national vaccination program and the high rates of immunization and immunity against the virus in the community.

In March 2022, it was decided by the Government to end the precautionary and preventive measures related to combating the Corona pandemic.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

23 CHANGES IN THE FUND'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Fund Manager added a supplementary annex in the Terms and Conditions to reflect the changes related to the increase of the total value of the Fund's assets by SR 370,000,000.

24 **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

On 20 January 2022, the Fund announced change in the membership of the Fund's Board of Directors due to the resignation of Dr. Waleed Saleh Al Numay and appointment of Nader Hassan Al Amri.

On 7 March 2022, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2021 for an amount of SR 37,301,957 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fund which was at least 90% of the Fund's annual net profits.

25 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day of the year was 30 December 2021.

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 26

The financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board on 28 Shaban 1443 H (corresponding to

